Motor controller SFC-DC



FESTO

Manual

Motor controller with fieldbus interface PROFIBUS

Type SFC-DC-VC-...-PB



Manual 540 412 en 1005c [753 245]

| Original de |
|-------------------------------|
| Edition en 1005c |
| Designation P.BE-SFC-DC-PB-EN |
| Order -no |

© (Festo SE & Co. KG, D-73726 Esslingen, 2008)

Internet: http://www.festo.com

E-mail: service_international@festo.com

The reproduction of this document and disclosure to third parties and the utilisation or communication of its contents without explicit authorization is prohibited. Offenders will be held liable for compensation of damages. All rights reserved, in particular the right to carry out patent, utility model or ornamental design registrations.

| Contents and general | Instructions |
|----------------------|--------------|
|----------------------|--------------|

PROFIBUS®, PROFIBUS-DP®, SIMATIC® and TORX® are registered trademarks of the respective trademark owners in certain countries.

П

Contents

| Safety Target Service Scope Import Descrip Inform Produce | instruction group e of deliver tant user in the ptions for ation on the ct-specific | ns y nstructions motor controller type SFC-DC he version terms and abbreviations fic terms and abbreviations | XX XI XI XII XIV XV XVI XIX |
|--|---|---|--|
| | | | |
| 1. | System | summary | 1-1 |
| 1.1 | Positio | ning with electric drives | 1-3 |
| 1.2 | Compo | nents | 1-7 |
| 1.3 | Control | and regulating functions | 1-9 |
| 1.4 | Operati | ional safety | 1-11 |
| 1.5 | Structu | re of the SFC-DC | 1-12 |
| 1.6 | Dimens | iion reference system | 1-14 |
| | 1.6.1 | Basis points and work range | 1-14 |
| | 1.6.2 | Signs and directions | 1-17 |
| | 1.6.3 | Homing | 1-18 |
| 1.7 | Fieldbu | s communication | 1-23 |
| | 1.7.1 | PROFIBUS data exchange | 1-23 |
| | 1.7.2 | Festo Handling and Positioning Profile (FHPP) | 1-24 |
| 2. | Fitting | | 2-1 |
| 2.1 | Genera | l Information | 2-3 |
| 2.2 | Dimens | sions of the controller | 2-3 |
| 2.3 | Mounti | ng the controller | 2-4 |
| 2.4 | | on mounting electrical axes | 2-6 |

| 3. | Install | ation | 3-1 |
|-----|------------|--|------|
| 3.1 | Installa | ation overview | 3-3 |
| 3.2 | Power | supply | 3-6 |
| 3.3 | Earthing 3 | | |
| 3.4 | Motor | connection | 3-10 |
| 3.5 | Serial i | nterface | 3-11 |
| 3.6 | Input fo | or external reference switch | 3-13 |
| 3.7 | | l | 3-15 |
| 3.8 | Connec | cting the fieldbus | 3-16 |
| | 3.8.1 | Fieldbus cable | |
| | 3.8.2 | Fieldbus baud rate and Fieldbus length | 3-17 |
| | 3.8.3 | Connection with fieldbus plugs from Festo | 3-18 |
| | 3.8.4 | Connection by other Sub-D plugs | 3-21 |
| 3.9 | Bus ter | mination with terminating resistors | 3-22 |
| 4. | The co | ntrol panel (only type SFC-DCH2) | 4-1 |
| 4.1 | Design | and function of the control panel | 4-4 |
| 4.2 | The me | enu system | 4-6 |
| | 4.2.1 | Calling up the main menu and selecting a menu command | 4-6 |
| | 4.2.2 | Selection of a menu command | 4-6 |
| | 4.2.3 | Enable device control [HMI control] | 4-8 |
| 4.3 | [Diagno | ostic] menu | 4-9 |
| 4.4 | [Position | oning] menu | 4-13 |
| | 4.4.1 | Reference travel [Positioning] [Homing] | 4-14 |
| | 4.4.2 | Positioning records [Positioning] [Move posit. set] / [Demo posit. tab] | 4-15 |
| 4.5 | [Settin | gs]menugs]menu | |
| | 4.5.1 | Axis type [Settings] [Axis type] | |
| | 4.5.2 | Axis parameter [Settings] [Axis parameter] | |
| | 4.5.3 | Homing parameters [Settings] [Homing paramet.] | |
| | 4.5.4 | Positioning record table [Settings] [Position set] | |
| | 4.5.5 | Password [Settings] [Password edit] | |
| | 4.5.6 | PROFIBUS address [Settings] [PB parameter] | 4-25 |
| | | | |

| 5. | Commi | ssioning | 5-1 |
|-----|---------|--|------|
| 5.1 | Prepara | ations for commissioning | 5-4 |
| | 5.1.1 | Check the connection to the mains power supply | 5-4 |
| | 5.1.2 | Checking the drive | 5-4 |
| | 5.1.3 | General instructions on commissioning | 5-5 |
| 5.2 | Commi | ssioning with the control panel (only type SFC-DCH2) | 5-8 |
| | 5.2.1 | Setting the axis type | 5-10 |
| | 5.2.2 | Setting the reference run parameters | 5-10 |
| | 5.2.3 | Starting a homing run | 5-15 |
| | 5.2.4 | Teach the axis zero point and the software end positions | 5-16 |
| | 5.2.5 | Positioning with positioning records | 5-18 |
| | 5.2.6 | Teach position records | 5-19 |
| | 5.2.7 | Test run | 5-21 |
| | 5.2.8 | Set station number (PROFIBUS address) | 5-22 |
| 5.3 | Commi | ssioning with the Festo Configuration Tool | 5-23 |
| | 5.3.1 | Installing and starting the Festo Configuration Tool | 5-23 |
| | 5.3.2 | Procedure for commissioning with the Festo Configuration Tool \ldots | 5-24 |
| 5.4 | Commi | ssioning at the PROFIBUS | 5-26 |
| | 5.4.1 | Overview of commissioning on the PROFIBUS | 5-26 |
| | 5.4.2 | Install device master file (GSD file) and icon files | 5-27 |
| | 5.4.3 | I/O configuration | 5-28 |
| | 5.4.4 | Configuration with STEP 7 | 5-29 |
| | 5.4.5 | Start parameterising | 5-34 |
| | 5.4.6 | Response monitoring | 5-35 |
| | 5.4.7 | Control commands | 5-35 |
| 5.5 | Festo h | andling and positioning profile (FHPP) | 5-36 |
| | 5.5.1 | Supported operation modes | 5-36 |
| | 5.5.2 | Composition of the cyclic I/O data (FHPP standard) | 5-38 |
| | 5.5.3 | Description of the I/O data (Record select) | 5-40 |
| | 5.5.4 | Description of the I/O data (Direct mode) | 5-41 |
| | 5.5.5 | Description of the control bytes CCON, CPOS, CDIR | 5-42 |
| | 5.5.6 | Description of the status bytes SCON, SPOS, SDIR (RSB) | 5-45 |
| | 5.5.7 | Examples of the I/O data | 5-48 |

| 5.6 | Seque | nce control as per FHPP standard | 5-61 |
|-----|---------|---|------|
| | 5.6.1 | Homing | 5-61 |
| | 5.6.2 | Jog mode | 5-63 |
| | 5.6.3 | Teaching via fieldbus | 5-65 |
| | 5.6.4 | Record selection (positioning mode) | 5-67 |
| | 5.6.5 | Direct mode (positioning mode, power operation) | 5-72 |
| | 5.6.6 | Standstill monitoring | 5-79 |
| 5.7 | FHPP fi | inite state machine | 5-81 |
| | 5.7.1 | Create ready status | 5-83 |
| | 5.7.2 | Positioning | 5-84 |
| 5.8 | Instruc | tions on operation | 5-86 |
| 6. | Diagno | osis and error display | 6-1 |
| 6.1 | Diagno | ostics options | 6-3 |
| 6.2 | LED sta | atus displays | 6-4 |
| 6.3 | Malfun | ction messages | 6-7 |
| | 6.3.1 | Overview | 6-7 |
| | 6.3.2 | Description of errors and warnings | 6-9 |
| 6.4 | Diagno | stic memory | 6-12 |
| 6.5 | Diagno | sis via PROFIBUS-DP | 6-14 |
| | 6.5.1 | Structure of the DP diagnosis | 6-14 |
| | 6.5.2 | Diagnosis via parameter channel | 6-18 |

| Technic | al appendix | A-1 |
|----------|---|---|
| Technic | al Data | A-3 |
| Accesso | ories | A-5 |
| Convert | ing the units of measurement | A-7 |
| Referen | ce: DeviceNet and FHPP | B-1 |
| Festo Pa | arameter Channel (FPC) | B-3 |
| B.1.1 | Structure of the cyclic I/O data (FHPP-FPC) | B-3 |
| B.1.2 | Job identifiers, response identifiers and fault numbers | B-5 |
| B.1.3 | Rules for request-response processing | B-8 |
| Referen | ce parameters according to FHPP | B-12 |
| B.2.1 | Parameter groups | B-12 |
| B.2.2 | Object overview (Parameter number (PNU)) | B-13 |
| B.2.3 | Representation of the parameter entries | B-17 |
| B.2.4 | Device data – Standard parameters | B-18 |
| B.2.5 | Device data – Extended parameters | B-19 |
| B.2.6 | Diagnostics | B-22 |
| B.2.7 | Process data | B-25 |
| B.2.8 | Record list | B-26 |
| B.2.9 | Project data – General | B-31 |
| B.2.10 | Project data – Force mode | B-33 |
| B.2.11 | Project data – Teaching | B-34 |
| B.2.12 | Project data – Jog mode | B-35 |
| B.2.13 | Project data – Direct mode (Positioning mode) | B-37 |
| B.2.14 | Project data – Direct mode (Force mode) | B-38 |
| B.2.15 | Axis parameter electric drive 1 – Mechanical | B-40 |
| B.2.16 | Axis parameter electric drive 1 – Homing | B-46 |
| B.2.17 | Axis parameters electric drives 1 – Controller | B-48 |
| B.2.18 | Axis parameters electric drive 1 – Electronics Name plate | B-54 |
| B.2.19 | Axis parameters electric drive 1 – Standstill monitoring \dots | B-56 |
| | Technic Accessor Converts Referent Festo Paris B.1.1 B.1.2 B.1.3 Referent B.2.1 B.2.2 B.2.3 B.2.4 B.2.5 B.2.6 B.2.7 B.2.8 B.2.9 B.2.10 B.2.11 B.2.12 B.2.13 B.2.14 B.2.15 B.2.14 B.2.15 B.2.14 B.2.15 B.2.16 B.2.17 B.2.18 | B.1.2 Job identifiers, response identifiers and fault numbers B.1.3 Rules for request-response processing Reference parameters according to FHPP B.2.1 Parameter groups B.2.2 Object overview (Parameter number (PNU)) B.2.3 Representation of the parameter entries B.2.4 Device data – Standard parameters B.2.5 Device data – Extended parameters B.2.6 Diagnostics B.2.7 Process data B.2.8 Record list B.2.9 Project data – General B.2.10 Project data – Force mode B.2.11 Project data – Teaching B.2.12 Project data – Direct mode (Positioning mode) B.2.13 Project data – Direct mode (Force mode) B.2.14 Project data – Direct mode (Force mode) B.2.15 Axis parameter electric drive 1 – Mechanical B.2.16 Axis parameters electric drives 1 – Controller B.2.17 Axis parameters electric drives 1 – Electronics Name plate |

| C. | Refere | nce Festo Handling and Positioning Profile (FHPP) | C-1 |
|-----|---------|---|------|
| C.1 | Data tr | ansmission | C-3 |
| | C.1.1 | Procedure | C-3 |
| | C.1.2 | Composition of the CI commands | C-5 |
| | C.1.3 | Checking the data | C-9 |
| C.2 | CI obje | cts | C-11 |
| | C.2.1 | Object overview (Index, Subindex) | C-11 |
| | C.2.2 | Representation of the parameter entries | C-16 |
| | C.2.3 | Communication Profile Area (1xxxh) | C-17 |
| | C.2.4 | Manufacturer Specific Profile Area (2xxxh) | C-18 |
| | C.2.5 | Standardised Device Profile Area (6xxxh) | C-22 |
| D. | Index | | D-1 |

Intended use

The motor controller (Single Field Controller, single axis field controller) type SFC-DC-...-PB serves as a position controller and position servo for the electric mini slide type SLTE or the electric gripper HGPLE and the gripper and rotary modules GEH and DEF of Sommer Co. with activation via the PROFIBUS fieldbus

It is absolutely necessary to observe the "Safety instructions" as well as the designated use of the relevant components and modules. Please also observe the safety instructions specified in the operating instructions for the components used.

The SFC-DC and the connectable modules and lines may only be used as follows:

- as intended
- only in an industrial environment
- in its original condition without unauthorised modifications. Only the conversions or modifications described in the documentation supplied with the product are permitted,
- in perfect technical condition.

If conventional accessory components such as sensors and actuators are connected, the specified limits for pressures, temperatures, electrical data, torques etc. should be observed.

Please observe the standards specified in the relevant chapters and comply with the regulations of the trade association and the German Technical Control Board (TÜV), the VDE conditions as well as the relevant national regulations.

Safety instructions

When commissioning and programming positioning systems, the safety regulations in this manual as well as those in the operating instructions for the other components used should be observed unconditionally.

The user must make sure that nobody is within the sphere of influence of the connected actuators or axis system.

Access to the potential danger area must be prevented by suitable measures, such as barriers and warning signs.



Warning

Electric axes can move suddenly with high force and at high speed. Collisions can lead to serious injury to people and damage to components.

Make sure that nobody can reach into the sphere of influence of the axes or other connected actuators and that no items are within the positioning range while the system is connected to energy sources.

If used in safety-relevant applications, additional measures are necessary, e.g. in Europe, the standards listed under the EU machine guidelines must be observed. Without additional measures in accordance with statutory minimum requirements, the product is not suitable for use in safety-related sections of control systems.



Warning

Errors in parametrisation can cause injury to people and damage to property.

Enable the controller only if the axis system has been correctly installed and parametrised.

Target group

This description is intended exclusively for technicians trained in control and automation technology, who have experience in installing, commissioning, programming and diagnosing positioning systems.

Service

Please consult your local Festo Service or write to the following e-mail address if you have any technical problems:

service_international@festo.com

Scope of delivery

The scope of delivery of the motor controller type SFC-DC includes the following:

- Motor controller, optionally with control panel
- Operating package on CD ROM:
 - User documentation (descriptions)
 - Festo Configuration Tool with SFC-DC plug-in
- User documentation (descriptions)

The following are available as accessories (see appendix A.2):

- Connecting cables and fieldbus plugs
- Mounting attachments
- User documentation in paper form

Important user instructions

Danger categories

This manual contains instructions on the possible dangers which may occur if the product is not used correctly. These instructions are marked (Warning, Caution, etc.), printed on a shaded background and marked additionally with a pictogram. A distinction is made between the following danger warnings:



Warning

This means that failure to observe this instruction may result in serious personal injury or damage to property.



Caution

This means that failure to observe this instruction may result in personal injury or damage to property.



Note

This means that failure to observe this instruction may result in damage to property.

The following pictogram marks passages in the text which describe activities with electrostatically sensitive components.



Electrostatically sensitive components may be damaged if they are not handled correctly.

Marking special information

The following pictograms mark passages in the text containing special information.

Pictograms

Information:

Recommendations, tips and references to other sources of information.

Accessories:

Information on necessary or sensible accessories for the Festo product.

Environment:

Information on environment-friendly use of Festo products.

Text markings

- The bullet indicates activities which may be carried out in any order.
- 1. Figures denote activities which must be carried out in the numerical order specified.
- Hyphens indicate general activities.







Descriptions for motor controller type SFC-DC

This manual contains information on the method of operation, as well as on fitting, installing, commissioning and diagnosing electric positioning drives with motor controller type SFC-DC-...-PB with PROFIBUS field bus interface.

Information on components, such as the electric mini-slide, the grippers, or the reference switch can be found in the operating instructions supplied with the relevant product.

| Туре | Designation | Contents |
|---|---|--|
| Operator package with short description and - Manual - FCT with SFC-DC PlugIn on CDROM | P.BE-SFC-DC-UDOK | Brief description: Important commissioning instructions and preliminary information. Manuals: Contents as described below. FCT with SFC-DC PlugIn: Festo Configuration Tool with SFC-DC PlugIn |
| Description | Motor controller type SFC-DC with PROFIBUS interface P.BE-SFC-DC-PB | Installation, commissioning and diagnosis of electric axes with motor controller type SFC-DC with communication via PROFIBUS. |
| Help system for software | Festo Configuration Tool help (contained in FCT software) | Functional descriptions for the Festo Configuration Tool configuration software. |
| Operating instructions | Type HGPLE / HGPPE Mini slide type SLTE, gripper type HGPLE, drives of the Sommer Co. | Mounting and commissioning of the electric drive. |
| Additional descriptions | Motor controller type SFC-DC with other interfaces P.BE-SFC-DC-IO, P.BE-SFC-DC-CO, P.BE-SFC-DC-DN | Installing, commissioning and diagnosing electric axes with motor controller type SFC-DC with communication via I/O interface or via the relevant field bus. |
| Manual for S7 module | S7 module for the SFC-DC P.BE-SFC-DC-PB-S7 | Using the S7 module for motor controller type SFC-DC with PROFIBUS interface. |

Tab. 0/1: Documentation on the SFC-DC

Information on the version

The hardware version specifies the version status of the mechanical and electronic components of the SFC-DC. The firmware version specifies the version status of the operating system of the SFC-DC.

You can find the specifications on the version status as follows:

- Hardware version and firmware version in the Festo Configuration Tool with active device connection to the SFC-DC under "Device data"
- Firmware version on the control panel under [Diagnostic] [Software information].

| Firmware version from | What is new? | Which FCT PlugIn? |
|-----------------------|---|-----------------------|
| V4.02 | Motor controller with PROFIBUS interface type SFC-DCPB from hardware version 2.0, supports 1) - electric mini-slides e.g. type SLTE-10/SLTE-16 - electric grippers, e.g. type HGPLE-25-40 - electric grippers and rotary modules of Sommer Co. In addition, user-defined axis lengths, gear variants and spindle pitches are supported for customized solutions. Extended parameters, see appendix B. | From SFC-DC V3.0.0 |
| V2.00 | Motor controller with PROFIBUS interface type SFC-DCPB, supports 1) - electric mini-slides e.g. type SLTE-10/SLTE-16 - electric grippers, e.g. type HGPLE-25-40 Support of force control for the gripper with additional parameters. Changed objects: 2040h, 2041h (previously 6067h, 6068h). Firmware download possible via FCT. | From SFC-DC V2.3.0 |
| V1.10 | Motor controller with PROFIBUS interface type SFC-DCPB, supports – electric mini-slide type e.g. type SLTE-10/SLTE-16 | From SFC-DC V2.0.0 |

¹⁾ Support for other drives in preparation. Currently supported drives as per [Axis type] listing on control panel (see chapter 4.5, Tab. 4/15 and Tab. 4/16) or FCT PlugIn (settings for "Axis type" and "Size").

Tab. 0/2: Firmware designs

Product-specific terms and abbreviations

The following product-specific terms and abbreviations are used in this manual.

For fieldbus specific abbreviations see following Tab. 0/4.

| Term / abbreviation | Significance |
|--|---|
| Axis | Mechanical component of a drive that transfers the drive force for the motion. An axis enables the attachment and guiding of the work load and, if necessary, the attachment of a reference switch. |
| Axis zero point (AZ) | Reference point for the software end positions and the project zero point PZ. The axis zero point AZ is defined by a preset distance (offset) from the reference point REF. |
| Controller | Contains power electronics + regulator + position controller, evaluates sensor signals, calculates movements and forces and provides the power supply for the motor via the power electronics. |
| Drive | Complete actuator, consisting of motor, encoder and axis, optionally with a gearbox, if applicable with controller. The electric mini slide type SLTE is an integrated unit consisting of a motor, encoder, gear unit and axis. |
| EMC | Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC). |
| Encoder | With the SFC-DC: magnetic pulse generator (rotor position transducer). The electric signals generated are sent to the controller, which then calculates the position and speed on the basis of the signals received. |
| Festo Configuration Tool (FCT) | Software with uniform project and data management for all supported device types. The special requirements of a device type are supported with the necessary descriptions and dialogues by means of plug-ins. |
| Festo Handling and Positioning Profile (FHPP) | Uniform fieldbus data profile for positioning controllers from Festo. |
| Festo Parameter Channel (FPC) | Parameter access according to the "Festo Handling and Positioning Profile" (I/O messaging, optionally additional 8 bytes I/O) |
| FHPP standard | Defines the sequence control as per the "Festo Handling and Positioning Profile" (I/O Messaging 8 Byte I/O) |

| Term / abbreviation | Significance | |
|---|---|--|
| Force control (Profile Torque Mode) | Operating mode for executing a direct positioning task with power operation (open loop transmission control) with motor current regulation. | |
| HGPLE | Type designation, electric gripper. | |
| нмі | Human-Machine Interface (MMI), e.g. control panel with LC display and operating buttons. | |
| Homing | Positioning procedure in which the reference point and therefore the origin of the measuring reference system of the axis are defined. | |
| Homing (Homing mode) | Defining the measuring reference system of the axis | |
| Homing method | Method for defining the reference position: Against a fixed stop (overload current evaluation/speed evaluation) or with reference switch. | |
| I O I/O | Input. Output. Input and/or output. | |
| Jog mode | Manual positioning in positive or negative direction (only on fields variants of the SFC-DC via the fieldbus or only with FCT or control pan | |
| Load voltage, logic voltage | The load voltage supplies the power electronics of the controller and thereby the motor. The logic voltage supplies the evaluation and control logic of the controller. | |
| Logic 0 | 0 V present at input or output (positive logic, corresponds to LOW). | |
| Logic 1 | 24 V present at input or output (positive logic, corresponds to HIGH). | |
| MMI | Human-Machine-Interface, see "HMI". | |
| Operating mode | Type of controller or internal operating mode of the controller. - Type of control: Record Select, Direct Mode - Operation mode of the controller: Position Profile Mode, Profile Torque Mode - Predefined sequences: Homing Mode, Demo Mode, etc. | |
| PLC | Programmable logic controller; controller (also IPC: industrial PC). | |
| Positioning mode (Profile Position mode) | Operating mode for executing a position set or a direct positioning task with position control (closed loop position control) | |

| Term / abbreviation | Significance |
|-------------------------|---|
| Positioning record | Positioning command defined in the position set table, consisting of target position, positioning mode, positioning speed and accelerations. |
| Project zero point (PZ) | Reference point for all positions in positioning tasks. The project zero point PZ forms the basis for all absolute position specifications (e.g. in the position set table or with direct control via the controller or diagnostic interface). The project zero point PZ is defined by a preset distance (offset) from the axis zero point. |
| Reference point (REF) | Point of reference for the incremental measuring system. The reference point defines a known orientation or position within the positioning path of the drive. |
| Reference switch | External sensor used for ascertaining the reference position and connected directly to the controller. |
| SLTE | Type designation, electric slide. |
| Software end position | Programmable stroke limitation (basis point = axis zero point) - Software end position, positive: max. limit position of the stroke in positive direction; must not be exceeded during positioning. - Software end position, negative: min. limit position in negative direction; must not be fallen short of during positioning. |
| Teach mode | Operating mode for setting positions by moving to the target position, e.g. when creating position sets. |

Tab. 0/3: Index of terms and abbreviations for the SFC-DC

PROFIBUS specific terms and abbreviations

| Term / abbreviation | Significance | |
|----------------------------------|--|--|
| 0 x 1234 or 1234 h | Hexadecimal numbers are marked by a prefixed "0x" or by a suffixed "h". | |
| AK | See under response identifier or task identifier | |
| BCD | Binary coded decimal | |
| Bus segment | Bus cable between two terminating resistors. A bus segment contains a maximum of 32 slaves. A PROFIBUS system consists of at least one bus segment with at least 2 stations. Further bus segments can be connected with the aid of repeaters. | |
| Consistency | A data range, which is defined as consistent, is transmitted complete, i.e. in a bus cycle. | |
| GSD file | Device master file in which all specific features of the slave are saved (e.g. number of I/Os, number of diagnostic bytes etc.). | |
| Job identifier (AK) | Integral part of the parameter channel in task telegrams specifying the type of task of a parameter processing. | |
| LSB | Least significant bit (lower-value bit) | |
| MSB | Most significant bit (higher-value bit) | |
| Octet | Byte (8 bits); basis type for PROFIBUS telegrams | |
| Parameter channel (PKW) | Telegram part used for transmitting parameters (PKW = parameter identifier value). See also "Festo Parameter Channel (FPC)" under "Product-specific abbreviations" (Tab. 0/3). | |
| Parameter identifier (PKE) | Integral part of the parameter channel (PKW) which contains the task and reply identifiers (AK) and the parameter number (PNU). | |
| Parameter number (PNU) | Parameters which can be transmitted via the parameter channel are addressed with the parameter number (PNU). The parameter number is an integral part of the parameter identifier (PKE) and serves for identifying or addressing the individual parameter. | |
| PKE | See under parameter identifier | |
| PKW | See under parameter channel | |
| PNU | See under parameter number | |

| Term / abbreviation | Significance | |
|--------------------------|---|--|
| PROFIBUS | PROcess FieldBUS; German processing and Fieldbus standard defined in IEC 61158 type 3. | |
| PROFIBUS address | Provides unique identification of a bus slave on the PROFIBUS | |
| Repeater | Device for amplifying bus signals and for coupling segments over long distances. | |
| Reply telegram | Telegram sent from the slave to the master (slave reply) | |
| Response identifier (AK) | Integral part of the parameter channel in reply telegrams specifying the type of reply of a parameter processing. | |
| Subindex (IND) | Integral part of the parameter channel (PKW) which addresses an element of an array parameter (sub-parameter number). | |
| Task telegram | Telegram sent from the master to the slave (task of master) | |
| Terminating resistor | Resistor for minimising signal reflections. Terminating resistors must installed or switched in at the end of bus segment cables. | |
| User data | Telegram data without protocol frame data. The length of the user data is defined in the configuration of the Fieldbus slave. | |

Tab. 0/4: Index of terms and abbreviations for PROFIBUS

Chapter 1

Contents

| 1.1 | Position | oning with electric drives 1 | | |
|-----|----------|---|------|--|
| 1.2 | Compo | Components | | |
| 1.3 | Control | and regulating functions | 1-9 | |
| 1.4 | Operati | onal safety | 1-11 | |
| 1.5 | Structu | re of the SFC-DC | 1-12 | |
| 1.6 | Dimens | ion reference system | 1-14 | |
| | 1.6.1 | Basis points and work range | 1-14 | |
| | 1.6.2 | Signs and directions | 1-17 | |
| | 1.6.3 | Homing | 1-18 | |
| 1.7 | Fieldbu | s communication | 1-23 | |
| | 1.7.1 | PROFIBUS data exchange | 1-23 | |
| | 1.7.2 | Festo Handling and Positioning Profile (FHPP) | 1-24 | |
| | | | | |

1.1 Positioning with electric drives

The motor controller type SFC-DC-...-PB with PROFIBUS fieldbus interface enables positioning of the connected electric drive in accordance with the Festo Handling and Positioning Profile:

- Via record selection:
 in max. 31 position sets (+ homing) with separately
 adjustable speeds, accelerations and decelerations.
- Via Direct mode:
 The positioning task is transmitted directly in the I/O telegram via the Fieldbus with the appropriate setpoint values.

The permitted positioning range can be limited by means of software end positions.

You can parametrise and commission the SFC-DC as follows:

- Directly via the control panel (only type SFC-DC-...H2-...).
- Via the RS232 interface (with FCT software).
- Via fieldbus (see chapter 5.4 ff).

Coupling to a higher-order PLC/IPC in operation takes place via the PROFIBUS Fieldbus.

Control panel (only type SFC-DC-...-H2-...)

The control panel offers all functions necessary for commissioning, parametrisstion, diagnostics and operation directly at the SFC-DC-...

The control panel provides the necessary input masks via menus for editing positioning records and parameters. If your positioning system is set up completely, you can use the Teach functions to move easily to positions and transfer them to the position record table.

You will find information on the control panel's operating elements and menu structure in Chapter 4, and instructions for commissioning using the control panel starting at chapter 5.2.

Festo Configuration Tool (FCT)

The Festo Configuration Tool (abbreviated as FCT) is the software platform for configuring and commissioning different components and devices from Festo.

The FCT consists of the following components:

- A framework providing a program starting and entry point with uniform project and data management for all supported device types.
- A PlugIn for each of the special demands of a device type (e.g. SFC-DC) with the necessary descriptions and dialogues. The PlugIns are managed and started from within the framework.

PlugIn SFC-DC for the FCT supports all the steps necessary for commissioning an SFC-DC.

An overview of commissioning with the FCT can be found in chapter 5.3.2.

The help for the FCT contains the complete information on operating the Festo Configuration Tool. The device-specific PlugIns each have their own help files.



| Functions | | Control panel | FCT | Fieldbus |
|--------------------------|---|---------------|-----|----------|
| Parametrisation | Selecting the axis type and the associated axis parameters | х | х | х |
| | Uploading/downloading of configuration data | - | х | х |
| | Saving different configurations in projects | _ | Х | - |
| Commissioning | - Homing | х | Х | х |
| | Jog mode | (x) | Х | Х |
| | - Teaching of positions | Х | Х | Х |
| | - Travel in individual steps | _ | Х | Х |
| | Starting and stopping positioning procedures during commissioning | Х | Х | Х |
| | Extended test functions e.g status displays | (x) | х | Х |
| | Testing or demonstrating the positioning records | х | Х | х |
| Record selection | Creation of a positioning record table for positioning operation with record number, target position, positioning mode, positioning speed, acceleration, delay. | Х | х | х |
| | Executing a positioning record | х | х | х |
| Direct mode | Parametrising the direct job for positioning and force mode | - | х | х |
| | Executing a direct job | | х | х |
| Diagnostics / Service | Reading and displaying diagnostic data Read and display fault buffer | х | Х | х |
| | | - | х | х |

Tab. 1/1: Commissioning options – Functions

All values are entered or displayed according to the measuring units set for either the Festo Configuration Tool or the control panel.

| nits of measurement Access via: | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---|---|--|---|
| | | Control panel | FCT | Fieldbus |
| Metric | Metric units of measurement, e.g. mm, mm/s, mm/s² | х | х | _ |
| Inches 1) | Imperial units of measurement, e.g. inch, inch/s, inch/s ² | _ | х | _ |
| Increments | Increment-based units, e.g. inc, inc/s, inc/s ² | - | - | х |
| ° (degrees) | Units of measurement in degrees, e.g. °, °/s, °/s² | х | х | |
| Increments | Increment-based units, e.g. inc, inc/s, inc/s² | _ | _ | х |
| | Metric Inches 1) Increments o (degrees) | Metric Metric units of measurement, e.g. mm, mm/s, mm/s² Inches 1) Imperial units of measurement, e.g. inch, inch/s, inch/s² Increments Increment-based units, e.g. inc, inc/s, inc/s² ° (degrees) Units of measurement in degrees, e.g. °, °/s, °/s² Increments Increment-based units, | Metric Metric units of measurement, e.g. mm, mm/s, mm/s ² Inches ¹⁾ Imperial units of measurement, e.g. inch, inch/s, inch/s ² Increments Increment-based units, e.g. inc, inc/s, inc/s ² ° (degrees) Units of measurement in degrees, e.g. °, °/s, °/s ² Increments Increment-based units, – | Metric Metric units of measurement, e.g. mm, mm/s, mm/s² x x Inches 1) Imperial units of measurement, e.g. inch, inch/s, inch/s² Increments Increment-based units, e.g. inc, inc/s, inc/s² ° (degrees) Units of measurement in degrees, e.g. °, °/s, °/s² Increments Increment-based units, |



The setting of the units of measurement influences only the display in the Festo Configuration Tool. All parameters are saved in the SFC-DC in increments (inc, inc/s, inc/s 2 ...) and are not converted until they are written or read. Measurements transmitted directly via fieldbus or RS232 refer to an increment basis (conversion see appendix A.3).

1.2 Components

- 1 Higher-order controller / PROFIBUS master
- 2 Software level: Festo Configuration Tool
- 3 Controller level: SFC-DC
- Motor drive level (e.g. SLTE)

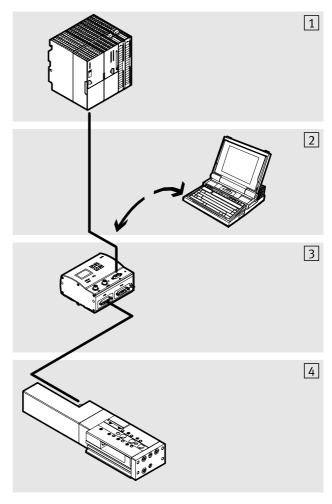


Fig. 1/1: Principle of an electric positioning system with the SFC-DC-...-PB

In order to set up an electric axis with the SFC-DC you will require the following components:

Controller

SFC-DC, optionally with control panel.

Drive

Electric drive with motor, accessories and, if necessary, further components for the drive, e.g. mounting attachments, etc.

The SFC-DC supports the following drives (see also "Version information", Tab. 0/2).:

| Supported drives | Description | Permissible mounting position | |
|---------------------|---|-------------------------------------|--|
| SLTE | Electric mini-slide type SLTE | Any | |
| HGPLE | Electric gripper. | Any | |
| GEH6, DEF | Electric gripper and rotary modules of Sommer Co. | Any | |
| Other | only after consultation with Festo. | | |

Power supply unit

For logic and load voltage supply: 24 VDC

Power supply line

For supplying the SFC-DC with operating and load voltage

(see accessories, Appendix A.2)

Motor cable

For connecting the drive to the SFC-DC (see Accessories, Appendix A.2)

Fieldbus plug with

fieldbus cable

For information transfer between the higher-order controller

and the SFC-DC (see accessories, Appendix A.2)

Programming cable

For transfer of information between the PC and the SFC-

DC-... (see Accessories, Appendix A.2)

Reference switch

Optional: Suitable sensor (normally open) as reference

switch, e.g. type SMT-10.



For positioning systems, Festo offers accessories suited to the drive packages (see Festo delivery program or catalogue).

1.3 Control and regulating functions

In the positioning mode, a certain position is specified to which the motor must move. The current position is obtained from the information supplied by the internal increment sensor (magnetic encoder). The position is derived from the gear reduction and the shaft pitch.

The deviation of the position is processed in the position controller and passed on to the speed regulator.

- 1 Controller SFC-DC
- 2 controller
- 3 Nominal value generator
- 4 Position controller
- 5 Speed regulator
- 6 Current Control
- 7 Output stage
- 8 Signal converter

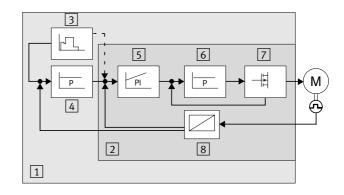


Fig. 1/2: Simplified technical representation of the cascade regulator function

The controller takes over the following tasks:

- Control via FHPP.
- Specification of the nominal values.
- Control of the following variables: position, speed, acceleration, current (power).

Profile Position Mode

Positioning mode

Operating mode for executing a position set or a direct positioning task with position control (closed loop position control)

The target position defines the position to which the drive controller is to move. The target position is interpreted either as an absolute or relative specification. The set target position is transferred to the nominal value generator. This generates a nominal position value for the position controller. For position control, the current settings for speed, acceleration, braking deceleration, etc. are taken into account.

Profile Torque Mode

Force control

Force control (open loop transmission control) with motor current regulation. This operating mode enables an external nominal torque value (relative to the rated motor current) to be specified to the controller. Power control takes place indirectly via the regulation of the motor current. All specifications on forces/torques refer to the rated motor torque or current.

Homing mode

Positioning travel for referencing the mechanical basis system.



For commissioning, testing or demonstration, the following functions are also available via the control panel of the SFC-DC-...H2-...:

- Positioning travel for defining the target position of a position set (Teach mode).
- Positioning travel for testing all position sets in the position set table (Demo posit. tab.).
- Positioning travel for testing a certain positioning set in the positioning set table (Move posit. set).

1.4 Operational safety

A complex system of sensors and monitoring functions ensures operational reliability:

- Temperature monitoring (measurement of the power end stage temperature),
- Voltage monitoring, detection of:
 - Faults in the logic voltage supply,
 - Undervoltages in the load voltage supply,
- I²t monitoring / overload protection
- Drag fault monitoring,
- Software end position recognition.



Note

Check within the framework of your emergency stop concept to ascertain which measures are required to put your machine/system into a safe status in the event of EMERGENCY-STOP (e.g. switching off the operating voltage).

The SFC-DC has a separate logic voltage supply.

- Use additional separate safety limit switches if an EMERGENCY STOP circuit is required for your application (e.g. as normally closed contact in series connection).
- Use software end positions and, if necessary, external safety limit switches as well as additional appropriate mechanical stops in order to make sure that the axis always lies within the permitted positioning range.

1.5 Structure of the SFC-DC

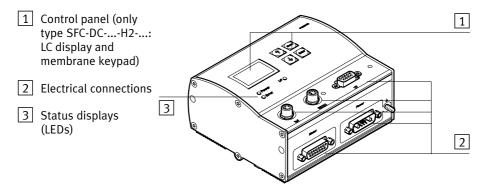
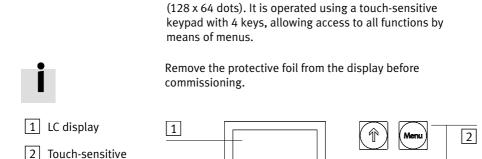


Fig. 1/3: Single field controller SFC-DC

Control panel

keypad

3 LEDs



O Power

○ Error

The control panel possesses an LCD graphics display

○ I/F

Fig. 1/4: Control panel and status display on the SFC-DC-...-H2-...

3

Status indicators

The operating statuses are visually indicated by 3 LEDs:

- Operating voltage ("Power")
- Positioning status / bus status " I/F" (= interface / fieldbus)
- "Error"

Connections

The SFC-DC has the following connections:

1 Reference switch
2 RS232 interface to PC
3 PROFIBUS interface
4 Drive (Motor connection)
5 Power supply

2 Reference switch

1 1

Fig. 1/5: Connections of the SFC-DC

1.6 Dimension reference system

The measuring reference system defines all reference points and limits the working area.

The measuring reference system of the SFC-DC is based on the axis zero point which is defined via the offset to the reference point. The position of the reference point is ascertained during the reference run. The referencing method defines the way in which the axis ascertains the reference point.

1.6.1 Basis points and work range

Reference point REF forms the mechanical basis point of the axis coordinate

system and is defined during homing travel by a reference switch or a fixed stop, depending on the homing method.

It is the basis point of the axis zero point.

(offset axis zero point) and is the point of reference of the software end positions and of the project zero point.

Project zero PZ is a reference point freely selectable by the user to which the

actual position and the target positions from the positioning set table relate. The basis point for the project zero point is

the axis zero point.

Software end positions The permitted positioning range (effective stroke) is limited

by the settings of the software end positions. The software end positions refer to the axis zero point. If the target position of a positioning command lies outside the software end positions, the positioning command will not be

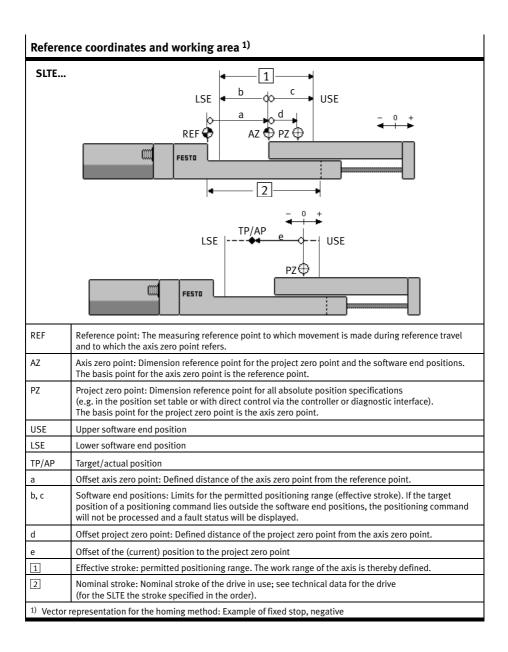
end positions, the positioning command will not be

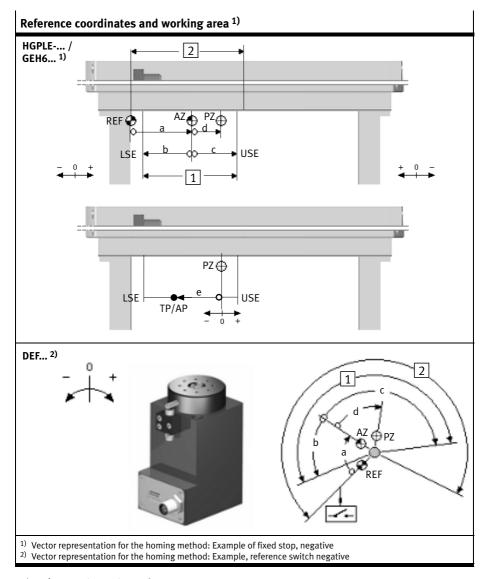
processed and an error status will be set.

All values are entered or displayed according to the measuring system set either for the Festo Configuration Tool

or the control panel (see appendix A.3)







Tab. 1/2: Dimension reference system

| Reference point | Calcula | Calculation rule | | | |
|-----------------------------|---------|------------------|---------------|-------------------|--|
| Axis zero point | AZ | = REF + a | | | |
| Project zero point | PZ | = AZ + d | = REF + a + d | | |
| Lower software end position | LSE | = AZ + b | = REF + a + b | | |
| Upper software end position | USE | = AZ + c | = REF + a + c | | |
| Target/actual position | TP, AP | = PZ + e | = AZ + d + e | = REF + a + d + e | |

Tab. 1/3: Calculating specifications for the dimension reference system

1.6.2 Signs and directions

All offsets and position values are (signed) vectors and must be adjusted to match the position of the respective reference point.



The direction in which the work load moves depends on the gearbox, the spindle type (left/right-hand turning), the sign for the position specifications (+/-) and the setting of the "Direction reversal" parameter.

The +/- active direction of the vectors can be assigned to the direction of rotation of the motor shaft (view on the motor shaft). The factory setting is "+" for motor rotation in a clockwise direction; "-" for motor rotation in an anti-clockwise direction.

| Value 1) | SLTE | HGPLE / GEH6 | DEF |
|----------|---|--|--|
| + | Positive values face from the basis point in the direction away from the motor. | Positive values face from the reference point in the direction of the closed gripper jaws. | Clockwise, looking towards the motor shaft. |
| _ | Negative values face from the basis point in the direction towards the motor. | Negative values face from the reference point in the direction of the open gripper jaws. | Anti-clockwise, looking towards the motor shaft. |

¹⁾ With factory setting. The assignment can be reversed (see also appendix B.2.15, PNU 1000, Object 607E). After reversal a new homing run is then required.

1.6.3 Homing

In the case of drives with an incremental measuring system, homing must always be carried out when the device is switched on positions. This is defined drive-specifically with the parameter "Homing required" (PNU 1014, CI 23F6h).

The following homing methods are permitted:

- Search for stop in a negative direction
- Search for stop in a positive direction
- Search for reference switch in a positive direction
- Search for reference switch in a negative direction

In order to search for the reference point and for positioning the drive in the axis zero point, you can set two different speeds.

Homing sequence:

- Search for the reference point in accordance with the configured method at speed v_rp
- Move from reference point to axis zero point AZ (offset axis zero point) at speed v zp
- Set at axis zero point current position =
 0 offset project zero point PZ

After successful homing the drive stands at the axis zero point AZ. On initial commissioning or following a change of homing method the axis zero offset is = 0; after homing the drive is then positioned at the reference point (REF).

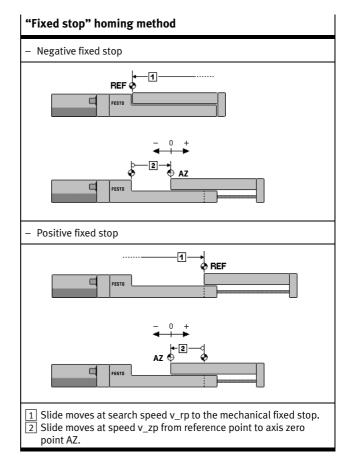
With this method the drive moves at first at search speed in a negative or positive direction until it reaches the fixed stop. A rise in the motor current signals that the stop has been reached.



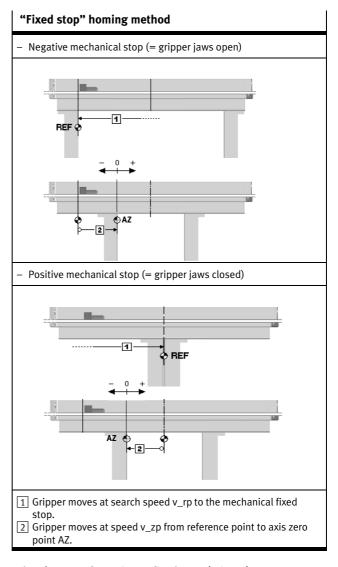
Search for stop

When the maximum motor current is reached at the same time as the motor is at a standstill, the SFC-DC recognises that the stop, and therefore the reference position, has been reached.

As the axis must not stand still at the stop, the offset axis zero point must be \neq 0 (min. 0.25 mm).



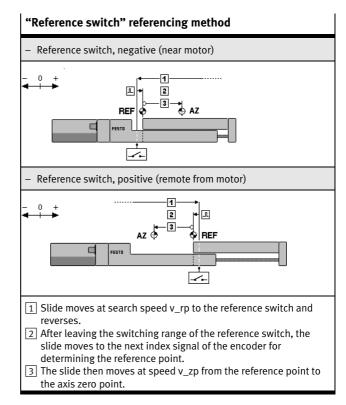
Tab. 1/4: Referencing to fixed stop (mini slide)



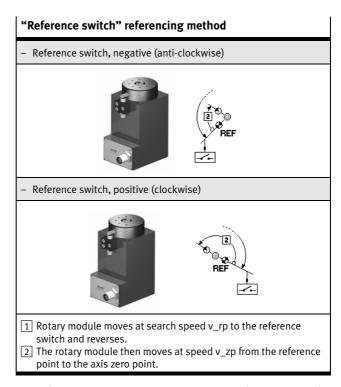
Tab. 1/5: Referencing to fixed stop (gripper)

Search for reference switch

With this method the drive moves at first at search speed in a negative or positive direction until it reaches the limit switch. It then moves back at creep speed: The reference position lies at the point at which the reference switch becomes inactive again when the drive moves back.



Tab. 1/6: Referencing to reference switch (mini slide)



Tab. 1/7: Referencing to reference switch (rotary module)

1.7 Fieldbus communication

1.7.1 PROFIBUS data exchange

DPV0

Control

Control with DPV0 takes place via the 8 cyclic control and status bytes, see chapter 5.5.2.

Parametrisation

Parametrizing with DPV0 takes place via the Festo parameter channel (FPC, further 8 I/O bytes), see appendix B.1.1.

DPV1

Parametrisation

Parameterising with DPV1 takes place via the parameter channel as per PROFIdrive V3.1. This protocol is a compatible extension of the PKW protocol within the DPV1 work data. This means that the parameters can be addressed with PNU, subindex etc.

The method of functioning of the parameterising with DPV1 depends on the DP master system used.

Please refer here to the documentation of your controller manufacturer.

As an example of parameterising with DPV1, you will find a functional description in the documentation for the S7 modules for the SFC-DC, type P.BE-SFC-DC-S7-...



1.7.2 Festo Handling and Positioning Profile (FHPP)

Festo has developed an optimised data profile, the "Festo Handling and Positioning Profile (FHPP)" tailored to handling and positioning tasks. The FHPP enables uniform sequence control and programming for the various fieldbus systems and controllers from Festo. Parameter values, control and status bytes required during operation can be written and read via the object directory and a structure description.

Communication over the Fieldbus can occur cyclically (DPV0) or acyclically (DPV1). Mixed operation is typical:

- Commissioning and application parameters can be transferred via DPV1.
- Time-critical process control occurs via FHPP Standard (DPV0, 8 Byte I/O).
- Parameter access during normal operation occurs via DPV1 or optionally via FHPP-FPC (DPV0, further 8 Byte I/O).

FHPP Standard

The operating modes differ in the content and the meaning of the cyclic I/O data and in the functions which can be accessed in the SFC-DC.

Direct mode

Positioning tasks in positioning or force mode can be executed as direct tasks. The task is transferred directly in the cyclic I/O data (FHPP standard). This defines the most important setpoint values (position, velocity, force/torque...).

Record selection

Record selection allows jobs to be executed in positioning mode. The positioning data (target position, speed...) are set indirectly via positioning records which are taught via FCT, the control panel or fieldbus and saved in the controller. 31 positioning records can be saved in the SFC-DC. A record contains all the parameters specified for a positioning task (positioning mode). The record number is transferred to the cyclic I/O data as the nominal or actual value (FHPP standard).

FHPP-FPC

Optionally, an additional 8 Bytes of I/O can be used for parameter access via FPC (Festo Parameter Channel). The additional bytes are defined via the configuration program with the GSD file, see chapter 5.4.

If the FPC is not needed in normal operation, the data length can be reduced to 8 bytes in order to optimise the PLC access in cyclic data transfers. Parameter changes via the acyclic data channel can still be performed using DPV1.



Detailed information on the FHPP can be found starting at chapter 5.5.

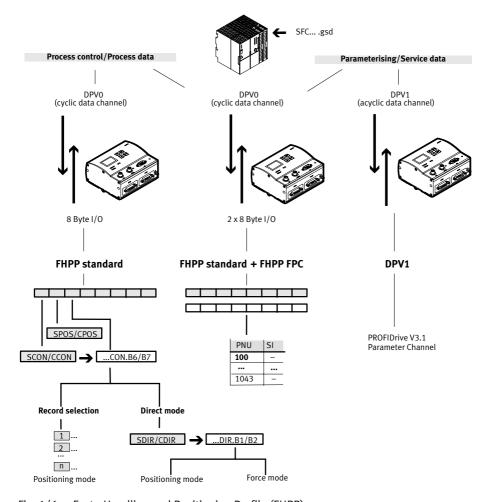


Fig. 1/6: Festo Handling and Positioning Profile (FHPP)

Fitting

Chapter 2

2. Fitting

Contents

| 2.1 | General Information | 2-3 |
|-----|-----------------------------------|-----|
| 2.2 | Dimensions of the controller | 2-3 |
| 2.3 | Mounting the controller | 2-4 |
| 2.4 | Notes on mounting electrical axes | 2-6 |

2.1 General Information



Caution

Damage to components

 Before carrying out mounting, installation and/or maintenance work, always switch off the power supply.



Note

Handle all modules and components with great care. Note especially the following:

- Screw connections must be fitted without distortion and mechanical tension. Screws must be fitted exactly (otherwise threads will be damaged).
- Compliance with the specified torques.
- The modules must not be offset.
- Contact surfaces must be clean (avoid contact errors).

2.2 Dimensions of the controller

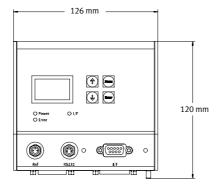


Fig. 2/1: Dimensions of the controller

2.3 Mounting the controller

You can mount the SFC-DC in one of two ways:

- Wall mounting on a flat surface.
- H-rail mounting.



Note

Mount the SFC-DC or the H-rail so that there is sufficient space for heat dissipation (above and below at least 40 mm).

Wall mounting

You will need:

- A mounting surface of approximately 120 x 160 mm.
- 2 sets of central supports, type MUP-18/25 (accessories).
 The 4 brackets are clipped into the edge of the housing (see Fig. 2/2).
- 4 tapped holes for screw size M3 (for dimensions see Fig. 2/2) with matching screws.

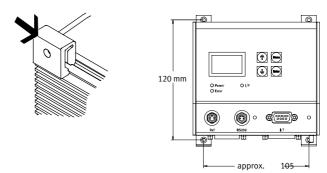


Fig. 2/2: Mounting with fixed screws

H-rail mounting

When mounting onto an H-rail, proceed as follows:

- Make sure the mounting area is able to take the weight of the SFC-DC.
- Mount an H-rail (DIN mounting rail EN 60715 - 35x7.5 or 35x15).

With 35 x 7.5 H-rail only: Maintain a max. distance of 3.3 mm between the housing web and the H-rail:

- If possible, use a part of the H-rail where there are no mounting screws.
- If you need to insert a screw underneath the SFC-DC: use e.g. an M6 screw as per ISO-7380ULF.
- 3. Hang the SFC-DC on the H-rail as follows:
 - first from below, pressing against the clamping element, then
 - swing upwards against the H-rail.

When you let go, the clamping element presses the SFC-DC into the groove at the top.

- 1 H-rail
- 2 Dovetail clamp
- 3 Distance between housing web and H-rail: 3.3 mm

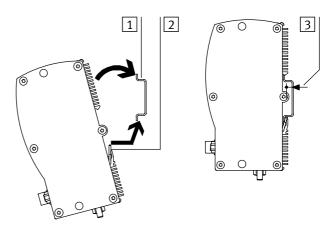


Fig. 2/3: Mounting the SFC-DC onto an H-rail

2.4 Notes on mounting electrical axes



Refer to the following documentation when mounting the electric axis:

- Operating instructions for the electric drive used.
- Instructions for the components used.



Warning

If a drive is mounted in a sloping or vertical position, loads may fall down and cause injury to persons.

 Check whether additional external safety measures are necessary (e.g. toothed latches or moveable bolts)

This prevents the work load sliding down suddenly if there is a power failure.

Make sure that:

- the drive is fitted securely and is correctly aligned,
- the working space in which the drive and effective load will move is of sufficient size for operation with a useful load,
- the useful load does not collide with any axis component when the slide moves to its end position.

Installation

Chapter 3

3. Installation

Contents

| 3.1 | Installa | ation overview | 3-3 |
|-----|----------|---|------|
| 3.2 | Power | supply | 3-6 |
| 3.3 | Earthin | g | 3-9 |
| 3.4 | Motor | connection | 3-10 |
| 3.5 | Serial i | nterface | 3-11 |
| 3.6 | Input fo | or external reference switch | 3-13 |
| 3.7 | Contro | l | 3-15 |
| 3.8 | Connec | ting the fieldbus | 3-16 |
| | 3.8.1 | Fieldbus cable | 3-16 |
| | 3.8.2 | Fieldbus baud rate and Fieldbus length | 3-17 |
| | 3.8.3 | Connection with fieldbus plugs from Festo | 3-18 |
| | 3.8.4 | Connection by other Sub-D plugs | 3-21 |
| 3.9 | Bus ter | mination with terminating resistors | 3-22 |
| | | | |

3.1 Installation overview



Warning

Before carrying out mounting, installation and/or maintenance work, always switch off the power supply.

In this way, you can avoid:

- uncontrolled movements of the connected actuators,
- non-defined switching states of the electronic components.



Caution

Faulty pre-assembled lines may destroy the electronics and trigger unexpected movements of the motor.

 Use only lines specified as accessories for the installation of the system (see Tab. 3/2). Only in this way can you be sure that the system will work properly.



Note

- Lay all flexible lines so that they are free of kinks and free of mechanical stress; if necessary use an energy chain.
- Keep to the maximum specified cable lengths.

3. Installation

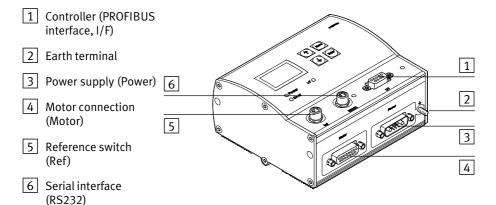


Fig. 3/1: Connections of the SFC-DC

| Connections | on the SFC-DC | Description |
|-------------------------|---|---|
| Controller/Fiel dbus | With type SFC-DCPB: - Sub-D 9-pin - Socket | Interface for connection to PROFIBUS |
| Earth terminal | - Stud bolt, M4 | Functional earthing connection (optionally via power supply cable) |
| Power supply | - D-Sub 7W2 - Plug | Power connection with 2 high-current contacts and 5 low-current contacts (separate load and logic power supply) |
| Motor connection | - Sub-D 15-pin - Socket | Motor activation with encoder signals |
| Reference switch | - M8, 3-pin - Socket | Sensor input for reference switch |
| Serial interface | - M8,4-pin - Socket | RS232 interface for parametrising, commissioning and diagnosing |

Tab. 3/1: Overview of connections

3. Installation





If unoccupied connectors are touched, there is a risk that ESD (electrostatic discharge) may cause damage to the SFC-DC or other system components. Place protective caps on unused terminal connections in order to prevent such discharges.

The plug connectors on the Festo cables listed in the following are designed to conform to protection class IP54 when connectors are plugged in and secured, or when the connections on the SFC-DC are fitted with caps.

| Connection | Cable/plug | Туре | Length [m] | | | |
|--------------------|---|--------------------|--------------|--|--|--|
| Power supply | Power supply cable | KPWR-MC-1-SUB-15HC | 2,5 / 5 / 10 | | | |
| Motor connection | Motor cable | KMTR-DC-SUB-15-M12 | 2,5 / 5 / 10 | | | |
| Control | Controlline | KES-MC-1-SUB-15 | 2,5 / 5 / 10 | | | |
| Reference switch | E.g. type SMT-10 or extension cable type KM8-M8 | | | | | |
| PROFIBUS interface | Fieldbus plug for open fieldbus cable end | FBS-SUB-9-GS-DP-B | _ | | | |
| | Fieldbus plug for M12 adapter | FBA-2-M12-5POL-RK | _ | | | |

Tab. 3/2: Overview of cables and plugs (accessories)

To ensure the IP protection class is complied with:

- Seal unused M8 connections with type ISK-M8 protective caps (accessories).
- Hand-tighten the union nuts/locking screws of the plugs.



Observe the permissible tightening torques specified in the documentation for the lines and plugs used

3.2 Power supply



Warning

 Use only PELV circuits as per IEC/DIN EN 60204-1 for the electric power supply (protective extra-low voltage, PELV).

Also observe the general requirements for PELV circuits in accordance with IEC/DIN EN 60204-1.

 Use only power sources that guarantee reliable electrical isolation of the operating voltage as per IEC/DIN EN 60204-1.

Protection against electric shock (protection against direct and indirect contact) is guaranteed in accordance with IEC/DIN EN 60204-1 by using PELV circuits (electrical equipment of machines, general requirements).

The internal power and controller electronics are supplied with DC voltage by way of the power supply connection.



Note

Be sure to keep to the voltage supply tolerances; see Tab. 3/4. The tolerance must be maintained even directly at the power supply connection of the SFC-DC.

- For power supply, use only one of the following cables from the Festo accessory list:
 - Power supply cable KPWR-MC-1-SUB-15HC-...
 - Max. cable length 10 m.
- Use a regulated power supply unit with
 - at least 5 A peak current



Caution

Damage to the device

The 24 VDC power supplies of the SFC-DC have no special protection against voltage overload.

• Make sure the permissible voltage tolerance is never exceeded; see Tab. 3/4.

| Connection | Pin | Designation | Function | Core colour 1) |
|------------|-----|--------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Power | A1 | Load power | ++24 VDC load | Black, 1 |
| ÷ | A2 | Load power | GND load ²⁾ | Black, 2 |
| | 1 | Logic power VCC | +24VDC logic | White |
| | 2 | Logic power GND | GND logic ²⁾ | Brown |
| | 3 | n.c. | Reserved | Green |
| | 4 | FE | Earth terminal (housing) 3) | _ 4) |
| | 5 | n.c. | Reserved | Yellow |
| | - | Plug housing | Earth terminal (housing) 3) | Earthing strap with cable lug M4 |
| | Ŧ | FE | Earth terminal (housing) 3) | - |

¹⁾ Wire colours with power supply cable of type KPWR-MC-1-SUB-15HC-...

Tab. 3/3: "Power" connection on SFC-DC

²⁾ The GND terminals of the power supplies must not be connected to the housing, screen or functional earth (FE)!

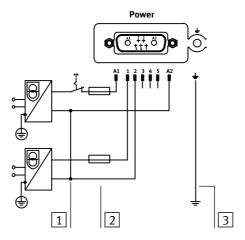
³⁾ Functional earth; use only one terminal; see chapter 3.3.

⁴⁾ With cables of type KPWR-MC-1-SUB-15HC-... not connected.

The power supply must meet the following requirements:

| Power supply | Value |
|--|--|
| Load supply (pin A1, A2) - Nominal current - Peak current - Internal fuse | 24 VDC ± 10 % 3 A ± 30 % 5 A ± 30 % 7 A very quick acting |
| Logic supply (pin 1, 2) - Nominal current - Peak current - Internal fuse | 24 VDC ± 10 % 0.1 A ± 30 % 0.8 A ± 30 % 2 A slow-blow |

Tab. 3/4: Power supply specification



- 1 Potential equalisation is essential!
- 2 External fuses (optional, to protect the internal fuses)
- 3 Earth connection (alternative; see chapter 3.3)

Fig. 3/2: Power supply connection example

3.3 Earthing



Note

 Connect one of the earth terminals of the SFC-DC at low impedance (short cable with wide cross-section) to the earth potential.

You can thereby avoid interference from electromagnetic sources and ensure electromagnetic compatibility in accordance with EMC directives.

To connect the SFC-DC to the earth potential use **one** of the following earthing connections:

- Earthing strap on free end of the power supply cable; see assembly instructions for cable type KPWR-MC-1-SUB-15HC-..., or
- earth connection on the housing of the SFC-DC, see Tab. 3/3.



Note

Note that only one of the two earthing connections can be used at any one time (so as to avoid earth loops).

When using the earth terminal on the SFC-DC housing:

- Use a suitable earthing cable with an M4 cable lug together with the accompanying nut and toothed washer.
- Tighten the nut with max. 1.7 Nm.

3.4 Motor connection

The motor connection is used to control the motor of the connected electric drive and to transfer the encoder signals.



Note

To connect the electric drive, use exclusively one of the following cables from the Festo accessories:

- motor cable KMTR-DC-SUB-15-M12-...
- max length 10 m.

| Connection | Pin | Designation | Function |
|------------|-----|-------------|---------------------------|
| Motor | 1 | +5VDC | VCC logic |
| 8 1 | 2 | Α | Encoder channel A (RS485) |
| © | 3 | A/ | Encoder channel A/ |
| 15 9 | 4 | В | Encoder channel B (RS485) |
| | 5 | B/ | Encoder channel B/ |
| | 6 | С | Encoder channel C (RS485) |
| | 7 | C/ | Encoder channel C/ |
| | 8 | GND logic | GND logic |
| | 9 | GND | GND |
| | 10 | GND | GND |
| | 11 | GND | GND |
| | 12 | Motor + | Motor + |
| | 13 | Motor - | Motor - |
| | 14 | GND | GND |
| | 15 | GND | GND |
| | - | Plughousing | Cable shield |

Tab. 3/5: "Motor" connection on the SFC-DC

3.5 Serial interface

Serial interface for parametrising, commissioning and diagnosing.



Note

To connect a PC to the SFC-DC, use exclusively one of the following cables from the Festo accessories list:

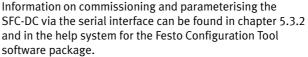
- programming cable KDI-MC-M8-SUB-9-...
- length 2.5 m.
- Remove the cap from the serial port on the SFC-DC, if fitted.
- Connect the following terminals with the programming cable:
 - the connection socket on the SFC-DC
 - a serial interface COMx on the PC

| M8 socket | | Description | | |
|--|---|-------------|--|--|
| 3 4 2 1 1 | | GND | Ground | |
| | 2 | RXD | RS232 receiving line of the PC ¹⁾ | |
| | 3 | TXD | RS232 transmission line of the PC ¹⁾ | |
| | 4 | | Reserved for servicing personnel – do not connect! | |
| 1) The levels correspond to the RS232 standard | | | | |

Tab. 3/6: RS232 (serial) port on SFC-DC







You will find information on transmitting CI commands via the serial interface in appendix C.1.



Note

The RS232 interface is not electrically isolated. It is not suitable for permanent connection to PC systems, nor for use as a control interface.

- Use this terminal only for commissioning.
- Remove the programming cable in continuous operation.
- Close off the port with the supplied cap (type ISK-M8),

3.6 Input for external reference switch

If you are not using a reference switch:

 Seal the terminal with the protective cap supplied (type ISK-M8).

Use the following Festo proximity sensors for example:

Electric proximity switch type SMT-10F-...
 (can be installed in sensor grooves of the drive profile).

Use an extension cable type KM8-M8-... as necessary.

To connect the reference switch:

- For the reference switch use the correct switch type (N.O. = normally open), in PNP design.
- For connecting the reference switch use a cable with rotating thread sleeve on the end, e.g. type SMT-10F... or extension cable type KM8-M8-...
- When selecting the sensor, note that the accuracy of the sensor switching point may affect the accuracy of the reference point.
- During installation, observe the position of the sensor relative to the index pulse; shift the sensor if necessary (see warning "INDEX PULSE WARNING", chapter 6.3).



The power supply for the reference switch (24 V DC / Ground) is provided via pin 1/3.



Caution

Damage to the device

The 24 VDC direct voltage at pin 1 has no special protection against overload; the voltage is tapped by the main power supply after the ESD and reverse polarity protection.

 Use the terminal only for the reference switch (sensor supply).

Use of this connection as a power supply for other devices is not permitted.

The input for sensor signal REF complies in its electrical features with the input specification in the appendix "Technical specifications".

| M8 socket | | Description | | |
|-----------|---|-------------|---|--|
| 3 4 1 | 1 | +24VDC | +24 VDC voltage output for reference switch | |
| | 4 | K | Reference switch contact | |
| | 3 | GND | Ground | |

Tab. 3/7: "Ref" (reference switch) connection on SFC-DC

3.7 Control

The controller connection of the SFC-DC-...-PB is used for communication with the higher-level controller.

There is a 9-pin sub-D socket on the SFC-DC for connecting it to the Fieldbus. This connection is used for the incoming and continuing fieldbus cable.



Note

Only the Fieldbus plugs type FBS-SUB-9-GS-DP-B or FBA-2-M12-5POL-RK from Festo comply with IP54. Note the instructions in chapter 3.8.4 if other sub-D plugs are used.

| Connection | Pin | Designation | Function | Fieldbus plug ¹⁾ |
|------------|-----|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 5 1 | 1 | n.c. | Not connected | - |
| (2) | 2 | n.c. | Not connected | - |
| 9 6 I/F | 3 | RxD/TxD-P | Received/transmitted data P | В |
| .,,, | 4 | CNTR-P ²⁾ | Repeater control signal ²⁾ | _ |
| | 5 | DGND | Data reference potential (M5V) | _ |
| | 6 | VP | Supply voltage positive (P5V) | _ |
| | 7 | n.c. | Not connected | - |
| | 8 | RxD/TxD-N | Received/transmitted data N | A |
| | 9 | n.c. | Not connected | _ |
| | _ | Screening/ housing | Connection to functional earth | Clamping strap |

¹⁾ Pin assignment in Fieldbus plug type FBS-SUB-9-GS-DP-B from Festo.

Tab. 3/8: Connection "I/F" (controller connection) on the SFC-DC-...-PB

²⁾ The repeater control signal CNTR-P is in the form of a TTL signal.

3.8 Connecting the fieldbus

3.8.1 Fieldbus cable



Note

In case of faulty installation or high transmission rates, data transmission errors can occur as a result of signal reflections and attenuations.

Transmission errors can be caused by:

- Missing or incorrect terminating resistor
- Incorrect screened connection
- Branches
- Transmission over long distances
- Inappropriate cables

Observe the cable specifications. Refer to the manual for your control system for information on the type of cable to be used.



Note

If the SFC-DC is installed in a machine on a movable mounting, the fieldbus cable must be provided with strain relief on the moving part of the machine. Also observe the relevant regulations in EN 60204 part 1.



Use a twisted screened 2-core cable for the Fieldbus in accordance with PROFIBUS specifications (EN 50170, cable type A):

Surge impedance: 135-165 ohm (3-20 MHz)

Capacitance per unit length: < 30 nF/km
Loop resistance: < 110 ohm/km
Core diameter: > 0.64 mm
Wire cross section: > 0.34 mm²

Bus length

Exact specifications on the bus length can be found in the next section and in the manuals for your control system.

3.8.2 Fieldbus baud rate and Fieldbus length



Note

The maximum permitted fieldbus segment lengths depend on the baud rate used.

- Note the maximum permitted segment length (cable length without repeater), if you connect the SFC-DC to a Fieldbus segment.
- Avoid branch lines.

The baud rate is defined by the master and is recognized automatically by the SFC-DC.

| Baud rate | Maximum segment length |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|
| 9.6; 19.2; 45.45; 93.75 kBaud | 1200 m |
| 187.5 kBaud | 1000 m |
| 500 kBaud | 400 m |
| 1500 kBaud | 200 m |
| 1,5 12 MBaud | 100 m |

Tab. 3/9: Maximum fieldbus segment lengths for PROFIBUS-DP depending on the baud rate

3.8.3 Connection with fieldbus plugs from Festo

Connection with fieldbus plugs from Festo

Observe the mounting instructions for the fieldbus plug.
 Tighten the two fastening screws at first by hand and then with max. 0.4 Nm.

You can connect the SFC-DC easily to the Fieldbus with the Fieldbus plug from Festo (type FBS-SUB-9-GS-DP-B). You can disconnect the plug from the SFC-DC without breaking the bus connection (T-tap function).

Note

The clamp strap in the fieldbus plug from Festo is connected internally only capacitively with the metallic housing of the Sub-D plug. This is to prevent equalising currents flowing through the screening of the Fieldbus cable.



3. Installation

- 1 Folding cover with inspection window
- 2 Blanking plug if connection unused
- 3 Clamp strap for screen connection
- 4 Fieldbus incoming (IN)
- 5 Switch for bus termination and continuing fieldbus
- 6 Fieldbus continuing (OUT)
- 7 Only capacitively connected

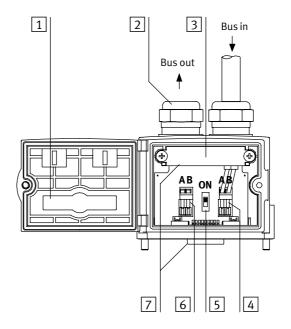


Fig. 3/3: Fieldbus plug from Festo, type FBS-SUB-9-GS-DP-B

DIL switch

With the switch in the Fieldbus plug you can switch the following:

| Switch position | Bus terminal | The continuing fieldbus cable |
|-----------------|--------------|-------------------------------|
| OFF | Not switched | Switched on |
| ON | Switched | Switched off |



Note

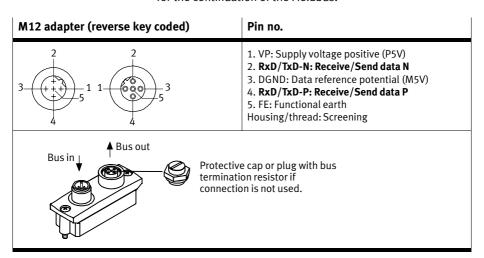
Note the type designation of your Fieldbus plug. The plug type FBS-SUB-9-GS-DP-B switches the continuing Fieldbus cable off when the bus termination is switched on.



Connection with M12 adapter (reverse key coded)

With the adaptor (type FBA-2-M12-5POL-RK) you can connect the SFC-DC to the Fieldbus with an M12 plug connector. You can disconnect the M12 adapter from the SFC-DC without interrupting the bus cable (T-tap function).

Connection to the Fieldbus is made with a 5-pin M12 plug with PG 9 screw connector. Use the second connection socket for the continuation of the Fieldbus.



Tab. 3/10: Pin assignment of the Fieldbus interface with adapter for M12 connection, 5-pin

3.8.4 Connection by other Sub-D plugs

If plug type FBS-SUB-9-WS-PB-K from Festo or Sub-D plugs of other manufacturers are used, you must replace the two flat screws, with which the Fieldbus plug is fastened in the SFC-DC, by a bolt type UNC 4-40/M3x5 (included in delivery).



Note

If both screws or stud bolts are removed simultaneously, there is a risk that the plug may be pressed into the SFC-DC housing with the internal circuit board.

 Always leave one of the screws or stud bolts mounted while changing over.

Proceed as follows:

- First slacken just one of the mounting screws and remove it.
- Screw one of the mounting bolts into the vacant tapped hole and tighten it. Maximum tightening torque: 0.48 Nm
- 3. Repeat steps 1 and 2 for the other screw.



Note

Note that when using Sub-D plugs from other manufacturers only IP20 protection is attained.

3.9 Bus termination with terminating resistors



Note

If the SFC-DC is at the beginning or end of the Fieldbus segment, a bus termination will be required.

• Fit a bus termination to both ends of a bus segment.



Recommendation:

Use the ready-to-use Fieldbus plugs from Festo for the bus termination. A suitable resistor network is incorporated in the housing of this plug (see Fig. 3/4).

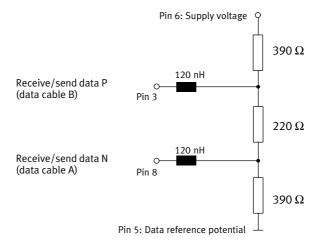


Fig. 3/4: Circuit diagram for bus termination network for cable type A as per EN 50 170 (switch in Festo Fieldbus plug set to ON)

Chapter 4

Contents

| 4.1 | Design | n and function of the control panel 4- | | |
|-----|-----------|---|------|--|
| 4.2 | The me | enu system | 4-6 | |
| | 4.2.1 | Calling up the main menu and selecting a menu command | 4-6 | |
| | 4.2.2 | Selection of a menu command | 4-6 | |
| | 4.2.3 | Enable device control [HMI control] | 4-8 | |
| 4.3 | [Diagno | ostic] menu | 4-9 | |
| 4.4 | [Position | oning]menu | 4-13 | |
| | 4.4.1 | Reference travel [Positioning] [Homing] | 4-14 | |
| | 4.4.2 | Positioning records [Positioning] [Move posit. set] / | | |
| | | [Demo posit. tab] | 4-15 | |
| 4.5 | [Setting | gs]menu | 4-17 | |
| | 4.5.1 | Axis type [Settings] [Axis type] | 4-17 | |
| | 4.5.2 | Axis parameter [Settings] [Axis parameter] | 4-20 | |
| | 4.5.3 | Homing parameters [Settings] [Homing paramet.] | 4-21 | |
| | 4.5.4 | Positioning record table [Settings] [Position set] | 4-22 | |
| | 4.5.5 | Password [Settings] [Password edit] | 4-23 | |
| | 4.5.6 | PROFIBUS address [Settings] [PB parameter] | 4-25 | |



Motor controller type SFC-DC-...-H2-... offers on the control panel all functions necessary for commissioning, programming and diagnosing.

An overview of the button and menu functions can be found in this chapter. Commissioning with the control panel is described starting from chapter 5.2.

With the SFC-DC-...-HO-... (without control panel) you can carry out commissioning of the SFC-DC via the RS232 interface with the Festo Configuration Tool. Instructions on this can be found in chapter 5.3.2.



Caution

Errors may occur if you attempt to access control and operating functions via the FCT and the control panel at the same time.

- Make sure that the FCT, the control panel and the control interface of the SFC-DC are not used at the same time.
- If necessary, use the possibility of blocking parametrisation and positioning functions via the control panel (HMI access, see chapter 5.5.2)



Note

If applicable, remove any protective foil on the display before commissioning.

4.1 Design and function of the control panel

The control panel enables commissioning directly on the SFC-DC with the following functions:

- parametrisation and referencing the axis,
- entering position sets,
- test functions e.g. for moving to individual position sets.
- 1 LC display
- 2 Operating buttons
- 3 LEDs
 - Power (green)
 - I/F (green/red)
 - Error (red)

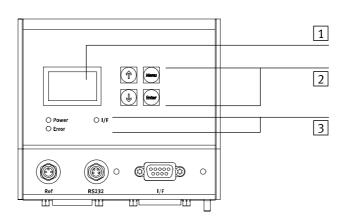


Fig. 4/1: Control panel of the SFC-DC-...-H2-...

With the 4 buttons on the control panel you can carry out all operating functions and settings by means of menus. The graphic LCD display shows all texts in English. The display can be turned in 180° steps, see menu command [LCD adjustment].

The visual display of the operating states is shown via 3 LEDs (see also chapter 6.2).

- Power: Indicates ready status

- I/F: Bus status, positioning status

- Error: Error

| Function | | Key |
|--------------------------|---|--------------------|
| MENU | Activated by the status display from the main menu | Menu |
| ESC | Rejects the current entry and switches back step by step to the higher-order menu level or status display | |
| EMERG.STOP | Interrupts the current positioning procedure (—) Error mode; confirm with <enter>, then automatic return to the status display)</enter> | |
| ОК | Confirms the current selection or entry | Enter |
| SAVE | Saves parameter settings permanently in the EEPROM | Enter |
| START/STOP | Starts or stops a positioning procedure (only in Demo mode). After stop: Display of current position; use <menu> to return to the higher-order menu level.</menu> | |
| $\leftarrow \rightarrow$ | Scrolls within a menu level in order to select a menu command | $\boxed{\uparrow}$ |
| EDIT | Sets parameters | |

Tab. 4/1: Button function (overview)

4.2 The menu system

4.2.1 Calling up the main menu and selecting a menu command

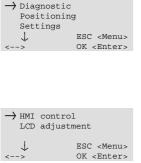
```
SFC-DC-VC-3-E-PB
SLTE...
Xa = 0.00 mm
HMI: off PB: 5
<Menu>
```

When the power supply is switched on, the SFC-DC automatically carries out an internal check. At first the display briefly shows the Festo logo and then switches to the status display. The status display shows the following information:

- the type designation of your SFC-DC
- the type designation/type of the parametrised drive
- the current position of the drive $x_a = ...$
- the current setting of the device control (HMI = human machine interface) and the current PROFIBUS address.

The main menu is accessed from the status display using the Menu> button. The current button function will be displayed in the lower lines of the LCD display.

4.2.2 Selection of a menu command



| Function | | Key |
|--------------------------|---|--|
| $\leftarrow \rightarrow$ | You can use the arrow keys on the control panel to select a menu item from the list. The current selection is marked with an arrow (→ Diagnostic). Select the menu item ↓ in order to display further menu items (HMI control). | $\begin{array}{ c c }\hline \uparrow \\\hline \downarrow \\\hline \end{array}$ |
| ESC | With <menu> you can interrupt the current entry and return step by step to the higher-order menu level or status display</menu> | Menu |
| ОК | With <enter> you can confirm the current selection or entry.</enter> | Enter |

Tab. 4/2: Button function (menu selection)

| Me | nu command | Description | |
|---------------|--|--|--|
| \rightarrow | Diagnostic | Displays the system da | ta and the currently effective settings (see chapter 4.3) |
| | \rightarrow Pos. set table | Displays the position so | et table |
| | → Axis parameters | Displays axis paramete | rs and data |
| | ightarrow System paramet. | Displays system param | eters and data |
| | \rightarrow PROFIBUS Diag | Displays status and dia | gnostic information on the bus communication |
| | $\rightarrow {\sf SW} \ {\sf information}$ | Displays the operating | system version (firmware) |
| \rightarrow | Positioning 1) 2) | Homing and positioning | g runs for testing the positioning records (see chapter 4.4) |
| | \rightarrow Homing | Starts reference run 1) | |
| | \rightarrow Move posit. set | Start positioning run "F | Position set" |
| | → Demo posit. tab | Start positioning run "F | Position set table" |
| \rightarrow | Settings 1) 2) | Select the drive, param | etrisation, programming the position sets, etc. (see chapter 4.5) |
| | → Axis type | → Festo → Sommer | Selection of the manufacturer. Subsequently, selection of the axis, see chapter 4.5. |
| | \rightarrow Axis parameter | \rightarrow Zero point ³⁾ | Offset axis zero point |
| | | \rightarrow SW-limit-neg ³⁾ | Stroke limitation: Software end position, negative |
| | | → SW-limit-pos ³⁾ | Stroke limitation: Software end position, positive |
| | | → SAVE | Saves parameters to the EEPROM |
| | ightarrow Homing paramet. | ightarrow Homing method | Select referencing method (stop, reference switch, etc.) |
| | | → Velocity v_rp | Positioning speed for searching for the reference point |
| | | → Velocity v_zp | Positioning speed for moving to the axis zero point |
| | | → SAVE | Saves parameters to the EEPROM |
| | \rightarrow Position set | \rightarrow Position no. | Number of the positioning record (1 31) |
| | | → Pos set mode | Set status: Absolute or relative positioning |
| | | → Position ³⁾ | Target position of the position set |
| | | → Velocity | Positioning speed of the position set |
| | | → Acceleration | Start acceleration of the position set |
| | | → Deceleration | Deceleration of the position set |
| | | → SAVE | Saves parameters to the EEPROM |
| | \rightarrow Password edit | Set up a local password | d with 3 digits for the control panel (see chapter 4.5). |
| | ightarrow PB parameters | Set PROFIBUS paramet | ers |
| \rightarrow | HMI control 1) | Presetting the device co | ontrol via the control panel (see chapter 4.2.3) |
| \rightarrow | LCD adjustment | Rotate the display in st | eps of 180° |

Tab. 4/3: Menu commands

 $^{^{1)}}$ If necessary password protection $^{2)}$ Control interface must be deactivated, see [HMI control]: HMI=on $^{3)}$ Teach mode

4.2.3 Enable device control [HMI control]

To select the menu commands [Positioning] and [Settings], the "HMI: on" setting is required. Only then is the SFC-DC ready to process user entries on the control panel.

When selecting the menu commands, you are requested to modify the HMI setting.

[HMI control]

You can also modify the setting directly with the [HMI control] menu command.

| HMI contr | ol |
|-----------|--------------------|
| [on/off] | off? |
| HMIAccess | Free |
| | ESC <menu></menu> |
| EDIT <-> | OK <enter></enter> |
| | |

| HMI ¹⁾ | Device control |
|-------------------|--|
| on | The device is controlled manually via the control panel. The control interface of the SFC-DC is deactivated and Control Enable is set. The actual status of the FHPP control byte then has no effect. With active control via the control panel the drive cannot be stopped with the STOP bit. |
| off | Device control is carried out via the control interface of the SFC-DC. |

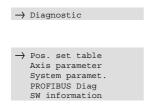
Tab. 4/4: States [HMI control]



The device control "HMI Control" can be blocked via the fieldbus:

- FHPP: Bit CCON.B5, "HMI Access locked" (see also HMI Access, chapter 5.5.2).

4.3 [Diagnostic] menu



Displays the system data and the settings currently in effect.

- 1. Use the arrow keys in the main menu to select [Diagnostic] and press the (Entry) button.
- 2. Select one of the following menu commands:
 - Position record table [Pos. set table]
 - Axis parameter [Axis parameter]
 - System parameters [System paramet.]
 - Displays status and diagnostic information on the bus communication [PROFIBUS-Diag]
 - Version of the firmware of the SFC-DC e.g. V4.02 [SW information]

| Function | | Key |
|--------------------------|--|--------------------|
| $\leftarrow \rightarrow$ | You can scroll through the diagnostic data with the arrow keys | $\boxed{\uparrow}$ |
| ESC | With (Menu) you can return to the higher-order menu level | Menu |

Tab. 4/5: Button function [Diagnostic] menu

[Pos. set table]

N a/r Pos Vel → 1 a 0.00mm 20.00mm/s 2 r 10.00mm 1.50mm/s 3 a -5.00mm 5.00mm/s Menu command for displaying the entries in the position set table.

When the menu command is accessed a table of position sets will be displayed. Select a position set and press the <Enter> button in order to display details of this position set.

| [Pos. set table] | Description |
|------------------|--|
| No. | Number of the positioning record (1 31) |
| a/r | Absolute (a) or relative (r) positioning |
| Pos | Target position |
| Vel | Travel speed |
| Acc | Start acceleration (acceleration ramp) |
| Dec | Deceleration (braking ramp) |

Tab. 4/6: Elements [Pos. set table]

[Axis parameter]

Menu command for displaying the following axis parameters and data:

| [Axis parameter] | Description |
|------------------|---|
| Vmax | Maximum speed of travel |
| Xpos | Stroke limitation: software end position, negative |
| Xneg | Stroke limitation: Software end position, positive |
| Xzp | Axis zero point offset |
| Feed | Feed constant (e.g. thread pitch) |

Tab. 4/7: Elements [Axis parameter]

[System paramet.]

Menu command for displaying the following system parameters and data:

| [System paramet.] | | Description |
|-------------------|---|---|
| VRef | [V] | Internal reference voltage |
| VDig | [V] | Digital voltage |
| Imax | [A] | Maximum possible motor current (e.g. power limitation / motor protection) |
| lact | [A] | Current motor current |
| Temp | [°C] | Operating temperature, power end stage |
| Cycle | Number of positioning cycles | |
| Ref. switch | on/off | Signal at reference switch input |
| Mode | mm | System of measurement (millimetres) |
| Hom.meth. | bl.posbl.negsw.possw.neg | Fixed stop in positive direction Fixed stop in negative direction Reference switch in positive direction Reference switch in neg. direction |
| Gear | e.g. 4.38 | Gear ratio of the drive |

Tab. 4/8: Elements [System paramet.]

[PROFIBUS Diag]

Menu commands for displaying status and diagnostic information on the bus communication:

| [PROFIBUS Diag] | Description |
|-----------------|--|
| ConState | Configuration status - WaitPrm: Wait for parameterising - WaitCfg: Waiting for configuration - DataEx: Data exchange |
| Baud rate | Recognized baud rate of the bus communication. |
| MasterAdr | Field bus address of the field bus master. |
| SlaveAdr | Fieldbus address of the SFC-DC. |
| ActCFG | Current bus configuration. - Invalid: No or incorrect configuration by master (e.g. by invalid GSD file) - FHPP Std.: Control via control bytes - FHPP FPC: Control via control bytes, parameterising via the parameter channel |
| GbDiagnosis | Device-related diagnosis. ON: If there is a fault, request for diagnosis will be sent. OFF: If there is a fault, request for diagnosis will not be sent. |

Tab. 4/9: Elements [PROFIBUS Diag]

4.4 [Positioning] menu

Starting a reference run or a positioning run to test the position records.



Note

- Before starting homing, make sure that:
 - The positioning system is set up and wired completely, and is supplied with power.
 - The parametrisation is completed.
- Do not start a positioning run until the reference system has been defined by means of homing.



Warning

Danger of injury.

With all positioning procedures the motor turns or the connected axis starts to move.

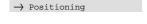
 Make sure that nobody can reach into the positioning range of the moveable load and that there are no objects in its path.



Note

Please note that position records with speed v = 0 or invalid target positions (-> error "TARGET POSITION OUT OF LIMIT) cannot be executed.

4.4.1 Reference travel [Positioning] [Homing].



- 1. Use the arrow keys to select [Positioning] from the main menu and press the <Enter>button.
- → Homing
 Move posit. set
 Demo posit. tab
- 2. Select the menu command:
 - Reference run [Homing]

| [Positioning] | Description | Note |
|---------------|--|---|
| [Homing] | Homing for determining the mechanical reference system | First set the parameter in the menu [Settings][Homing parameter]. Factory setting: Referencing to stop in negative direction. |

Tab. 4/10: Menu command [Homing]



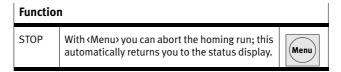
HOMING
v_rp = 10.0 mm/s
v_zp = 5.0 mm/s
STOP<Menu>

3. Make sure that nobody can reach into the positioning range of the moveable load and that there are no objects in its path.

Start the homing run with START (Enter)

The following information is displayed:

- The search speed to the reference point v_rp,
- The travel speed v_zp to the axis zero point



Tab. 4/11: Button function [Homing]

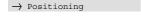
4.4.2 Positioning records [Positioning] [Move posit. set] / [Demo posit. tab]



Note

Do not start a positioning run until the reference system has been defined by means of a reference run.

For testing a particular positioning record in the positioning record table.



Homing

Move posit. set
Demo posit. tab

- 1. Use the arrow keys to select [Positioning] from the main menu and press the button">Enter>button.
- 2. Select the menu command:
 - Positioning run "Positioning record" [Move posit. set]or
 - Positioning run "Position record table" [Demo posit. tab]

| [Positioning] | Description | Note |
|-------------------|---|---|
| [Move posit. set] | Positioning run for testing a particular position record in the position record table. | Parametrisation and referencing must have been completed. |
| [Demo posit. tab] | Positioning run (continuous loop) for testing all position records (1 31) in the position record table. | Parametrisation and referencing must have been completed. There must be at least two position sets in the memory. |

Tab. 4/12: Elements [Positioning]

In the [Demo posit tab] positioning run, all position records $1\dots 31$ in the position record table will be executed one after the other. If the position set table contains a position set with speed v=0, this position set and all the following sets will not be processed; the positioning run will be continued with position set 1.

...
Attention!
Motor moves...
ESC <Menu>
START <Enter>

Pos 1 Xt = 100.00 mm v = 20 mm/s Xa = 90.00 mm EMERG.STOP<Menu> 3. Make sure that nobody can reach into the positioning range of the moveable load and that there are no objects in its path.

Start the positioning procedure with START (Enter).

During the positioning run the following information is displayed:

- the active position set Pos...
- the target position xt
- the positioning speed, v
- the current position xa.

| Function | l. | |
|----------------|--|-------|
| EMERG. STOP | With (Menu) you can interrupt the positioning procedure (—) Error mode EMERG.STOP; confirm with (Enter), then automatic return to the status display). | Menu |
| DEMO STOP | With <enter> you can interrupt the "positioning record table" positioning run [Demo posit tab]. The current positioning record will be executed before the axis stops. If you restart, the run will begin with positioning record 1.</enter> | Enter |

Tab. 4/13: Button function [Positioning]

4.5 [Settings] menu

For parametrising the axis system and programming the position records:

→ Settings

1. Use the arrow keys to select [Settings] from the main menu and press the <Enter> button.

→ Axis type
Axis parameter
Homing paramet.
Position set
Password edit
PB parameters

2. Select

- the axis type [Axis type]
- the axis parameters [Axis parameter]
- the referencing parameters [Homing paramet.]
- the position set table [Position set]
- the password setting [Password edit]
- the PROFIBUS setting [PB parameter]

4.5.1 Axis type [Settings] [Axis type]

[Axis type]

Design of axis driven by the SFC-DC.

Selection of the axis type determines feed constant, encoder resolution, gear ratio and motor type, for example (dependent on the size: nominal current, default controller parameters).

A summary of all axis parameters changed when the axis type is changed is provided in appendix B.2.15 (PNU 1005).



Note

After the axis type or size is changed, a reset is absolutely necessary for adaptation of the internal regulator settings.

 After changing the axis type, switch the power supply off and then on again (Power off/on).

1. First select the manufacturer of the drive.

| [Axis type] | Parameter |
|-------------|---|
| [Festo] | Drives from Festo. Select the type used corresponding to Tab. 4/15: |
| [Sommer] | Drives from Sommer Co. Select the type used corresponding to Tab. 4/16: |

Tab. 4/14: Elements [Axis type] – Manufacturer selection

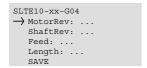
2. Subsequently select the product family and then the type of drive.

| [Festo] | Parameter |
|-------------------|---|
| [SLTE] | Electric mini-slide from Festo. Select the type used: - SLTE10-50-G04: Type SLTE-10-50-LS5,0-DC-VCSC-G04 - SLTE10-80-G04: Type SLTE-10-80-LS5,0-DC-VCSC-G04 - SLTE10-xx Mini slide SLTE size 10, stroke and gear ratio user-defined, see Tab. 4/17. - SLTE16-50-G04: Type SLTE-16-50-LS7,5-DC-VCSC-G04 - SLTE16-80-G04: Type SLTE-16-80-LS7,5-DC-VCSC-G04 - SLTE16-100-G04: Type SLTE-16-100-LS7,5-DC-VCSC-G04 - SLTE16-150-G04: Type SLTE-16-150-LS7,5-DC-VCSC-G04 - SLTE16-150-G04: Type SLTE-16-150-LS7,5-DC-VCSC-G04 - SLTE16-xx Mini slide SLTE size 16, stroke and gear ratio user-defined, see Tab. 4/17. |
| [HGP] | Electric gripper from Festo. Select the type used: HGPLE-14-30: Type HGPLE-14-30, in preparation HGPLE-14-60: Type HGPLE size 14, stroke and gear ratio user-defined, see Tab. 4/17. HGPLE-25-40: Type HGPLE size 14, stroke and gear ratio user-defined, see Tab. 4/17. HGPLE-25-40: Type HGPLE-25-40-2,8-DC-VCSC-G85, Stroke per gripper jaw 40 mm, total 80 mm. HGPLE-25-80: Type HGPLE-25-80, in preparation HGPLE-25-xx: Gripper HGPLE size 25, stroke and gear ratio user-defined, see Tab. 4/17. |
| Support for furth | er drives is in preparation. |

Tab. 4/15: Selection of axis type – Manufacturer Festo

| [Sommer] | Parameter |
|----------|--|
| [GEH] | Electric gripper from Sommer Co. Select the type used: GEH6030: Type GEH6030 GEH6060: Type GEH6060 GEH60xx Gripper GEH60, stroke and gear ratio user-defined, see Tab. 4/17. GEH6140: Type GEH6140 GEH6180: Type GEH6180 GEH61xx Gripper GEH61, stroke and gear ratio user-defined, see Tab. 4/17. |
| [DEF] | Electric rotary module from Sommer Co. Select the type used: DEF60: Type DEF60 DEFxx Rotary module DEF, stroke and gear ratio user-defined, see Tab. 4/17. |

Tab. 4/16: Selection of axis type – Manufacturer Sommer Co.



 Only with selection of a user-defined type: Enter the values one after the other conforming to Tab. 4/17.

The specified PNUs can be found in appendix B.2.15.

| [Axis Values] | Parameter |
|---------------|---|
| [MotorRev] | Gear ratio – Numerator (refer to PNU 1002:01) |
| [ShaftRev] | Gear ratio – Denominator (refer to PNU 1002:02) |
| [Feed] | Gear ratio – Numerator in mm/rev. (refer to PNU 1003:01, fixed denominator = 1) |
| [Length] | Axis length in mm or degrees (refer to PNU 1005:01) |

Tab. 4/17: Input of the axis values for user-defined axes

SLTE10-xx-G04
MotorRev: 57
ShaftRev: 13
Feed: 5.000
Length: 26
ESC <Menu>
SAVE <Enter>

4. Finally, the values of the selected drive are displayed and can be saved with (Enter).

After changing the axis type, switch the power supply off and then on again (Power off/on).

4.5.2 Axis parameter [Settings] [Axis parameter]

[Axis parameter]

Teach mode for setting the axis parameters



Warning

During the teach procedure for specifying the axis zero point and the stroke limitation, the motor turns or the connected drive starts to move.

 Make sure that nobody can reach into the positioning range of the moveable load and that there are no objects in its path.

| [Axis parameter] | Description |
|------------------|---|
| [Zero point] | Offset axis zero point |
| [SW-limit-neg] | Stroke limitation: software end position, negative |
| [SW-limit-pos] | Stroke limitation: software end position, positive |
| [SAVE] | Save parameters in EEPROM |

Tab. 4/18: Elements [Axis parameter]



Note

The set parameters take effect immediately after confirmation with OK <ENTER>. The settings are saved permanently in EEPROM with the [SAVE...] menu command:

 Save the parameter settings with the menu command [SAVE]. Only then will the settings be retained even after switching off the power supply or in the event of a power failure.

4.5.3 Homing parameters [Settings] [Homing paramet.]

[Homing paramet.]

Sets the referencing method and the speeds during the reference run.

The maximum speed during the reference run is limited to 10 mm/s.

| [Hom. paramet.] | Param. | Description |
|-----------------|--------------------|--|
| [Homing method] | block negative | Homing to fixed stop, negative = factory setting |
| | block positive | Homing to fixed stop, positive |
| | switch negative | Homing to reference switch, negative with index search |
| | switch positive | Homing to reference switch, positive with index search |
| [Velocity v_rp] | v_rp | Speed for searching for the reference point |
| [Velocity v_zp] | v_zp | Speed for moving to the axis zero point |
| [SAVE] | Save parameters in | EEPROM |

Tab. 4/19: Elements [Homing paramet.]



Note

The set parameters take effect immediately after confirmation with OK <ENTER>. The settings are saved permanently in EEPROM with the [SAVE...] menu command:

Save the parameter settings with [SAVE]. Only then will
the settings be retained even after switching off the
power supply or in the event of a power failure.

4.5.4 Positioning record table [Settings] [Position set]

[Position set]

Teach mode for programming the position set table.



Warning

During the teach procedure the motor turns or the connected axis starts to move.

 Make sure that nobody can reach into the positioning range of the moveable load and that there are no objects in its path.

| [Position set] | Param. | Description |
|----------------|-------------------------|--|
| [Position no.] | No. | Number of the positioning record [1 31] |
| [Pos set mode] | [absolute/ relative] | Positioning mode absolute = absolute position specification, related to the project zero point relative = relative position specification, related to the current position |
| [Position] | xt | Target position in [mm] |
| [Velocity] | v | Positioning speed in [mm/s] |
| [Acceleration] | a | Acceleration in [mm/s ²] |
| [Deceleration] | d | Deceleration in [mm/s ²] |
| [SAVE] | Save parame | eters in EEPROM |

Tab. 4/20: Elements [Position set.]



Note

The set parameters take effect immediately after confirmation with OK <ENTER>. The settings are saved permanently in EEPROM with the [SAVE...] menu command:

 Save the parameter settings with [SAVE]. Only then will the settings be retained even after switching off the power supply or in the event of a power failure.

4.5.5 Password [Settings] [Password edit]

Access via the control panel can be protected by a (local) password in order to prevent unauthorized or unintentional overwriting or modification of parameters in the device. No password has been preset at the factory (presetting = 000).

Keep the password for the SFC-DC in a safe place,
 e.g. with the internal documentation for your system.



If the active password in the SFC-DC should be lost in spite of care being taken:

The password can be deleted by entering a master password if necessary. In this case please contact your Festo service partner.

Activating a password

[Password edit]

 Select [Password edit] from the [Settings] menu:

Enter a password with 3 digits. The current input position is marked with a question mark.

- 1. Use the arrow buttons to select a digit 0 ... 9.
- Confirm your input with (Enter). The next entry position = "?" will be displayed.
- 3. Set a digit for the next input position.
- 4. After entering the third digit, save your setting with SAVE (Enter).

Access to all parameter and control functions of the control panel is only possible with the password after saving it.

Enter password

As soon as a password is active, it will be scanned automatically when the menu commands [Positioning], [Settings] or [HMI control] are accessed. When the correct password is entered, all parametrisation and control functions of the control panel are enabled until the power supply is switched off.

The current input position is marked with a question mark.

- 1. Use the arrow buttons to select a digit 0 ... 9.
- Confirm your input with (Enter). The next entry position will be displayed.
- 3. Repeat the entry for the remaining entry positions.

When the correct password is entered, all parametrisation and control functions of the control panel are enabled until the power supply is switched off.



Changing/deactivating the password

[Password edit]

 Select [Password edit] in the [Settings] menu:

Enter the existing password with 3 digits. The current input position is marked with a question mark.

- 1. Use the arrow keys to select a digit 0 ... 9.
- 2. Confirm your entry with OK (Enter). The next entry position will be displayed.
- 3. Repeat the entry for the remaining entry positions.
- 4. Enter the new password with 3 digits. If you wish to deactivate the password, enter "000".
- 5. Save your setting after entering the last digit by pressing [SAVE...] <Enter>.

4.5.6 PROFIBUS address [Settings] [PB parameter]

[PB parameter]

PROFIBUS ADR

ESC <Menu>
OK <Enter>

Setting of the field bus address.

Procedure see chapter 5.2.8.

Commissioning

Chapter 5

5. Commissioning

Contents

| 5.1 | Prepara | ations for commissioning | 5-4 |
|-----|---------|--|------|
| | 5.1.1 | Check the connection to the mains power supply | 5-4 |
| | 5.1.2 | Checking the drive | 5-4 |
| | 5.1.3 | General instructions on commissioning | 5-5 |
| 5.2 | Commi | ssioning with the control panel (only type SFC-DCH2) | 5-8 |
| | 5.2.1 | Setting the axis type | 5-10 |
| | 5.2.2 | Setting the reference run parameters | 5-10 |
| | 5.2.3 | Starting a homing run | 5-15 |
| | 5.2.4 | Teach the axis zero point and the software end positions | 5-16 |
| | 5.2.5 | Positioning with positioning records | 5-18 |
| | 5.2.6 | Teach position records | 5-19 |
| | 5.2.7 | Test run | 5-21 |
| | 5.2.8 | Set station number (PROFIBUS address) | 5-22 |
| 5.3 | Commi | ssioning with the Festo Configuration Tool | 5-23 |
| | 5.3.1 | Installing and starting the Festo Configuration Tool | 5-23 |
| | 5.3.2 | Procedure for commissioning with the Festo Configuration Tool \ldots | 5-24 |
| 5.4 | Commi | ssioning at the PROFIBUS | 5-26 |
| | 5.4.1 | Overview of commissioning on the PROFIBUS | 5-26 |
| | 5.4.2 | Install device master file (GSD file) and icon files | 5-27 |
| | 5.4.3 | I/O configuration | 5-28 |
| | 5.4.4 | Configuration with STEP 7 | 5-29 |
| | 5.4.5 | Start parameterising | 5-34 |
| | 5.4.6 | Response monitoring | 5-35 |
| | 5.4.7 | Control commands | 5-35 |
| 5.5 | Festo h | andling and positioning profile (FHPP) | 5-36 |
| | 5.5.1 | Supported operation modes | 5-36 |
| | 5.5.2 | Composition of the cyclic I/O data (FHPP standard) | 5-38 |
| | 5.5.3 | Description of the I/O data (Record select) | 5-40 |
| | 5.5.4 | Description of the I/O data (Direct mode) | 5-41 |
| | 5.5.5 | Description of the control bytes CCON, CPOS, CDIR | 5-42 |
| | 5.5.6 | Description of the status bytes SCON, SPOS, SDIR (RSB) | 5-45 |
| | 5.5.7 | Examples of the I/O data | 5-48 |
| | | | |

5. Commissioning

| 5.6 | Sequei | nce control as per FHPP standard | 5-61 |
|-----|---------|---|------|
| | 5.6.1 | Homing | 5-61 |
| | 5.6.2 | Jog mode | 5-63 |
| | 5.6.3 | Teaching via fieldbus | 5-65 |
| | 5.6.4 | Record selection (positioning mode) | 5-67 |
| | 5.6.5 | Direct mode (positioning mode, power operation) | 5-72 |
| | 5.6.6 | Standstill monitoring | 5-79 |
| 5.7 | FHPP f | inite state machine | 5-81 |
| | 5.7.1 | Create ready status | 5-83 |
| | 5.7.2 | Positioning | 5-84 |
| 5.8 | Instruc | tions on operation | 5-86 |

5.1 Preparations for commissioning

5.1.1 Check the connection to the mains power supply



Note

Make sure that the tolerances for the supply voltage are observed. The tolerances must also be observed directly at the logic and operating voltage connection of the SFC-DC.

The correct values can be found in chapter 3.2 and in the technical specifications in the appendix.

5.1.2 Checking the drive



Warning

Danger of injury.

Electric axes can move suddenly with high force and at high speed. Collisions can lead to serious injury to people and damage to components.

 Make sure that nobody can gain access to the operating range of the axis or of other connected actuators and that no objects lie in the path of the axes while the system is still connected to a power supply (voltage).



Note

During operation, the drive must not strike a stop without shock absorption (exceptions: homing, force mode).

Recommendation: Use shock absorbers or other suitable buffer elements on all stops where no reference run is being carried out.

5. Commissioning

- Before commissioning the positioning drive, make sure that:
 - the work space is of sufficient size for operation with a work load.
 - the work load does not collide with the motor or the gearbox of the drive when the slide moves into the end position,
 - that the positioning drive is within the permitted positioning range when it is switched on.
- Observe the notes in the operating instructions for your positioning drive.

5.1.3 General instructions on commissioning



Warning

Danger of injury.

Errors in parametrisation can cause injury to people and damage to property. In the following cases reference travel is absolutely essential in order that the reference coordinates and the working range can be set correctly:

- during initial commissioning,
- When the referencing method is changed
- each time the logic voltage supply is switched on.



Caution

Faults may occur if you attempt to access control and operating functions with the Festo Configuration Tool and the control panel at the same time.

 Make sure that the Festo Configuration Tool, the control panel and the control interface of the SFC-DC are not used at the same time.



Note

In the following cases it is not permitted to write-access the SFC-DC with the Festo Configuration Tool (e.g. downloading parameters) or controlling (e.g. with "Move manually" or when starting homing):

- When the SFC-DC is currently performing a positioning movement or when a movement is started during access (e.g. via the control interface or via the control panel).
- When parametrisation or operation with the control panel takes place on the SFC-DC.

Observe the following:

- The device connection in the Festo Configuration Tool must not be activated when the control panel is being used for control ("HMI control = on").
- Control with the control panel ("HMI control = on") must not be activated when the device connection in the Festo Configuration Tool is activated.
- Control by the Festo Configuration Tool must not be activated while the drive is in motion or when control is being carried out via the controller interface.

First steps in commissioning

- Switch on the power supply for the SFC-DC.
- Check (if your drive has been configured at the factory) the settings in the menu [Diagnostic].
- Carry out parameterising and commissioning with the control panel or the Festo Configuration Tool, as described in the following sections and in the Festo Configuration Tool/PlugIn help.
 For commissioning, the mechanical structure must be configured and a measuring system must be defined for referencing the reference coordinates. By means of the measuring system all positions are defined and movement can be made to them. Explanations of reference coordinates and the working area can be found in chapter 1.6.
- In order to complete commissioning note the instructions for operation in the Festo Configuration Tool/PlugIn help and in chapter 5.8.



Note

In order to restore the default settings you can, if necessary, delete the EEPROM directly via the serial interface with the CI command 20F1 (Data memory control) (see Chapter 7). User-specific settings will then be lost.

- Use CI commands only if you already have experience of Service Data Objects.
- · If necessary, consult Festo.

5.2 Commissioning with the control panel (only type SFC-DC-...-H2-...)

Working with the control panel

Information on the button functions and on the menu composition of the control panel can be found in Chapter 4.

Device control

Diagnostic
Positioning
Settings

HMI control
LCD adjustment

In order for the control panel to control the connected SFC-DC, the control interface of the SFC-DC must be deactivated and the controller enable must be set. [HMI = on]. The actual status of the FHPP control bytes then has no effect.



Instructions on control enable can be found in chapter 4.2.3.

Procedure for parametrisation and commissioning

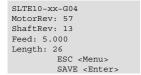
When first commissioning the SFC-DC with the control panel, carry out the following steps. Observe the detailed description in the specified chapters.

| Commissioning (overview) | Chap. |
|--|-----------------------|
| Select the drive type and, if necessary, adapt the parameterising to suit your axis. | 5.2.1 |
| 2. Set the following parameters for homing: Referencing method, search speed to reference point, positioning speed to axis zero point, With referencing method "Fixed stop": Teach an axis zero point ≠ 0 if necessary. | 5.2.2 |
| 3. Carry out a homing run. | 5.2.3 |
| 4. Teach the following axis parameters for defining the axis zero point and the working area: Offset of the axis zero point to the reference point, Positive and negative software end positions. | 5.2.4 |
| 5. Enter several positioning records (target position, positioning mode, positioning speed and accelerations). | 5.2.5 and 5.2.6 |
| 6. Carry out a test run to check the positioning reaction of the axis, as well as the basis coordinates and the working area. | 5.2.7 |
| 7. If necessary, optimize the settings for positioning records as well as for the basis coordinates and the working area. | 5.2.6 |
| 8. Commission the PROFIBUS interface of the SFC-DC. This step can be the first one. | 5.2.8 and 5.4 |
| Before completing commissioning, observe the instructions for operation. | 5.8 |

Tab. 5/1: Commissioning steps

5.2.1 Setting the axis type

1. Select the axis used in the menu [Settings] [Axis type], as described in chapter 4.5.1.



2. Check the displayed values of the drive and save the setting with SAVE (Enter).



Note

After the axis type or size is changed, a reset is absolutely necessary for adaptation of the internal regulator settings.

 After changing the size, switch the power supply off and then on again (Power off/on).

5.2.2 Setting the reference run parameters

In order to search for the reference point and for positioning the drive in the axis zero point, you can set two different speeds. The maximum possible speed is limited at the factory.

Depending on the referencing method, the reference point is defined by means of a reference switch or fixed stop.

Notes on referencing to the fixed stop



Note

Reference travel may only be carried out directly against the fixed stop if the permitted impact pulse is not exceeded.

Operate the positioning drive only with the permitted mass.



Caution

Damage to components

The drive with positioning controller SFC-DC moves during homing to a mechanical stop with adjustable nominal motor torque (default: 100 % of nominal current).

- Limit the maximum current during the reference run by means of
 - the Festo Configuration Tool, see help for PlugIn SFC-DC,
 - PNU 1034 / Object 6073h "Max. current (maximum current)", see appendix B.2.18.



Caution

Damage to components

During operation it is not permitted to move to the mechanical end positions (stops). If movement is made to the end positions with a heavy load, jamming may occur in the end positions.

- Set the offset of the axis zero point ≠ 0,
 e.g. +1.00 mm when referencing to a negative mechanical stop or -1.00 mm when referencing to a positive mechanical stop, for grippers set to +0.50 mm or -0.50 mm correspondingly.
- Limit the positioning range by defining valid software end positions during commissioning (see chapter 1.6).
- Specify target positions only within the permitted positioning range.

Notes on referencing to the reference switch

If homing to a mechanical end position in the application or with rotary drives is not possible, an external sensor (reference switch) can be used as reference signal (see also chapter 1.6).

Special case 1: At the start of homing, the axis stands on the reference switch

If the axis stands on the reference switch at the start of homing it will move in the opposite direction to the reference switch (see 2 in Tab. 1/6).

The axis then moves as usual to the axis zero point (compare 2 in Tab. 1/6).

Special case 2: The axis cannot find a reference switch during homing

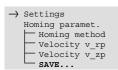
If the axis cannot find a reference switch during homing, it will move until it strikes a stop. It will then remain at the stop until the fault HOMING ERROR is displayed (see chapter 6.3).

The reasons for this can be:

- At the start of homing, the axis already stands behind the reference switch.
- The reference switch is defective.
- the axis is defective or fitted incorrectly, e.g. the coupling "does not grip".

Homing must be repeated after the error message has been acknowledged:

- Acknowledge the error message with <Enter>.
- If necessary, check the function of the reference switch.
- Check the settings of the parameters.
- If necessary, position the drive in Teach mode so that at the start it stands in the search direction in front of the stop or reference switch.
- Repeat the homing run.



Setting parameters

- 1. Set the following homing parameters one after the other:
 - The referencing method [Homing method]
 - The search speed for ascertaining the reference point [Velocity v_rp]
 - The positioning speed to the axis zero point.
 [Velocity v_zp].
- With referencing method "Fixed stop":
 Make sure that the axis zero point is ≠ 0.
 If necessary, teach the axis zero point (see chapter 5.2.4).



Caution

If the referencing method is changed, the offset of the axis zero point will be reset to zero. Existing settings of the software end positions and of the target positions of the positioning record table will be retained. Note that these values refer to the previous axis zero point.

- Always carry out homing after changing the referencing method.
- Then teach the offset of the axis zero point.

If the axis zero point is modified:

- Teach the software end positions and the target positions again.
- 3. Accept each setting with OK (Enter). The setting will then take effect in the drive.
- 4. Save the parameter settings with the menu command [SAVE]. Only then will the settings be retained even after switching off the power supply or in the event of a power failure.
- 5. Finally, carry out homing, otherwise the previous reference system of the SFC-DC will remain unmodified.

5.2.3 Starting a homing run

The following conditions must be fulfilled for homing:

- The drive must be set up completely, wired and supplied with power.
- The SFC-DC must be correctly parameterised.



Note

When carrying out homing note that:

- The drive must be in the permitted positioning range,
- the axis moves in the search direction according to the selected referencing method and at the start must stand in front of the stop or reference switch.
- If necessary, position the axis in Teach mode so that at the start it stands in the search direction in front of the stop or reference switch.
 - Select e.g. [Settings] [Position set] [Position] (see also settings 5.2.6).
 - Move the axis to the desired position manually with the arrow buttons.
 - Interrupt the procedure with ESC (menu), in order that the position is not included in the positioning record table.
- 2. Select [Positioning] [Homing].
- 3. Start the homing run with START (Enter).



After successful homing the axis stands at the axis zero point. With first commissioning or after a change of referencing method the offset of the axis zero point = 0; after homing the axis then stands at the reference point (= axis zero point).

Interrupting the reference run

If necessary, homing can be interrupted with the <Menu>button (STOP).

5.2.4 Teach the axis zero point and the software end positions

Prerequisites for teaching the axis zero point and the software end positions:

- The axis has been completely set up and wired and supplied with power.
- The SFC-DC must be correctly parameterised.
- Homing was successful.

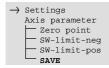
Note

With referencing to the stop, set the offset of the axis zero point to $\neq 0$. You will then prevent movement to the mechanical end positions during operation.

Teach the axis zero point:

- 1. Select [Settings] [Axis parameter] [Zero point].
- 2. Move the drive to the desired axis zero point manually with the arrow buttons.
- 3. Accept the position reached with OK (Enter). The setting will then take effect in the drive. The current position xa becomes the axis zero point. (xa = 0)







Note

If the axis zero point is modified:

Check existing settings of the software end positions and of target positions in the position table. Note that these values refer to the previous axis zero point.

• Teach the software end positions and the target positions again.

Teach the negative and the positive software end positions:

- Select [Settings] [Axis parameter] [SW-limit-neg] or [SW-limit-pos].
- 2. Move the drive manually with the arrow buttons.
- 3. Accept the position reached with OK (Enter). The setting will then take effect in the drive.
- Save the parameter settings with [SAVE].
 Only then will the settings be retained even after switching off the power supply or in the event of a power failure.

5.2.5 Positioning with positioning records

The following conditions must be fulfilled:

- The axis has been completely set up and wired and supplied with power.
- The SFC-DC must be correctly parameterised.
- Homing has been carried out successfully.
- The axis zero point and the software end positions have been set correctly.



Note

Please note that position records with speed v = 0 or invalid target positions (-> error "TARGET POSITION OUT OF LIMIT) cannot be executed.

- After successful homing, carry out a test run, if necessary, without an effective load (see chapter 5.2.7).
- If necessary, optimise the settings for positioning records as well as for the reference coordinates and the working area (see chapter 1.6).
- After a successful test run you can teach the positions in the positioning record table to which movement must be made (see chapter 5.2.6).

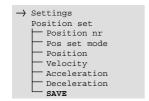


Warning

During the teach procedure the motor turns or the connected axis starts to move.

 Make sure that nobody can place his/her hand in the positioning range of the moveable mass and that no objects lie in its path.

5.2.6 Teach position records



Enter the positioning records as follows:

- 1. Activate the desired position set (1...31) with [Settings] [Position set] [Position no.].
- Complete or correct the positioning mode of the positioning record:
 - Select [Pos set mode].
 - Set the positioning mode with the arrow keys:
 absolute = absolute position specification,
 relative to the project zero point
 relative = relative position specification,
 relative to the current position.
 - Accept the value with OK (Enter).



Note

If you modify the positioning mode, you must then teach again the target position of the positioning record, otherwise the modification of the positioning mode will not be accepted.

- 3. Teach the target position of the position record:
 - Select[Position].
 - Move the drive manually to the desired target position with the arrow keys.
 - Accept the position reached with OK (Enter).
 The setting of the target position and the positioning mode will then take effect in the drive.



Only positioning jobs can be executed with positioning records. Force mode is not possible.

- 4. Complete or correct the speed.
 - Select [Velocity].
 - Set the nominal speed with the arrow keys.
 - Accept the setting with OK <Enter>.
 The setting will then take effect in the drive.
- 5. Complete or correct the acceleration value of the acceleration ramp of the positioning record.
 - Select [Acceleration].
 - Set the nominal acceleration with the arrow keys.
 - Accept the setting with OK <Enter>.
 The setting will then take effect in the drive.
- 6. Complete or correct the deceleration value of the braking ramp of the positioning record.
 - Select [Deceleration].
 - Set the nominal acceleration with the arrow keys.
 - Accept the setting with OK <Enter>.
 The setting will then take effect in the drive.
- Save the positioning record table with [SAVE].
 Only then will the settings be retained even after switching off the power supply or in the event of a power failure.
- 8. Enter the next positioning record.

5.2.7 Test run

- 1. Enter several positioning records in order to check the positioning behaviour (see chapter 5.2.6).
 - Set the target positions at the limits of the positioning range, for example, in order to check the software end positions.
 - Set different speeds, for example.
- 2. Select [Positioning] [Move posit. set] in order to execute a particular position record.
 - or –
- Select [Positioning] [Demo posit. tab] in order to execute all position records. At least two positioning records must be entered in the positioning record table in order that this function can be used.

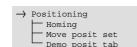
In the [Demo posit tab] positioning run, all position records 1 ... 31 in the position record table will be executed one after the other. If the positioning record table contains a positioning record with speed v=0, this positioning record and all the following sets will not be processed; positioning travel will be continued with position set 1.

With DEMO STOP (Enter) you can interrupt the [Demo posit tab] positioning run. The current positioning record will be executed before the drive stops.

- 4. Start the test run.
 - Check the positioning behaviour.
 - Check the displayed coordinates of the axis.

With EMERG.STOP (Menu) you can interrupt the current positioning procedure.

If necessary, optimize the settings for positioning records as well as for the basis coordinates and the working area.



5.2.8 Set station number (PROFIBUS address)

Before commissioning on the PROFIBUS, you must set a valid station number.

- Permitted station numbers: 0 ... 125.
- The invalid station number 255 is preset.
 This is to make sure that a correct address is set during commissioning or exchange.
- Addresses cannot be assigned by the master (the service Set_Slave_Address is not supported).

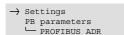


Note

Station numbers may only be assigned once per Fieldbus master.

Set the station number as follows:

- 1. Select [Settings] [PB parameter] [PROFIBUS ADR] (see also chapter 4.5).
- 2. The current address is displayed with (Enter).
- 3. Set the desired address with the arrow buttons.
- Accept the address with OK (Enter).
 The set address becomes effective immediately and is saved against network failure.





5.3 Commissioning with the Festo Configuration Tool

5.3.1 Installing and starting the Festo Configuration Tool

The Festo Configuration Tool (FCT) and the plug-in SFC-DC are installed on your PC with an installation program.



Note

For the controller type SFC-DC-...-PB with

- hardware version from V2.00
- firmware version from V4.0x

you need the PlugIn SFC-DC version V3.0.0.

Check with later versions of the SFC-DC, whether an updated PlugIn is available. If necessary, consult Festo.



Note

Administrator rights are required for installing the Festo Configuration Tool.

You can install the Festo Configuration Tool from the CD ROM as follows:

- 1. Close all programs.
- Insert the Festo Configuration Tool CD in your CD ROM drive. If Auto-Run is activated on your system, the installation starts automatically and you can skip steps 3 and 4.
- 3. Select [Execute] in the Start menu.
- Enter D:\setup (if necessary replace D by the letter of your CD ROM drive).
- 5. Follow the instructions on the screen.

5.3.2 Procedure for commissioning with the Festo Configuration Tool

Starting the Festo Configuration Tool

In order to commission the SFC-DC with the Festo Configuration Tool, carry out the following steps:

- 1. Connect the SFC-DC to your PC via the RS232 interface. Observe here the instructions in chapter 3.5.
- Start the Festo Configuration Tool: Double-click on the Festo Configuration Tool icon on the desktop,

 or switch to the Windows menu [Start] and select the entry [Festo Software] [Festo Configuration Tool].
- Create a project in the Festo Configuration Tool or open an existing project. Add a device to the project with the plug-in SFC-DC.
- 4. Create the device connection (online connection) between the PC and the SFC-DC via the tool bar of the Festo Configuration Tool. It may be necessary here to adapt the controller type, the device name or the axis type.

Device control

In order that the Festo Configuration Tool can control the connected SFC-DC, the control interface of the SFC-DC must be deactivated and the controller enable must be set. The actual status of the FHPP control bytes then has no effect.

 Access the window "General output," tab "Operate," then under "Device control" activate first the box "FCT control" and then the box "Enable". The control interface of the SFC-DC will then be deactivated and the control enable of the Festo Configuration Tool will be set.

Access to the SFC-DC by means of the Festo Configuration Tool can be blocked via the PROFIBUS interface (see chapter 5.5.2, control byte CCON, bit 5). In this case, the check boxes "FCT controller" and "enable" are blocked (inactive).



Instructions on parametrisation and commissioning

Further information can be found in the help for the Festo Configuration Tool with the command [Help] [Contents FCT general] e.g.

- for working with projects and for adding a device to a project,
- for help on defining the measuring system (referencing and reference coordinates),
- for setting the fieldbus address.

The plug-in SFC-DC for the Festo Configuration Tool supports all the steps necessary for commissioning an SFC-DC.

With the PlugIn SFC-DC for the Festo Configuration Tool the necessary parametrisation can be carried out offline, i.e. without the SFC-DC being connected to the PC. This enables the actual commissioning to be prepared, e.g. in the design office when a new system is being planned.

Further information can be found in the plug-in help: Command [Help] [Contents of installed PlugIns] [Festo (manufacturer name)] [SFC-DC (PlugIn name)], e.g.:

- for a description of the dialogues of the PlugIn SFC-DC,
- for a description of the work steps for commissioning,
- for the basic functions: device connection, device names, device control and for password protection.



5.4 Commissioning at the PROFIBUS

The following sections detail the configuration and addressing of the SFC-DC on a PROFIBUS master.

5.4.1 Overview of commissioning on the PROFIBUS

The following steps are required for commissioning the SFC-DC as a fieldbus station:

1. Set the PROFIBUS address on the SFC-DC:

| Settings | Description | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| PROFIBUS address | Permitted address range: 0 125 ¹⁾ | | | | | | |
| 1) under circumstances is limited by the DP master used | | | | | | | |

- on the control panel (only with type SFC-DC-...-H2-..., see chapter 5.2.8), or
- with the Festo Configuration Tool (see help for the Festo Configuration Tool).

Modification by a DP master is not possible.

- 2. Install the GSD file and icon file, see chapter 5.4.2.
- 3. Configure the PROFIBUS master with the relevant configuration software (e.g. with STEP 7 Hardware Configurator), see chapter 5.4.4.
- 4. Test the fieldbus connection in online mode.

Details can be found in the following sections.



5.4.2 Install device master file (GSD file) and icon files

If a new hitherto unknown device is to be incorporated in a configuration program when configuring a PROFIBUS-DP system, an appropriate device master file (GSD file) must be installed for this device. The device master file contains all the necessary information for the configuration program. You will require the appropriate icon files for representing the device graphically.

Obtainable from

This documentation CD contains GSD files and icon files for the SFC-DC in the folder "PROFIBUS". Current GSD files and icon files can be found on the Festo Internet pages at:

→ www.festo.com → Downloads → Download Area: Software, Drivers and firmware → Enter search term Enter search term: SFC-DC

GSD file

You will require one of the following GSD files for the SFC-DC:

- SFC_0973.gsd English
 SFC_0973.gsg German
 (with support for DPV0 and DPV1)
- SFC00973.gsd English
 SFC00973.gsg German
 (only for older controllers/without DPV1)

Icon files

In order to represent the SFC-DC in your configuration software use the following icon files:

| Normal operating status | Diagnostic case | Special operating status | | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|
| | | | | |
| File: sfc-dc_n.dib or sfc-dc_n.bmp | File: sfc-dc_d.dib or sfc-dc_d.bmp | File: sfc-dc_s.dib or sfc-dc_s.bmp | | |

Tab. 5/2: Icon files

Install GSD file and icon files

Depending on the configuration program used, install the GSD file and the icon files with the aid of the appropriate menu command or copy the files manually into a particular directory of your peripheral/PC.

5.4.3 I/O configuration

Two configurations are supported by the GSD files:

- "Festo handling and positioning profile standard"
 GSD entry as "FHPP Standard",
 8 bytes of I/O data, consistent transmission
- "Festo handling and positioning profile with parameter channel" GSD entry as "FHPP Standard + FPC",
 2 x 8 bytes of I/O data, consistent transmission

5.4.4 Configuration with STEP 7

General Information

The Simatic Manager software package provides project planning and commissioning in conjunction with PROFIBUS masters from Siemens or compatible masters. In order to understand this chapter, you should be sure of how to handle your configuration program. If necessary, refer to the documentation for the Simatic Manager. This description refers to software version V 5.3.

An appropriate device master file (GSD file) for the SFC-DC must be installed for configuration.

With the STEP 7 Hardware Configurator you can load the files via the menu command [Options][Install GSD file]
([Extras][Install GSD files]) in the dialogue window "HW Config." Read ("HW Config.").

| Configuration program | File type | Directory |
|----------------------------|--------------|---------------------|
| STEP 7 Hardware | GSD file | \STEP7\S7DATA\GSD |
| Configurator ¹⁾ | Bitmap files | \STEP7\S7DATA\NSBMP |
| | | |

¹⁾ If you copy the GSD files when the SIMATIC Manager has already been started, you can update the hardware catalogue with the command [Options] [Update Catalog] ([Extras] [Update Catalog]).

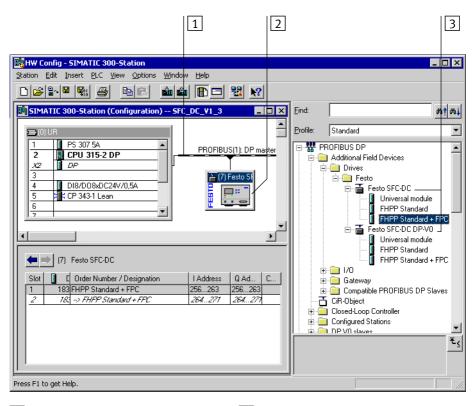
Tab. 5/3: Folder for GSD and icon files STEP 7

Insert SFC-DC as slave

The hardware configuration window graphically represents the structure of the master system. When the GSD file has been installed, the SFC-DC can be selected in the hardware catalogue. It can be found in the group [PROFIBUS-DP [Further field devices] [Drives] [Festo], (see Fig. 5/1).

In order to insert the SFC-DC:

- 1. Pull the station type "Festo SFC-DC DP-V0" or "Festo SFC-DC DP-V1" (3, see 5.4.2) from the hardware catalogue onto the Profibus line (1) of the DP master system (Drag & Drop).
- 2. Enter the PROFIBUS address, which you have set using the Festo Configuration Tool or the control panel, into the "Properties PROFIBUS interface" dialog and confirm the value with OK.
- If necessary, enter other settings in the dialogue window "Properties DP slave" (e.g. the response monitoring, see chapter 5.4.6 or the startup parameterising, see chapter 5.4.5) and confirm with OK.
 The icon of the SFC-DC is displayed on the line of the DP master system (2).



1 PROFIBUS line

3 Enter Festo SFC-DC from GSD file

2 Icon for SFC-DC

Fig. 5/1: Station selection STEP 7

Configuring the slave features

After clicking the icon for the SFC-DC, you can configure the "Slave features" in the lower part of the screen. Here you can determine the number and size of the I/O ranges of the slave and assign them with address ranges of the master.

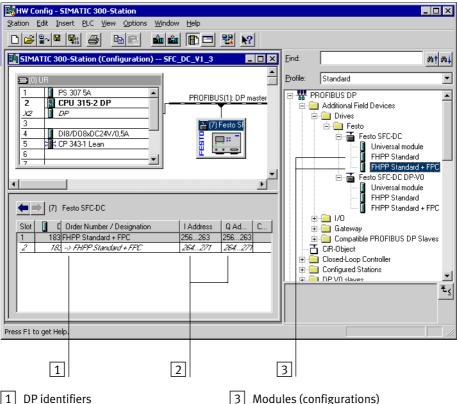
In order to configure the slave features of the SFC-DC:

- 1. Open the available modules (configurations) in the hardware catalogue under [Festo SFC-DC ...].
- Then pull the desired configuration (see chapter 5.4.3) with the mouse into the appropriate line under Component/DP identifier.

With STEP 7 a "universal module" is also offered for compatibility reasons. This must not be used.

The SFC-DC is a modular slave, but with only **one permitted** module. The configuration is defined only by the master.





2 I/O address range

Fig. 5/2: Configuring the slave features

When the configuration is concluded, transfer the data to the master.

5.4.5 Start parameterising

When the connection is built up, parameters are automatically transferred to the slave by the master. These are parameters for the extended configuration of the data exchange. These serve to guarantee improved compatibility with various masters.

Configuration of the data exchange (connection settings).

| Parameter | Туре | Values |
|---|------|--|
| Diagnostic behaviour (GbD switched on/off) | Bool | = 0: In the case of an error, diagnosis will be requested by the master (Default) = 1: In the case of an error, diagnosis will not be requested by the master |

Tab. 5/4: Configuration of the data exchange (connection settings)

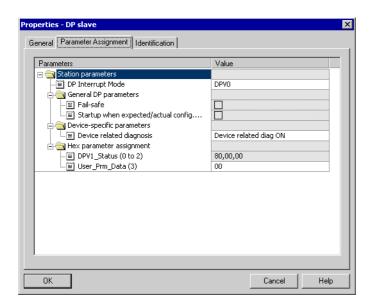


Fig. 5/3: Properties of DP slave – Parametrisation

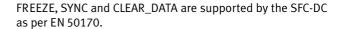
5.4.6 Response monitoring

The response monitoring influences the reaction when Fieldbus communication fails, e.g. due to cable fracture. The SFC-DC can be operated with active or inactive response monitoring.

With active response monitoring, the drive is stopped with the emergency stop ramp and remains still under control when the response monitoring time has expired.

With inactive response monitoring, the current drive function is still carried out if Fieldbus communication fails.

5.4.7 Control commands





The method of accessing these commands depends on the controller used. Please refer here to the documentation for your Fieldbus module.



Caution

The operating mode FREEZE or SYNC will be reset automatically:

- When the SFC-DC is switched on or off,
- or when the Fieldbus interface stops.

Only the operating mode FREEZE will be reset automatically when:

The bus connection to the SFC-DC is interrupted (response monitoring active).

5.5 Festo handling and positioning profile (FHPP)

5.5.1 Supported operation modes

The operating modes differ as regards their contents and the meaning of the cyclic I/O data and in the functions which can be accessed in the SFC-DC.

| Operating mode | Description |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Record Selection (Default) | 31 positioning records can be saved in the SFC-DC. A record contains all the parameters which are specified for a positioning job. The record number is transferred in the cyclic I/O data as the nominal or actual value (FHPP standard). |
| Direct mode | The positioning job is transferred directly in the I/O telegram (FHPP standard). The most important setpoint values (position, velocity, force/torque) are thereby transferred. Supplementary parameters (e.g. acceleration) are defined via parametrisation (FHPP-FPC). |

Tab. 5/5: Overview of operating modes

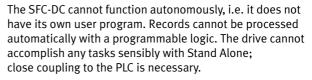
The operating mode is switched by the control byte CCON (see below) and indicated in the status byte SCON. Definition by means of parametrisation is not possible. Switching between modes is only permitted in the "Drive disabled" or "Drive enabled" status.

Record selection

Positioning mode

The SFC-DC has 31 records (1 ... 31) that contain all the information necessary for a positioning job (+ record 0 = homing).

The record number, which the SFC-DC is to process at the next start, is transferred to the output data of the master. The input data contains the record number that was processed last. The positioning job itself does not need to be active.



There are also 3 records with special functions (which cannot be executed in Record Selection mode):

- Record 32 contains the parameters for the Jog mode.
- Record 33 contains the parameters for Direct mode.
- Record 34 is the direct set for the FCT software.

Direct mode

In the direct mode, positioning jobs are formulated directly in the output data of the master.

Positioning mode

The typical application dynamically calculates the nominal target values for each job or just for some jobs. Adaptation to different workpiece sizes is therefore possible. It is not sensible here to parameterise the record list again each time. The positioning data is managed entirely in the PLC and sent to the SFC-DC. Here also, close coupling between the PLC and the SFC-DC is necessary.

Force mode

Alternatively, setpoint values relative to the nominal motor current can be specified as direct mode. This results in a rotary torque and with linear drives in a force (force control).

5.5.2 Composition of the cyclic I/O data (FHPP standard)

The FHPP standard protocol always contains 8 bytes input and 8 bytes output data.



Further 8 bytes I/O as per FHPP-FPC In the cyclic data a further 8 bytes input data and 8 bytes output data are permitted for transmitting parameters in accordance with the FPC protocol (Festo Parameter Channel). The I/O data and the parameters are described in appendix B.1.

| Data | Byte 1 | Byte 2 | Byte 3 | Byte 4 | Byte 5 | Byte 6 | Byte 7 | Byte 8 |
|--------|--|---|---|---|---|--|---|------------------------|
| O data | are retained operation transmit costatus byt CCON, SCO | mode and ontrol and es (e.g. DN,) for he SFC-DC tting the | Record sel (e.g. CDIR, - Record - Feedbac data. | 8 depend or lection) and , SDIR,), a number or so ck of actual p nominal and | transmit fur s well as no etpoint pos position and | ther contro minal and a ition in the o I record nur | ol and status actual value output data mber in the | s bytes s: input |

| I/O data: Record selection | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------|--------|------------|----------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Data | Byte 1 | Byte 2 | Byte 3 | Byte 4 | Byte 5 Byte 6 Byte 7 Byte 8 | | | | | | |
| O data | CCON | CPOS | Record no. | Reserved | Reserved | | | | | | |
| I data | SCON | SPOS | Record no. | RSB | Actual position | | | | | | |

| I/O data | I/O data: Direct mode | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|-----------------------|--------|--------|---|---|--------|--------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| Data | Byte 1 | Byte 2 | Byte 3 | Byte 4 | Byte 5 | Byte 6 | Byte 7 | Byte 8 | | | | |
| O data | CCON | CPOS | CDIR | Setpoint value 1 (velocity) | Setpoint value 2 (position, force/torque) | | | | | | | |
| I data | SCON | SPOS | SDIR | Actual value 1 (velocity, force/ torque,) | Actual val (actual po | | | | | | | |

| Assignment of the control bytes (overview) 1) | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| CCON | B7 OPM2 | B6 OPM1 | B5 LOCK | B4 - | B3 RESET | B2 BRAKE | B1 STOP | B0 ENABLE | |
| | Operating mode selection | | MMI Access blockage | - | Acknowl- edge mal- function | - | Stop | Enable drive | |
| CPOS | B7 - | B6 CLEAR | B5 TEACH | B4 JOGN | B3 JOGP | B2 HOM | B1 START | B0 HALT | |
| | - | Delete remaining path | Teach value | Jog negative | Jog positive | Start reference travel | Positio- ning job Start | Halt | |
| CDIR | B7 FUNC | B6 FAST | B5 XLIM | B4 VLIM | B3 CONT | B2 COM2 | B1 COM1 | B0 ABS | |
| (only Direct mode) | - | _ | Deactivate stroke limit | _ | - | Control mode (Position, force/ Torque,) | | Absolute/ relative | |
| 1) -: Res | erved | • | | | | | | • | |

| | Assignment | of the | status | bvtes | (overview |) 1) |
|--|-------------------|--------|--------|-------|-----------|------|
|--|-------------------|--------|--------|-------|-----------|------|

| SCON | B7 | B6 | B5 | B4 | B3 | B2 | B1 | BO |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|--|------------------------|--------------------|
| | OPM2 | OPM1 | FCT/MMI | VLOAD | FAULT | WARN | OPEN | ENABLED |
| | Acknowledgement Operating mode | | Device controller FCT/MMI | Load voltage applied | Malfunc- tion | Warning | Operation enabled | Drive enabled |
| SPOS | B7 | B6 | B5 | B4 | B3 | B2 | B1 | B0 |
| | REF | STILL | DEV | MOV | TEACH | MC | ACK | HALT |
| | Drive ref- erenced | Downtime monito- ring | Following error | Axis moves | Acknowl- edge teach | Motion complete | Acknowl- edge start | Halt |
| SDIR | B7 | B6 | B5 | B4 | B3 | B2 | B1 | B0 |
| | FUNC | FAST | XLIM | VLIM | CONT | COM2 | COM1 | ABS |
| (only Di- rect mode) | - | _ | Stroke limit reached | Speed limit reached | - | Feedback of control mode (position, force/torque,) | | Absolute, relative |

5.5.3 Description of the I/O data (Record select)

| O data | O data – Record selection | | |
|--------|---------------------------|------------------|---|
| Byte | Bit | EN | Description |
| 1 | B0 B7 | CCON | Control bytes, see chapter 5.5.5 |
| 2 | B0 B7 | CPOS | |
| 3 | B0 B7 | Record number | Preselection of record number for record selection (0 31) |
| 4 | B0 B7 | _ | Reserved (= 0) |
| 5 8 | B0 B31 | _ | Reserved (= 0) |

| I data – Record selection | | | |
|---------------------------|--------|-----------------------------|--|
| Byte | Bit | EN | Description |
| 1 | B0 B7 | SCON | Status bytes, see chapter 5.5.6 |
| 2 | B0 B7 | SPOS | |
| 3 | В0 В7 | Record number | Feedback of record number for record selection (0 31) |
| 4 | B0 B7 | Record status byte (RSB) | See SDIR with Direct mode, chapter 5.5.6 |
| 5 8 | B0 B31 | Position, | Feedback of position for record selection: - position in increments (32-bit number, low byte first) |

5.5.4 Description of the I/O data (Direct mode)

| O data | O data – Direct mode | | |
|--------|----------------------|--------------------|---|
| Byte | Bit | EN | Description |
| 1 | B0 B7 | CCON | Control bytes, see chapter 5.5.5 |
| 2 | B0 B7 | CPOS | |
| 3 | В0 В7 | CDIR | |
| 4 | B0 B7 | Velocity | Setpoint value 1: Specification depends on the controller operating mode (see control byte 3 CDIR) - Positioning mode: Velocity in % of the maximum speed - Force mode: Reserved (not relevant) |
| 58 | B0 B31 | Position Force, | Setpoint value 2: Specification depends on the controller operating mode (see control byte 3 CDIR) - Positioning mode: Position in increments - Force mode: Force/Torque in % of the nominal current (PNU 1035) |

| Idata - | Idata – Direct mode | | | |
|---------|---------------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| Byte | Bit | EN | Description | |
| 1 | B0 B7 | SCON | Status bytes, see chapter 5.5.6 | |
| 2 | B0 B7 | SPOS | | |
| 3 | B0 B7 | SDIR | | |
| 4 | Во В7 | Velocity Force/torque | Actual value 1: Feedback depends on the controller operating mode (see control byte 3 CDIR) - Positioning mode: Velocity in % of the maximum speed - Force mode: Force/Torque in % of the nominal current (PNU 1035) | |
| 5 8 | B0 B31 | Position | Actual value 2: Feedback of the position in increments | |

5.5.5 Description of the control bytes CCON, CPOS, CDIR

CCON

With control byte 1 (CCON) all the states are controlled which must be available in all operating modes. The cooperation of the control bits can be found under the description of the drive functions in chapter 5.6.

| Control byte 1 (CCON) | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|
| Bit | EN | Description |
| BO ENABLE | Drive Enable | = 1: Drive (controller) enabled = 0: Drive (controller) blocked |
| B1 STOP | Stop | = 1: Operation enabled. = 0: Stop 1 active (cancel emergency ramp + positioning job). The axis stops with maximum braking ramp, the positioning job is reset. |
| B2 BRAKE | - | Reserved := 0 |
| B3 RESET | Reset Fault | With a rising edge a fault is acknowledged and the fault value is deleted. |
| B4 - | _ | Reserved := 0 |
| B5 LOCK | HMI Access Lock | Controls access to the diagnostic interface of the drive. = 1: MMI and FCT may only observe the drive, the device control (HMI control) cannot be taken over by MMI and FCT. = 0: MMI or FCT may take over the device control (in order to modify parameters or to control inputs) |
| B6 OPM1 | Select Op erating M ode ¹⁾ | = 00: Record selection = 01: Direct mode = 10: Reserved |
| B7 OPM2 | | = 11: Reserved |
| 1) Switch | ing between Reco | ord selection and Direct mode is also permitted in the status "Ready". |

Switching between record selection and blieft mode is also permitted in the status. Ready

CPOS

| Control | byte 2 (CPOS) | - Record selection and direct mode |
|-------------|--------------------------------|---|
| Bit | EN | Description |
| B0 HALT | Halt | = 1: Halt is not active = 0: Halt activated (do not cancel braking ramp + positioning job). The axis stops with a defined braking ramp, the positioning job remains active (with B6 the remaining path can be deleted). |
| B1 START | Start Positioning Task | With a rising edge the current setpoint values will be transferred and positioning started (record 0 = homing travel). |
| B2 HOM | Start Hom ing | With a rising edge homing is started with the set parameters. |
| B3 JOGP | Jog positive | The drive moves at the specified velocity or rotational speed in the direction of larger actual values, providing the bit is set. The movement begins with the rising edge and ends with the falling edge. |
| B4 JOGN | Jog negative | The drive moves at the specified velocity or rotational speed in the direction of smaller actual values, see bit 3. |
| B5 TEACH | Teach Actual Value | At a falling edge the current actual position is imported into the setpoint register of the currently addressed positioning record; see chapter 5.6.3. The teach target is defined with PNU 520. |
| B6 CLEAR | Clear Remaining Position | In the "Halt" status a rising edge causes the positioning job to be deleted and transfer to the status "Ready". |
| B7 - | - | Reserved :=0 |

CDIR

Control byte CDIR is a special control byte for the operating mode "Direct job".

| Control | byte 3 (CDIR) – | Only direct mode |
|------------|--|--|
| Bit | EN | Description |
| B0 ABS | Abs olute / Relative | = 0: Setpoint value is absolute= 1: Setpoint value is relative to last setpoint value |
| B1 COM1 | Control Mode | = 00: Positioning mode (see also chapter 5.5.7 point 6) = 01: Force mode (see also chapter 5.5.7 point 7) |
| B2 COM2 | | = 10: Reserved = 11: Reserved |
| B3 CONT | - | Reserved := 0 |
| B4 VLIM | - | Reserved := 0 |
| B5 XLIM | Stroke (X -) Lim it not active | Force control: = 0: Stroke monitoring active = 1: Stroke monitoring not active |
| B6 FAST | - | Reserved := 0 |
| B7 FUNC | _ | Reserved := 0 |

5.5.6 Description of the status bytes SCON, SPOS, SDIR (RSB)

| Status by | te 1 (SCON) | |
|---------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Bit | EN | Description |
| B0 ENABLED | Drive Enable d | = 0: Drive blocked, controller not active= 1: Drive (controller) enabled |
| B1 OPEN | Op eration En abled | = 0: Stop active= 1: Operation enabled, positioning possible |
| B2 WARN | Warning | = 0: Warning not registered= 1: Warning registered |
| B3 FAULT | Fault | = 0: No fault= 1: There is a fault or fault reaction is active.Fault code in the diagnostic memory |
| B4 VLOAD | Load V oltage is applied | = 0: No load voltage = 1: Load voltage applied |
| B5 FCT/MMI | Drive Control by FCT/MMI | = 0: Device control by PLC/Fieldbus = 1: Device control by FCT/MMI |
| B6 OPM1 | Display Operating | = 00: Record selection = 01: Direct mode |
| B7 OPM2 | M ode | = 10: Reserved = 11: Reserved |

| Status b | yte 2 (SPOS) | |
|-------------|------------------------------|---|
| Bit | EN | Description |
| B0 HALT | Halt | = 0: Halt is active = 1: Halt is not active, axis can be moved |
| B1 ACK | Ack nowledge Start | = 0: Ready for start (positioning, homing) = 1: Start executed (positioning, homing) |
| B2 MC | Motion Complete | = 0: Positioning task active = 1: Positioning job completed, where applicable with error Note: MC is set after device is switched on (status "Drive blocked"). |
| B3 TEACH | Acknowledge Teach | = 0: Ready for teaching = 1: Teaching carried out, actual value is transferred |
| B4 MOV | Axis is mov ing | = 0: Speed of the axis < limit value = 1: Speed of the axis >= limit value |
| B5 DEV | Drag Error | = 0: No following error = 1: Following error active |
| B6 STILL | Standstill control | = 0: After MC, axis remains in tolerance window = 1: After MC, axis remains outside tolerance window |
| B7 REF | Axis is referenced | = 0: Referencing must be carried out = 1: Reference information present, homing not necessary |

| Status b | yte 3 (SDIR) – | Direct mode |
|------------|---|--|
| Bit | EN | Description |
| B0 ABS | Abs olute / Relative | Positioning mode: = 0: Setpoint value is absolute = 1: Setpoint value is relative to last setpoint value |
| B1 COM1 | CO ntrol M ode feedback | = 00: Positioning mode = 01: Force mode |
| B2 COM2 | | = 10: Reserved = 11: Reserved |
| B3 CONT | - | Reserved |
| B4 VLIM | Speed (V-) LIMit reached | Force mode: = 1: Speed limit reached = 0: Speed limit not reached |
| B5 XLIM | Stroke (X -) LIM it reached | Force mode: = 1: Stroke limit value reached = 0: Stroke limit not reached |
| B6 FAST | _ | Reserved |
| B7 FUNC | _ | Reserved |

5.5.7 Examples of the I/O data

On the following pages you will find typical examples of the I/O data as per the FHPP Standard.:

1. Record selection: Create ready status

2. Direct mode: Create ready status

3. Fault handling

4. Homing

5. Record selection: Positioning mode

6. Direct mode: Positioning mode

7. Direct mode: Force mode

A description of the finite state machine of the SFC-DC can be found in chapter 5.7.

Safeguard device control

| Step/ | O dat | a | | | | | | | | I data | ı | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|--------|------|-------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|------|-------|------|------|-------|------|------|-------|
| description | Byte | В7 | В6 | B5 | В4 | В3 | B2 | B1 | ВО | Byte | В7 | В6 | B5 | В4 | В3 | B2 | B1 | ВО |
| 0.1 Device control | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | LOCK | - | RESET | BRAKE | STOP | ENABL | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | FCT/ | VLOA | FAULT | WARN | OPEN | ENABL |
| HMI = on | CCON | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | х | 0 | 0 | SCON | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Byte 2 | - | CLEAR | TEACH | JOGN | JOGP | ном | START | HALT | Byte 2 | REF | STILL | DEV | MOV | TEACH | MC | ACK | HALT |
| | CPOS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | SPOS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |

0: Logic 0 1: 1 Signal

x: Not relevant (optional)

Tab. 5/6: I/O data "Device control active"

Device control via the control panel or the Festo Configuration Tool is activated. To control the SFC-DC via the fieldbus interface, device control by the FCT/MMI must first be deactivated.

- 1. Record selection: Create ready status
- 1.1 Basic status of the drive when the supply voltage has been switched on.
 - \rightarrow Step 1.2 or 1.3
- Disable device control by FCT/MMI.Optionally, assuming of device control by the FCT/MMI can be disabled with CCON.B5 = 1 (LOCK).
 - \rightarrow Step 1.3
- 1.3 Enable drive (Record select)
 - \rightarrow Homing: Example 4, Tab. 5/10

| Step/ | O dat | a | | | | | | | | I data | l | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|--------|------|-------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|------|-------|------|------|-------|------|------|-------|
| description | Byte | В7 | В6 | B5 | В4 | В3 | B2 | В1 | ВО | Byte | В7 | В6 | В5 | В4 | В3 | B2 | В1 | ВО |
| 1.1 Basic status | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | LOCK | - | RESET | BRAKE | STOP | ENABL | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | FCT/ | VLOA | FAULT | WARN | OPEN | ENABL |
| (Device control | CCON | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | х | 0 | 0 | SCON | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| HMI = off) | Byte 2 | - | CLEAR | TEACH | JOGN | JOGP | ном | START | HALT | Byte 2 | REF | STILL | DEV | MOV | TEACH | MC | ACK | HALT |
| | CPOS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | SPOS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 1.2 Disable device | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | LOCK | - | RESET | BRAKE | STOP | ENABL | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | FCT/ | VLOA | FAULT | WARN | OPEN | ENABL |
| control by FCT/MMI | CCON | Х | х | 1 | 0 | х | Х | х | х | SCON | Х | Х | 0 | Х | Х | Х | Х | х |
| | Byte 2 | - | CLEAR | TEACH | JOGN | JOGP | ном | START | HALT | Byte 2 | REF | STILL | DEV | MOV | TEACH | MC | ACK | HALT |
| | CPOS | 0 | х | х | Х | х | х | х | х | SPOS | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | х | х |
| 1.3 Enable drive, | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | LOCK | - | RESET | BRAKE | STOP | ENABL | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | FCT/ | VLOA | FAULT | WARN | OPEN | ENABL |
| enable operation | CCON | 0 | 0 | х | 0 | 0 | х | 1 | 1 | SCON | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| (Record selection) | Byte 2 | - | CLEAR | TEACH | JOGN | JOGP | ном | START | HALT | Byte 2 | REF | STILL | DEV | MOV | TEACH | MC | ACK | HALT |
| | CPOS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | SPOS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |

0: Logic 0

1: 1 Signal

x: Not relevant (optional)

Tab. 5/7: I/O data "Record selection: Establish readiness to operate"



If there are malfunctions after switching on or after setting CCON.BO (ENABLE):

 \rightarrow Fault handling: see example 3, Tab. 5/9

2. Direct mode: Create ready status

- 2.1 Basic status of the drive when the supply voltage has been switched on.
 - \rightarrow Step 2.2 or 2.3
- 2.2 Disable device control by FCT/MMI. Optionally, assuming of device control by the FCT/MMI can be disabled with CCON.B5 = 1 (LOCK).
 - \rightarrow Step 2.3
- 2.3 Enable drive. (Direct mode)
 - \rightarrow Homing: Example 4, Tab. 5/10

| Step/ | O dat | a | | | | | | | | I data | ı | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|--------|------|-------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|------|-------|------|------|-------|------|------|-------|
| description | Byte | В7 | В6 | В5 | В4 | В3 | B2 | B1 | ВО | Byte | В7 | В6 | В5 | В4 | В3 | B2 | B1 | ВО |
| 2.1 Basic status | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | LOCK | - | RESET | BRAKE | STOP | ENABL | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | FCT/ | VLOA | FAULT | WARN | OPEN | ENABL |
| (Device control | CCON | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Х | 0 | 0 | SCON | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| HMI = off) | Byte 2 | 1 | CLEAR | TEACH | JOGN | JOGP | ном | START | HALT | Byte 2 | REF | STILL | DEV | MOV | TEACH | MC | ACK | HALT |
| | CPOS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | SPOS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 2.2 Disable device | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | LOCK | - | RESET | BRAKE | STOP | ENABL | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | FCT/ | VLOA | FAULT | WARN | OPEN | ENABL |
| control by FCT/MMI | CCON | Х | х | 1 | 0 | х | Х | Х | х | SCON | Х | Х | 0 | Х | Х | Х | Х | х |
| | Byte 2 | - | CLEAR | TEACH | JOGN | JOGP | ном | START | HALT | Byte 2 | REF | STILL | DEV | MOV | TEACH | MC | ACK | HALT |
| | CPOS | 0 | х | х | Х | х | Х | Х | х | SPOS | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | х |
| 2.3 Enable drive, | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | LOCK | - | RESET | BRAKE | STOP | ENABL | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | FCT/ | VLOA | FAULT | WARN | OPEN | ENABL |
| enable operation | CCON | 0 | 1 | Х | 0 | 0 | Х | 1 | 1 | SCON | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| (Direct mode) | Byte 2 | 1 | CLEAR | TEACH | JOGN | JOGP | ном | START | HALT | Byte 2 | REF | STILL | DEV | MOV | TEACH | MC | ACK | HALT |
| | CPOS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | SPOS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |

0: Logic 0

1: 1 Signal

x: Not relevant (optional)

Tab. 5/8: Control and status bytes "Create readiness to operate – Direct mode"



If there are malfunctions after switching on or after setting CCON.BO (ENABLE):

 \rightarrow Fault handling: see example 3, Tab. 5/9



3. Fault handling

Description of errors and warnings see chapter 6.5.

- 3.1 An error is shown with SCON.B3 (FAULT).→ Positioning can no longer be undertaken.
- 3.2 A warning is shown with SCON.B2 (WARN).
 → Positioning can still be undertaken.
- 3.3 Acknowledge fault with positive edge at CCON.B3 (RESET).
 - → Fault bit SCON.B3 (FAULT) or SCON.B2 (WARN) is
 - \rightarrow SPOS.B2 (MC) will be set.
 - \rightarrow Drive is ready to operate.
- 3.4 Quit fault with negative edge at CCON.B0 (ENABLE).
 - → Fault bit SCON.B3 (FAULT) or SCON.B2 (WARN) is reset
 - \rightarrow SPOS.B2 (MC) will be set.
 - → Establish readiness to operate again (see examples 1, Tab. 5/7 and 2, Tab. 5/8)

| Step/ | O dat | a | | | | | | | | I data | l | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|--------|------|-------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|------|-------|------|------|-------|------|------|-------|
| description | Byte | В7 | В6 | B5 | В4 | В3 | B2 | B1 | В0 | Byte | В7 | В6 | В5 | В4 | В3 | B2 | B1 | В0 |
| 3.1 Error | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | LOCK | - | RESET | BRAKE | STOP | ENABL | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | FCT/ | VLOA | FAULT | WARN | OPEN | ENABL |
| | CCON | х | х | х | 0 | х | х | х | Х | SCON | х | х | х | х | 1 | х | х | х |
| | Byte 2 | - | CLEAR | TEACH | JOGN | JOGP | ном | START | HALT | Byte 2 | REF | STILL | DEV | MOV | TEACH | MC | ACK | HALT |
| | CPOS | 0 | Х | х | х | Х | Х | Х | Х | SPOS | х | х | х | х | х | 0 | Х | х |
| 3.2 Warning | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | LOCK | - | RESET | BRAKE | STOP | ENABL | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | FCT/ | VLOA | FAULT | WARN | OPEN | ENABL |
| | CCON | Х | Х | х | 0 | Х | Х | Х | Х | SCON | х | х | х | х | х | 1 | Х | х |
| | Byte 2 | - | CLEAR | TEACH | JOGN | JOGP | ном | START | HALT | Byte 2 | REF | STILL | DEV | MOV | TEACH | MC | ACK | HALT |
| | CPOS | 0 | Х | х | х | х | х | Х | х | SPOS | х | х | х | х | х | 0 | Х | х |
| 3.3 Acknowledge | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | LOCK | - | RESET | BRAKE | STOP | ENABL | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | FCT/ | VLOA | FAULT | WARN | OPEN | ENABL |
| fault | CCON | 0 | Х | Х | 0 | F | х | Х | 1 | SCON | 0 | х | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| with CCON.B3 | Byte 2 | 1 | CLEAR | TEACH | JOGN | JOGP | ном | START | HALT | Byte 2 | REF | STILL | DEV | MOV | TEACH | MC | ACK | HALT |
| (RESET) | CPOS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Х | х | SPOS | х | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 3.4 Acknowledge | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | LOCK | - | RESET | BRAKE | STOP | ENABL | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | FCT/ | VLOA | FAULT | WARN | OPEN | ENABL |
| fault | CCON | 0 | Х | х | 0 | 0 | х | Х | N | SCON | 0 | х | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Х | 0 |
| with CCON.B0 | Byte 2 | 1 | CLEAR | TEACH | JOGN | JOGP | ном | START | HALT | Byte 2 | REF | STILL | DEV | MOV | TEACH | MC | ACK | HALT |
| (ENABLE) | CPOS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Х | Х | SPOS | х | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Х | Х |

0: Logic 0 1: 1 Signal

x: Not relevant (optional)F: Positive edge

N: Negative edge

Tab. 5/9: I/O data "Fault handling"

4. Homing (requires status 1.4 or 1.5)

- 4.1 A positive edge at CPOS.B2 (HOM, Start homing) starts the homing. The start is confirmed with SPOS.B1 (Quit Start) as long as CPOS.B2 (HOM) is set.
- 4.2 Movement of the axis is shown with SPOS.B4 (MOV, Axis moves).
- 4.3 After a successful homing run, SPOS.B2 (MC, Motion Complete) and SPOS.B7 (REF) are set.

| Step/ | O dat | a | | | | | | | | I data | l | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|--------|------|-------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|------|-------|------|------|-------|------|------|-------|
| description | Byte | В7 | В6 | B5 | В4 | В3 | B2 | B1 | ВО | Byte | В7 | В6 | В5 | В4 | В3 | B2 | В1 | ВО |
| 4.1 Start homing | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | LOCK | - | RESET | BRAKE | STOP | ENABL | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | FCT/ | VLOA | FAULT | WARN | OPEN | ENABL |
| | CCON | 0 | х | х | 0 | 0 | х | 1 | 1 | SCON | 0 | х | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| | Byte 2 | - | CLEAR | TEACH | JOGN | JOGP | ном | START | HALT | Byte 2 | REF | STILL | DEV | MOV | TEACH | MC | ACK | HALT |
| | CPOS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | F | 0 | 1 | SPOS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 4.2 Homing is running | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | LOCK | - | RESET | BRAKE | STOP | ENABL | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | FCT/ | VLOA | FAULT | WARN | OPEN | ENABL |
| | CCON | 0 | Х | Х | 0 | 0 | Х | 1 | 1 | SCON | 0 | Х | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| | Byte 2 | - | CLEAR | TEACH | JOGN | JOGP | ном | START | HALT | Byte 2 | REF | STILL | DEV | MOV | TEACH | MC | ACK | HALT |
| | CPOS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | SPOS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 4.3 Homing is | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | LOCK | - | RESET | BRAKE | STOP | ENABL | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | FCT/ | VLOA | FAULT | WARN | OPEN | ENABL |
| finished | CCON | 0 | Х | Х | 0 | 0 | Х | 1 | 1 | SCON | 0 | Х | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| | Byte 2 | - | CLEAR | TEACH | JOGN | JOGP | ном | START | HALT | Byte 2 | REF | STILL | DEV | MOV | TEACH | MC | ACK | HALT |
| | CPOS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | SPOS | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |

0: Logic 0

1: 1 Signal

x: Not relevant (optional)

F: Positive edge

Tab. 5/10: I/O data "homing"



If there are faults during homing:

 \rightarrow Fault handling: see example 3, Tab. 5/9

5. Record selection: Positioning mode (requires status 1.3/2.3 and 4.)

When the readiness to operate is established and the homing has been carried out, a positioning job can be started (sequence defined by steps 5.1 ... 5.4):

- 5.1 Preselect record number: Byte 3 of the output data
 0 = Reference travel
 1 ... 31 = Programmable positioning records
- 5.2 With CPOS.B1 (START, Start job) the preselected positioning job will be started. The start is confirmed
- positioning job will be started. The start is confirmed with SPOS.B1 (Quit Start) as long as CPOS.B1 (START) is set.
- 5.3 Movement of the axis is shown with SPOS.B4 (MOV, Axis moves).
- 5.4 At the end of the positioning job, SPOS.B2 (MC, Motion Complete) will be set.

If there are faults during positioning:

 \rightarrow Fault handling: see example 3, Tab. 5/9



| Step/ | O data | | | | | | | | | I data | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|---------------|------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|---------------|------|-------|-------|--------|----------|-------|----------------|-------|
| description | Byte | В7 | В6 | B5 | В4 | В3 | B2 | В1 | ВО | Byte | В7 | В6 | В5 | В4 | В3 | В2 | В1 | ВО |
| 5.1 Preselect | Byte 3 | | | | Record | number | | | | Byte 3 | | | | Record | l number | | | |
| record number (byte 3) | Record no. | Re | cord | l no. | (0 | . 31) |) | | | Record no. | Pro | evio | us r | ecor | rd no | o. (0 | 3 ⁻ | 1) |
| 5.2 Start task | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | LOCK | - | RESET | BRAKE | STOP | ENABL | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | FCT/ | VLOA | FAULT | WARN | OPEN | ENABL |
| | CCON | 0 | 0 | х | 0 | 0 | х | 1 | 1 | SCON | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| | Byte 2 | - | CLEAR | TEACH | JOGN | JOGP | ном | START | HALT | Byte 2 | REF | STILL | DEV | MOV | TEACH | MC | ACK | HALT |
| | CPOS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | F | 1 | SPOS | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 5.3 Task running | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | LOCK | - | RESET | BRAKE | STOP | ENABL | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | FCT/ | VLOA | FAULT | WARN | OPEN | ENABL |
| | CCON | 0 | 0 | х | 0 | 0 | х | 1 | 1 | SCON | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| | Byte 2 | 1 | CLEAR | TEACH | JOGN | JOGP | ном | START | HALT | Byte 2 | REF | STILL | DEV | MOV | TEACH | MC | ACK | HALT |
| | CPOS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | SPOS | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| | Byte 3 | | | | Record | number | | • | | Byte 3 | | • | • | Record | l number | | | |
| | Record no. | Re | cord | l no. | (0 | . 31) |) | | | Record no. | Cu | rrer | it re | cord | l no. | (0 | . 31) |) |
| 5.4 Task finished | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | LOCK | - | RESET | BRAKE | STOP | ENABL | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | FCT/ | VLOA | FAULT | WARN | OPEN | ENABL |
| | CCON | 0 | 0 | х | 0 | 0 | х | 1 | 1 | SCON | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| | Byte 2 | - | CLEAR | TEACH | JOGN | JOGP | ном | START | HALT | Byte 2 | REF | STILL | DEV | MOV | TEACH | MC | ACK | HALT |
| | CPOS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | SPOS | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| | Byte 5 8 | | | | Res | erved | | | | Byte 5 8 | | | | Pos | sition | | | |
| | _ | Re | serv | ed | | | | | | Act. pos. | Ac | tual | pos | itio | n (in | cren | nent | :s) |

Tab. 5/11: I/O data "Record selection: Positioning mode"

^{0:} Logic 0 1: 1 Signal

x: Not relevant (optional)

F: Positive edge

6. Direct mode: Positioning mode (requires status 1.3/2.3 and 4.)

When the readiness to operate is established and the homing has been carried out, a setpoint position must be preselected (sequence defined by steps 6.1 ... 6.4)

- 6.1 The setpoint position is transferred in increments in bytes 5 ... 8 of the output word.The nominal speed is transferred in % in byte 3 (0 = no speed; 100 = max. speed).
- 6.2 With CPOS.B1 START (Start positioning job) the preselected positioning job will be started. The start is confirmed with SPOS.B1 (Quit Start) as long as CPOS.B1 (START) is set.
- 6.3 Movement of the axis is shown with SPOS.B4 (MOV, Axis moves).
- 6.4 At the end of the positioning job, SPOS.B2 (MC, Motion Complete) will be set.

If there are faults during positioning:

→ Fault handling: see example 3, Tab. 5/9



| Step/ | O data | ı | | | | | | | | I data | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|------|-------|--------------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------------|------|-------|-------------|------|-------|------|-------|-------|
| description | Byte | В7 | В6 | B5 | В4 | В3 | B2 | В1 | ВО | Byte | В7 | В6 | В5 | В4 | В3 | B2 | В1 | ВО |
| 6.1 Preselect | Byte 4 | | | | Vel | ocity | | | | Byte 4 | | | | Vel | ocity | | | |
| position and speed (bytes 4 and 5 8) | Speed | | | pres | | ctior | 1 | | | Speed | Sp | eed | fee | dba | ck ((|) 1 | 100 ' | %) |
| | Byte 5 8 | | | | Pos | ition | | | | Byte 5 8 | | | | Pos | ition | | | |
| | Set- point pos. | | _ | posi apte | | • | rem | ents | s), | Act. pos. | | | pos apte | | • | cren | nent | ːs), |
| 6.2 Start task | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | LOCK | - | RESET | BRAKE | STOP | ENABL | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | FCT/ | VLOA | FAULT | WARN | OPEN | ENABL |
| | CCON | 0 | 1 | х | 0 | 0 | х | 1 | 1 | SCON | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| | Byte 2 | - | CLEAR | TEACH | JOGN | JOGP | ном | START | HALT | Byte 2 | REF | STILL | DEV | MOV | TEACH | MC | ACK | HALT |
| | CPOS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | F | 1 | SPOS | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| | Byte 3 | FUNC | FAST | XLIM | VLIM | CONT | COM2 | COM1 | ABS | Byte 3 | FUNC | FAST | XLIM | VLIM | CONT | COM2 | COM1 | ABS |
| | CDIR | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | S | SDIR | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | S |
| 6.3. Task running | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | LOCK | - | RESET | BRAKE | STOP | ENABL | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | FCT/ | VLOA | FAULT | WARN | OPEN | ENABL |
| | CCON | 0 | 1 | х | 0 | 0 | х | 1 | 1 | SCON | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| | Byte 2 | - | CLEAR | TEACH | JOGN | JOGP | ном | START | HALT | Byte 2 | REF | STILL | DEV | MOV | TEACH | MC | ACK | HALT |
| | CPOS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | SPOS | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 6.4 Task finished | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | LOCK | - | RESET | BRAKE | STOP | ENABL | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | FCT/ | VLOA | FAULT | WARN | OPEN | ENABL |
| | CCON | 0 | 1 | х | 0 | 0 | х | 1 | 1 | SCON | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| | Byte 2 | - | CLEAR | TEACH | JOGN | JOGP | ном | START | HALT | Byte 2 | REF | STILL | DEV | MOV | TEACH | MC | ACK | HALT |
| | CPOS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | SPOS | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |

0: Logic 0 1: 1 Signal

x: Not relevant (optional)
F: Positive edge
S: Positioning condition: 0 = absolute 1 = relative

Tab. 5/12: I/O data "Direct mode: Positioning mode"

7. Direct mode: Force mode (requires status 1.3/2.3 and 4.)

When the readiness to operate is established and the homing has been carried out, a setpoint must be specified and the force mode must be prepared (only for axis type gripper HGPLE, GEH).

The resulting force is heavily dependent on the speed used to position the workpiece (clearance to the workpiece, parametrisation of speed limits).

- 7.1 Specify the setpoint value in % of the nominal motor current. (Note frictional influences of the connected axis).
- 7.2 Prepare force mode Set bit CDIR.B1 (COM1, Control mode) and if desired set bit CDIR.B5 (XLIM, deactivate stroke limit) for the stroke limitation.
- 7.3 Start the job with CPOS.B1 START. The start is confirmed with SPOS.B1 (Quit Start) as long as CPOS.B1 (START) is set.

7.4 or 7.5

Depending on whether the setpoint value is reached or not, the relevant bits in the status will be set.

- 7.6 The job will be finished automatically when the stroke limit or software end position is reached. Switching is made again to position control.
- 7.7 The job can be discontinued by the controller e.g. B. with CCON.B1 (STOP).

Note

A change of the setpoint value for force mode is possible only after the last specification (MC) is reached by a new starting edge!

If there are faults during force mode: see example 3, Tab. 5/9 Fault handling.





| Step/ | O dat | a | | | | | | | | I data | ı | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------|------|--------------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--|-------|------|------|--------|------|------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| description | Byte | В7 | В6 | B5 | В4 | В3 | В2 | B1 | ВО | Byte | В7 | В6 | В5 | В4 | В3 | В2 | B1 | ВО | | | | |
| 7.1 Specify setpoint value | 4 | no | t rele | evan | t | | | | | 4 | Actual value in % of the nominal current | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 5 8 | | tual mina | | | | fthe | | | 58 | Ac | tual | pos | itio | n in i | ncre | eme | nts | | | | |
| 7.2 Prepare force | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | LOCK | - | RESET | BREAK | STOP | ENABL | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | FCT/ | VLOA | FAULT | WARN | OPEN | ENABL | | | | |
| mode | CCON | 0 | 1 | х | х | 0 | х | 1 | 1 | SCON | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | | | | |
| | Byte 2 | - | CLEAR | TEACH | JOGN | JOGP | ном | START | HALT | Byte 2 | REF | STILL | DEV | MOV | TEACH | MC | ACK | HALT | | | | |
| | CPOS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | SPOS | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | | | | |
| | Byte 3 | FUNC | FAST | XUM | - | CONT | COM2 | COM1 | ABS | Byte 3 | FUNC | FAST | XUM | VUM | CONT | COM2 | COM1 | ABS | | | | |
| | CDIR | 0 | 0 | S | Х | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | SDIR | 0 | 0 | 0 | х | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| 7.3 Start task | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | LOCK | _ | RESET | BREAK | STOP | ENABL | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | FCT/ | VLOA | FAULT | WARN | OPEN | ENABL | | | | |
| | CCON | 0 | 1 | х | х | 0 | х | 1 | 1 | SCON | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | | | | |
| | Byte 2 | - | CLEAR | TEACH | JOGN | JOGP | ном | START | HALT | Byte 2 | REF | STILL | DEV | MOV | TEACH | MC | ACK | HALT | | | | |
| | CPOS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | F | 1 | SPOS | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | | | | |
| | Byte 3 | FUNC | FAST | XUM | - | CONT | COM2 | COM1 | ABS | Byte 3 | FUNC | FAST | XUM | VUM | CONT | COM2 | COM1 | ABS | | | | |
| | CDIR | 0 | 0 | S | х | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | SDIR | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | | | | |
| 7.4 Task running | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | LOCK | - | RESET | BREAK | STOP | ENABL | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | FCT/ | VLOA | FAULT | WARN | OPEN | ENABL | | | | |
| (setpoint value not | CCON | 0 | 1 | х | х | 0 | х | 1 | 1 | SCON | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | | | | |
| reached) | Byte 2 | - | CLEAR | TEACH | JOGN | JOGP | ном | START | HALT | Byte 2 | REF | STILL | DEV | MOV | TEACH | MC | ACK | HALT | | | | |
| | CPOS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | x | 1 | SPOS | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | х | 1 | | | | |
| | Byte 3 | FUNC | FAST | XUM | - | CONT | COM2 | COM1 | ABS | Byte 3 | FUNC | FAST | XUM | VUM | CONT | COM2 | COM1 | ABS | | | | |
| | CDIR | 0 | 0 | S | х | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | SDIR | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | | | | |
| | | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

0: Logic 0 1: 1 Signal x: Not relevant (optional) F: Positive edge

S: Path limitation (stroke limit): 0 = Stroke limit active

1 = Stroke limit not active

| Step/ | O dat | a | | | | | | | | I data | ı | | | | | | | |
|--|--------|------|-------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|------|-------|------|------|-------|------|------|-------|
| description | Byte | В7 | В6 | B5 | В4 | В3 | B2 | В1 | ВО | Byte | В7 | В6 | В5 | В4 | В3 | В2 | В1 | ВО |
| 7.5 Task running | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | LOCK | - | RESET | BREAK | STOP | ENABL | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | FCT/ | VLOA | FAULT | WARN | OPEN | ENABL |
| (setpoint value reached) | CCON | 0 | 1 | Х | х | 0 | х | 1 | 1 | SCON | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| reactied) | Byte 2 | - | CLEAR | TEACH | JOGN | JOGP | ном | START | HALT | Byte 2 | REF | STILL | DEV | MOV | TEACH | MC | ACK | HALT |
| | CPOS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | x | 1 | SPOS | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Х | 1 |
| | Byte 3 | FUNC | FAST | XUM | - | CONT | COM2 | COM1 | ABS | Byte 3 | FUNC | FAST | XUM | VUM | CONT | COM2 | COM1 | ABS |
| | CDIR | 0 | 0 | S | Х | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | SDIR | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 7.6 Job discontinued | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | LOCK | - | RESET | BREAK | STOP | ENABL | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | FCT/ | VLOA | FAULT | WARN | OPEN | ENABL |
| (stroke limit or software end position | CCON | 0 | 1 | х | х | 0 | х | 1 | 1 | SCON | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| reached) | Byte 2 | - | CLEAR | TEACH | JOGN | JOGP | ном | START | HALT | Byte 2 | REF | STILL | DEV | MOV | TEACH | MC | ACK | HALT |
| | CPOS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | x | 1 | SPOS | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Х | 1 |
| | Byte 3 | FUNC | FAST | XUM | - | CONT | COM2 | COM1 | ABS | Byte 3 | FUNC | FAST | XUM | VUM | CONT | COM2 | COM1 | ABS |
| | CDIR | 0 | 0 | S | х | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | SDIR | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.7 Stop job | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | LOCK | - | RESET | BREAK | STOP | ENABL | Byte 1 | OPM2 | OPM1 | FCT/ | VLOA | FAULT | WARN | OPEN | ENABL |
| (e.g. with STOP) | CCON | 0 | 1 | х | х | 0 | х | 0 | 1 | SCON | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| | Byte 2 | - | CLEAR | TEACH | JOGN | JOGP | ном | START | HALT | Byte 2 | REF | STILL | DEV | MOV | TEACH | MC | ACK | HALT |
| | CPOS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | x | 1 | SPOS | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Х | 1 |
| | Byte 3 | FUNC | FAST | XUM | - | CONT | COM2 | COM1 | ABS | Byte 3 | FUNC | FAST | XUM | VUM | CONT | COM2 | COM1 | ABS |
| | CDIR | 0 | 0 | S | х | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | SDIR | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

0: Logic 0 1: 1 Signal

x: Not relevant (optional)

F: Positive edge

S: Path limitation (stroke limit): 0 = Stroke limit active 1 = Stroke limit not active

Tab. 5/13: I/O data Direct mode: Force mode

5.6 Sequence control as per FHPP standard

5.6.1 Homing



Information on homing, reference coordinates and calculation rules for the reference system are provided in chapter 1.6.

In the case of electric drives with the SFC-DC, after the operating voltage is switched on, it is a requirement that a homing run is completed before a positioning job can be carried out (the parameter "homing required" – PNU 1014 – must = 1).

The drive homes against a stop or a reference switch. An increase in the motor current indicates that a stop has been reached. As the drive must not continuously reference against the stop, it must move at least one millimetre back into the stroke range.

Sequence:

- Search for the reference point in accordance with the configured method.
- 2. Move relative to the reference point around the "Offset axis zero point".
- 3. Set at axis zero point: Current position = 0 - project zero offset.

| Overview of parameters involved (see also appendix B.2.15) | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|-----|------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| Parameters involved | Description | FCT | PNU | CI | | | | |
| | Axis zero point offset | х | 1010 | 607Ch | | | | |
| | Homing method (permitted: 7, 11, -18, -17) | х | 1011 | 6098h | | | | |
| | Homing speeds | х | 1012 | 6099h | | | | |
| | Reference travel required | - | 1014 | 23F6h | | | | |
| | Homing maximum torque | х | 1015 | 23F7h | | | | |
| Start (FHPP) | CPOS.B2 = Positive edge: Start homing | | | | | | | |
| Acknowledgement (FHPP) | SPOS.B1 = Positive edge: Acknowledge start SPOS.B7 = Drive referenced | | | | | | | |
| Prerequisites | Device control by PLC/fieldbus Controller must be in status "Operation enabled" There must not be any command for jogging | | | | | | | |

Tab. 5/14: Parameters involved in homing

| Homin | g methods | 1) |
|---------------------|-----------------|--|
| Hex | Dec | Description |
| 07h | 7 | Search for reference switch in positive direction. The reference position lies at the first index pulse in the negative direction; the reference switch supplies a 0-signal. |
| 0Bh | 11 | Search for reference switch in negative direction. The reference position lies at the first index pulse in the positive direction; the reference switch supplies a 0-signal. |
| EFh | -17 | Search for negative stop. The point found is the reference position. As the axis must not stand still at the stop, the offset axis zero point must be $\neq 0$. |
| EEh | -18 | Search for positive stop. The point found is the reference position. As the axis must not stand still at the stop, the offset axis zero point must be $\neq 0$. |
| ¹⁾ Detai | led description | on of the homing methods see chapter 5.2.2. |

Tab. 5/15: Overview of homing methods

5.6.2 Jog mode

In the status "Operation enabled" the drive can be moved to the left/right by jogging. This function is usually used for:

- Moving to teach positions.
- Moving the drive out of the way (e.g. after a system fault).
- Manual motion as a normal operating mode (manual feed).

Sequence

- When one of the signals "Jog left / Jog right" is set, the drive starts to move slowly. Due to the slow speed, a position can be defined very accurately.
- If the signal remains set for longer than the configured "phase 1 duration", the speed is increased until the configured maximum speed is reached. In this way large strokes can be traversed quickly
- 3. If the signal changes to 0, the drive is braked with the pre-set maximum deceleration.
- 4. The drive stops automatically if it reaches a software end position. The software end position is not exceeded, the path for stopping depends on the ramp set. The jog mode can be exited here with Jogging = 0.

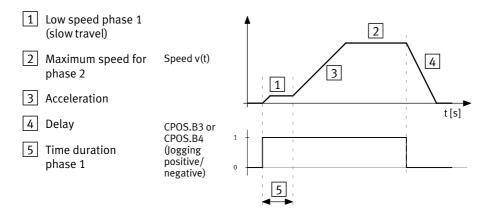


Fig. 5/4: Sequence diagram for jog mode

| Overview of parar | Overview of parameters involved (see appendix B.2.9) | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---|-----|-----|---------|--|--|--|--|
| Parameters | Description | FCT | PNU | CI | | | | |
| involved | Jog mode speed phase 2 in speed unit (inc/s) | х | 531 | 20ED/21 | | | | |
| | Jog mode acceleration in acceleration unit (inc/s²) | х | 532 | 20EE/21 | | | | |
| | Jog mode deceleration in deceleration unit (inc/s²) | х | 533 | 20EF/21 | | | | |
| | Jog mode duration phase 1 (T1) in ms | х | 534 | 20E9/21 | | | | |
| Start (FHPP) | CPOS.B3 = Positive edge: Jog positive (forwards) CPOS.B4 = Positive edge: Jog negative (backwards) | | | | | | | |
| Acknowledgement (FHPP) | SPOS.B4 = 1: Drive moving SPOS.B2 = 0: (Motion Complete) | | | | | | | |
| Prerequisites | Device control by PLC/fieldbus Controller must be in status "Operation enabled" | | | | | | | |

Tab. 5/16: Parameters involved in jogging mode

5.6.3 Teaching via fieldbus

Position values can be taught via the fieldbus.

Previously taught position values will then be overwritten.

Sequence

- The drive will be moved to the desired position by the jogging mode or manually. This can be accomplished in jog mode by positioning or by moving by hand in the status "Drive blocked".
- 2. The user must make sure that the desired parameter is selected. For this the parameter "Teach target" and, if applicable, the correct record address must be entered.

| Teach target (PNU 520) | Is taught |
|---------------------------|--|
| = 1 (specification) | Setpoint position in the positioning record. Record selection: Positioning record after control byte 3 Direct mode: Positioning record after PNU = 400 |
| = 2 | Axis zero point |
| = 3 | Project zero point |
| = 4 | Lower software end position |
| = 5 | Upper software end position |

Tab. 5/17: Overview of teach targets

3. Teaching takes place via the handshake of the bits in the control and status bytes CPOS/SPOS:

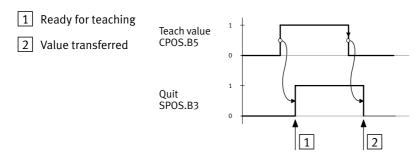


Fig. 5/5: Handshake during teaching



Note:

The drive must not stand still for teaching. However, a speed of 1 m/s means that the actual position changes by 1 mm every millisecond. With the usual cycle times of the PLC + fieldbus + motor controller there will be inaccuracies of several millimetres even at a speed of only 100 mm/s.

| Overview of parameters involved (see appendix B.2.8 and B.2.9) | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|-------------------------------------|---------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Parameters involved | Description | FCT | PNU | CI | | | | | |
| | Teach target | _ 1) | 520 | 21FEh | | | | | |
| | Record number | _ 1) | 400 | 2190h | | | | | |
| Start (FHPP) | SPOS.B5 = Falling edge: Teach value | SPOS.B5 = Falling edge: Teach value | | | | | | | |
| Acknowledgement (FHPP) | SPOS.B2 = 1: Value transferred | | | | | | | | |
| Prerequisites | Device control by PLC/fieldbus Controller must be in status "Operation enabled" | | | | | | | | |
| 1) Teaching is made pos | ssible in the Festo Configuration Tool by means of spe | cial fun | ctions. | | | | | | |

Tab. 5/18: Teach parameters involved

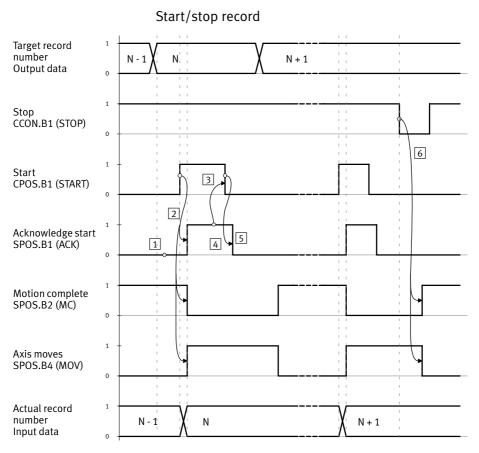
5.6.4 Record selection (positioning mode)

A record can be started in the status "Operation enabled." This function is usually used for:

- Moving to any position in the record list by the PLC,
- processing a positioning profile by linking records
- known target positions that seldom change (recipe change).

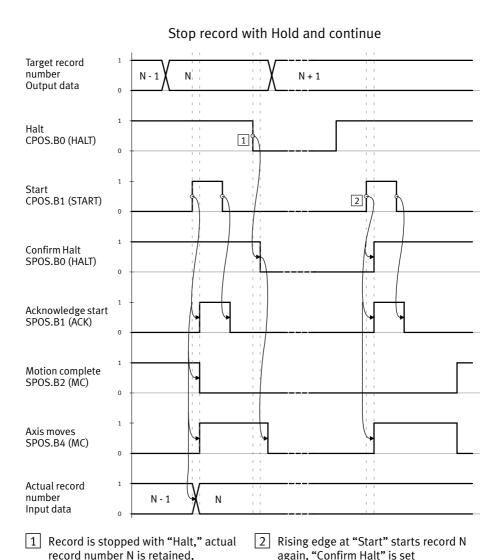
Sequence

- Set the desired record number in the output data of the master. Until the start, the controller replies with the number of the record last processed.
- 2. With a rising edge at START (CPOS.B1) the controller accepts the record number and starts the positioning job.
- The controller signals with the rising edge at Quit Start that the PLC output data has been accepted and that the positioning job is now active. The positioning command will be processed irrespective of whether Start (CPOS.B1) has been reset to zero or not.
- 4. When the record is concluded, MC (SPOS.B2) is set.



- 1 Prerequisite: "Acknowledge start" = 0
- 2 Rising edge at "Start" causes the new record number N to be accepted and "Quit Start" to be set
- As soon as "Quit Start" is recognised by the PLC, "Start" may be set to 0 again
- 4 The controller reacts with a falling edge at "Quit Start"
- 5 As soon as "Quit Start" is recognised by the PLC, the next record number may be started
- 6 A currently running positioning job can be stopped with "Stop"

Fig. 5/6: Sequence diagram Start/Stop record



record number N is retained, again, "Confirm Halt" is set
"Motion Complete" remains reset

Fig. 5/7: Sequence diagram for Stop record with Halt and Continue

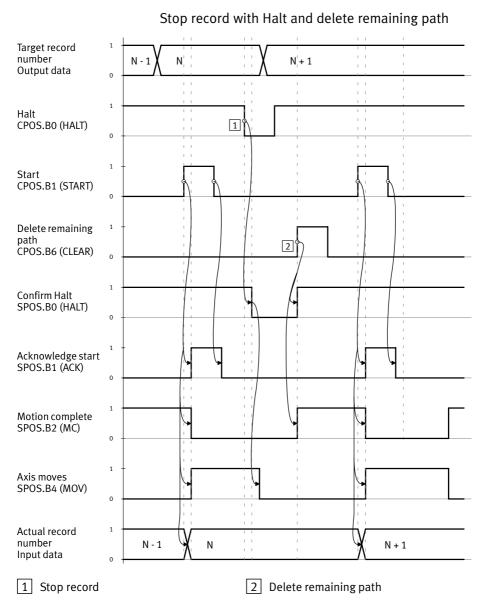


Fig. 5/8: Sequence diagram for Stop record with Halt and delete remaining path

5-70

Record structure

A positioning task in record select mode is described by a record made up of setpoint values. Every setpoint value is addressed by its own PNU. A record consists of the setpoint values with the same subindex.

Causes of errors in application:

- Referencing has not been carried out.
- The target position and/or the preselect position cannot be reached.
- Invalid record number.
- Record not initialised.

| Overview of parame | ters involved (see appendix B.2.8) | | | |
|------------------------|---|-----|-----|-------|
| Parameters involved | Description | FCT | PNU | CI |
| | Record control byte 1 | х | 401 | 20EAh |
| | Positioning record target position | х | 404 | 20ECh |
| | Record velocity | х | 406 | 20EDh |
| | Positioning record acceleration | х | 407 | 20EEh |
| | Positioning record deceleration | х | 408 | 20EFh |
| Start (FHPP) | CPOS.B1 = Positive edge: Start Jogging and referencing have priority. | | | |
| Acknowledgement (FHPP) | SPOS.B2 = 0: Motion complete SPOS.B1 = Positive edge: Acknowledge start SPOS.B4 = 1: Drive moving | | | |
| Prerequisites | Device control by PLC/fieldbus Controller must be in status "Operation enable Record number must be valid | d" | | |

Tab. 5/19: Record selection parameters involved

5.6.5 Direct mode (positioning mode, power operation)

Positioning mode

In the status "Operation enabled" (Direct mode) a positioning job is formulated directly in the I/O data which are transmitted via the Fieldbus. The setpoint values for the position are therefore held in the PLC. The function is used in the following situations:

- Moving to any position within the work stroke.
- the target positions are unknown during planning or change frequently (several different work item positions).

A positioning profile formed by linking records can be implemented externally controlled by the master.

Sequence of discrete setpoint value

- 1. Set the desired setpoint (position) and the positioning conditions (absolute/relative) in the output data.
- With a rising edge at START (CPOS.B1) the controller accepts the setpoint position and starts the positioning job.
- 3. After the start you must wait for MC before a new start can be made.
- 4. When the setpoint position is reached, MC (SPOS.B2) is set.

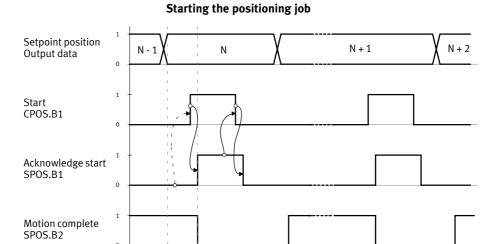


Fig. 5/9: Start the positioning task



The sequence of the remaining control and status bits as well as the functions Hold and Stop react as with the function Record select, see Fig. 5/6, Fig. 5/7 and Fig. 5/8.

Causes of errors in application

- No referencing carried out.
- Target position cannot be reached or lies outside the software end positions.

| Overview of parameters involved (see appendix B.2.9) | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|-----|-----|----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Parameters involved | Description | FCT | PNU | CI | | | | | |
| Position specifications | Max. permitted speed ¹⁾ | х | 502 | 21F6/00h | | | | | |
| | Direct mode acceleration in acceleration unit (inc/s²) | х | 541 | 20EE/22h | | | | | |
| | $\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$ | х | 542 | 20EE/22h | | | | | |
| Start (FHPP) | CPOS.B1 = Positive edge: Start (CDIR.B0 = Setpoint position absolute/relative | e) | | | | | | | |
| Acknowledgement (FHPP) | SPOS.B2 = 0: Motion complete SPOS.B1 = Positive edge: Acknowledge start SPOS.B4 = 1: Drive moving | | | | | | | | |
| Prerequisites Device control by PLC/fieldbus Controller must be in status "Operation enabled" | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1) In the control bytes the master transfers a percent value which is multiplied by the maximum permitted speed, in order to achieve the final nominal speed. | | | | | | | | |

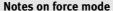
Tab. 5/20: Parameters involved in Direct mode (positioning mode)

Force mode

Force mode is used in the following situations: (only for axis type gripper HGPLE, GEH, supported from FW V2.00):

- For clamping and holding workpieces as well as for procedures in which work items must be orientated (e.g. to a fixed stop).
- Pressing and inserting procedures.
- Special functions in which e.g. workpieces must be touched in order to receive position values.





Control of the motor torque takes place indirectly by means of the current regulation. All specifications on forces/torques refer to the nominal motor current (relative to the rated motor torque). The actual force at the axis should be calculated/checked and then set with external measuring devices during commissioning.

Not that the gripper force resulting from the motor current is also heavily dependent on the positioning speed used to move to the workpiece.



Note

The following settings are required for parametrising the force mode (see Tab. 5/21):

- Force window (permitted deviation from the setpoint value ascertained by the Fieldbus).
- Speed limitation (maximum speed that the drive should reach).
- Rest time (time during which the setpoint force must be applied, before "Motion complete" is triggered).
- Extend the rest time if the setpoint force is already achieved briefly due to the increased torque when starting (before reaching the work item).

Force mode is prepared when the control mode is switched over. The drive stands with the position controlled.

Sequence

- 1. Set the desired setpoint (in % of nominal motor torque) in the output data.
- With the rising edge at Start (CPOS.B1) the controller accepts the setpoint torque and builds up the force/torque in the direction of the sign of the setpoint value.
 - When this speed has been reached, the bit "Speed limit reached" is set (status byte SDIR).
 - When the setpoint value has been reached, taking into account the target window and the time window, the "MC" signal is set. The motor current will still be controlled.
 - If there is a resistance e.g. from a workpiece in the positioning range, the drive will press against the obstruction with a defined force (see Fig. 5/10).
 - If the path set in the path/stroke monitoring (relative to the starting position) is exceeded, the bit "Stroke limit reached" is set in the status byte SDIR. The drive is braked with the emergency stop ramp, held with the position controlled at the current position, and the "MC signal" is set.

Recommendation: Procedure for gripping a workpiece quickly and with good repeatability of the force:

- 1. Position just before the workpiece.
- 2. Switch from positioning mode to force mode.
- 3. Grip the workpiece is force mode.

Causes of errors

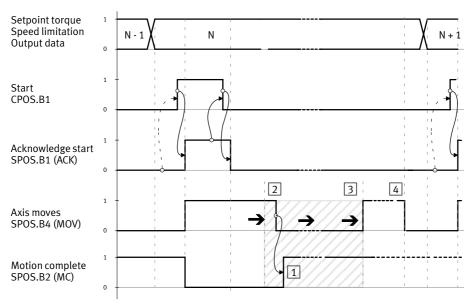
- No referencing carried out.
- Axis stands at the software end position at the start of the positioning job.

| Parameter | Description | FCT | PNU | CI |
|---|--|-------------|------|-----------|
| Force mode ¹⁾ | Stroke limitation | х | 510 | 60F6/01I |
| | Minimum torque | х | 511 | 60F6/05I |
| | Maximum torque | х | 512 | 6072h |
| | Force message window reached | х | 552 | 60F6/03I |
| | Force damping time reached | х | 553 | 60F6/04l |
| | Max. permitted speed | х | 554 | 60F6/02 |
| | Nominal motor current ²⁾ | - | 1035 | 6075h |
| Start | CPOS.B1 = Positive edge (CDIR.B0 = Setpoint position absolute | e/relative) | | |
| Acknowledgement | SPOS.B2 = 0: Motion complete SPOS.B1 = Positive edge: Acknowledg SPOS.B4 = 1: Drive moving | ge start | | |
| Prerequisites | Device control by PLC/fieldbus Controller must be in status "Operatio | n enabled" | | |
| 1) Force specification Further paramete 6071h Target tor 6076h Motor rat 6077h Actual tor | que 6088h Torque profile ed torque 6087h Torque slope | e type | | re V2.00. |

6077h Actual torque CDIR.B5 Stroke limiting active/inactive $^{\rm 2)}$ Fixed value set, defined depending on the axis type

Tab. 5/21: Parameters involved in Direct mode (Force mode)





- 1 Nominal torque / power reached
- 2 Axis presses against resistance
- 3 Resistance removed / overcome
- 4 Software end position / stroke limitation reached

Fig. 5/10: Start the positioning job / force mode



The signal "MC" (Motion Complete) is used in this control mode to mean "Nominal value/stroke limitation reached". The sequence of the remaining control and status bits as well as the functions Hold and Stop behave in the same way as the Record selection function, see Fig. 5/6, Fig. 5/7 and Fig. 5/8.

5.6.6 Standstill monitoring

With the standstill monitoring it is clear that the target position window is exited at a standstill.

When the target position has been reached and MC signaled in the status word, the drive switches to the "standstill" state, bit SPOS.B6 (standstill monitor) is reset. If, in this status, the drive is removed from the standstill position window for a minimum defined time due to external forces or other influences, the bit SPOS.B6 will be set.

As soon as the drive is in the standstill position window again for the standstill monitoring time, the bit SPOS.B6 will be reset.

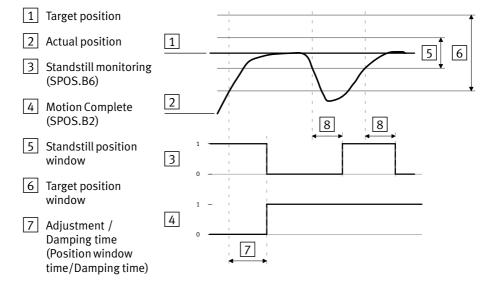


Fig. 5/11: Standstill monitoring

monitoring time

8 Standstill

The standstill monitoring cannot be switched on or off explicitly. It becomes inactive when the standstill position window is set to "0".

| Overview of parameters involved (see appendix B.2.15) | | | | | |
|--|--|-----|------|-------|--|
| Parameters involved | Description | FCT | PNU | CI | |
| | Setpoint position | - | 1040 | 6062h | |
| | Current position | - | 1041 | 6064h | |
| | Standstill message window – 1042 2040h ¹⁾ | | | | |
| | Standstill delay time - 1043 2043 | | | | |
| | Adjustment time (Positioning mode) | - | 1023 | 6068h | |
| Start (FHPP) | SPOS.B2 = Positive edge: Motion complete | | | | |
| Acknowledgement (FHPP) | SPOS.B6 = 1: Drive has moved out of standstill position window | | | | |
| Prerequisites | Device control by PLC/fieldbus Controller must be in status "Operation enabled" | | | | |
| 1) Starting at firmware version V1.38, earlier versions CI 6065h / 6066h | | | | | |

Tab. 5/22: Parameters involved in standstill monitoring

5.7 FHPP finite state machine

Notes on the "Operation enabled" state

The transition T3 changes to state S4, which itself contains its own sub-state machine, the states of which are marked with "SAx" and the transitions of which are marked with "TAx" Fig. 5/13. This enables an equivalent circuit diagram (Fig. 5/12) to be used, in which the internal states SAx are omitted.

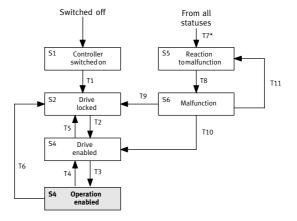


Fig. 5/12: Finite state machine equivalent circuit diagram

Transitions T4, T6 and T7* are executed from every sub-state SAx and automatically have a higher priority than any transition TAx.

Reaction to malfunctions

T7 ("Malfunction recognised") has the highest priority (and receives the asterisk "*").

T7 is then derived from S5+S6 when an error of higher priority occurs. This means that a serious error can suppress a simple error.

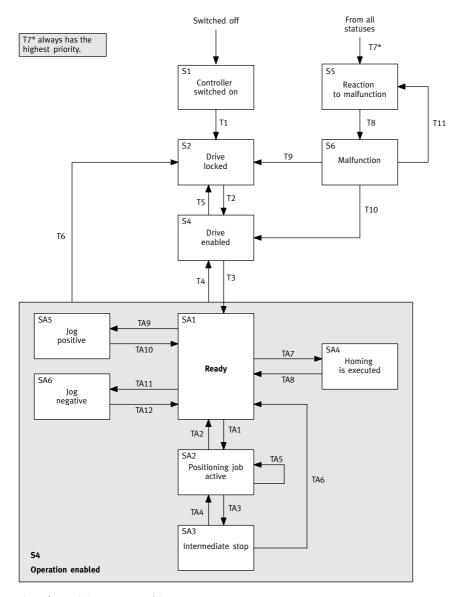


Fig. 5/13: Finite state machine

5.7.1 Create ready status

| Т | Internal conditions | Actions of the user |
|--------|---|--|
| T1 | Drive is switched on. An error cannot be ascertained. | |
| T2 | Load voltage applied. Fieldbus master must be higher-order controller. | "Enable drive" = 1 CCON = xxx0.xxx1 |
| T3 | | "Stop" = 1 CCON = xxx0.xx 1 1 |
| T4 | | "Stop" = 0 CCON = xxx0.xx 0 1 |
| T5 | | "Enable drive" = 0 CCON = xxx0.xxx 0 |
| T6 | | "Enable drive" = 0 CCON = xxx0.xxx 0 |
| T7* | Malfunction recognised. | |
| T8 | Reaction to malfunction completed, drive stopped. | |
| Т9 | There is no longer a malfunction. It was a serious error. | "Acknowledge malfunction" = $0 \rightarrow 1$ CCON = xxx0. P xxx |
| T10 | There is no longer a malfunction. It was a simple error. | "Acknowledge malfunction" = $0 \rightarrow 1$ CCON = xxx0. P xx1 |
| T11 | Malfunction still exists. | "Acknowledge malfunction" = $0 \rightarrow 1$ CCON = xxx0. P xx1 |
| Key: P | = positive edge, N = negative edge, x = any | 1 |

5.7.2 Positioning

Fundamentally, the following applies: Transitions T4, T6 and T7* always have priority.

| TA | Internal conditions | Actions of the user |
|-----|---|--|
| TA1 | Referencing is running. | Start positioning task = $0\rightarrow 1$ Halt = 1 CCON = xxx0.xx11 CPOS = 0xx0.00P1 |
| TA2 | Motion Complete = 1 The current record is completed. The next record is not to be carried out automatically | "Halt" status is any CCON = xxx0.xx11 CPOS = 0xxx.xxx0 |
| TA3 | Motion Complete = 0 | $\begin{aligned} & \text{Halt} = 1 \rightarrow 0 \\ & \text{CCON} = \text{xxx0.xx11} \\ & \text{CPOS} = 0 \text{xxx.xxx0} \end{aligned}$ |
| TA4 | | Halt = 1 Start positioning task = 0→1 Clear remaining position = 0 CCON = xxx0.xx11 CPOS = 00xx.xxP1 |
| TA5 | Record selection: - A single record is finished. - The next record is processed automatically. | CCON = xxx0.xx11 CPOS = 0xxx.xxx1 |
| | Direct mode: - A new positioning task has arrived. | CCON = xxx0.xx11 CPOS = 0xxx.xx11 |
| TA6 | | Clear remaining position = 0 → 1 CCON = xxx0.xx11 CPOS = 01xx.xxxx |
| TA7 | | Start homing = $0\rightarrow 1$ Halt = 1 CCON = xxx0.xx11 CPOS = 0xx0.0Px1 |
| TA8 | Referencing finished or stopped. | Only for halt: Halt = $1 \rightarrow 0$ CCON = xxx0.xx11 CPOS = 0xxx.xxxN |

| TA | Internal conditions | Actions of the user |
|----------|---|--|
| TA9 | | Jog positive = $0 \rightarrow 1$ Halt = 1 CCON = xxx0.xx11 CPOS = 0xx0.Pxx1 |
| TA10 | | Either Jog positive = $1 \rightarrow 0$ CCON = xxx0.xx11 CPOS = 0 xxx. 0 xx1 or Halt = $1 \rightarrow 0$ CCON = xxx0.xx11 CPOS = 0 xxx.xxN |
| TA11 | | Jog negative = $0 \rightarrow 1$ Halt = 1 CCON = xxx0.xx11 CPOS = 0xxP.xxx1 |
| TA12 | | Either - Jog negative = $1 \rightarrow 0$ - CCON = xxx0.xx11 - CPOS = 0xxN.xxx1 or - Halt = $1 \rightarrow 0$ - CCON = xxx0.xx11 - CPOS = 0xxx.xxxN |
| Key: P = | = positive edge, N = negative edge, x = | any |

Special features dependent on operating mode

| Operating mode | Notes on specific features |
|------------------|---|
| Record selection | No restrictions. |
| Direct mode | TA2: The condition that no new record may be processed no longer applies. TA5: A new record can be started at any time. |

5.8 Instructions on operation

Take the following instructions and recommendations into account when programming positioning systems with electric axes:

Password protection

Protection by means of a password is not set when the product is supplied from the factory. In order to prevent unauthorized or unintentional overwriting or modification of parameters in the device, all download and control functions can be blocked.

- Recommendation:
 Protect the settings of your axis against undesired modifications with a password:
 - FCT password protection
 (8 characters, see plug-in help SFC-DC)
 - HMI password protection for SFC-DC-...-H2-...
 (3 characters, see section 4.5).



Warning

Danger of injury.

Errors in parametrisation can cause injury to people and material damage. In the following cases reference travel is absolutely essential in order that the reference coordinates and the working range can be set correctly:

- when commissioning the first time,
- when the referencing method is changed,
- after **each time** the logic voltage supply is switched on.



Note

Make sure that:

- it is located within the permissible positioning range when switching on and before the start of homing,
- homing is carried out when the higher-order controller or motor controller is switched on or, if applicable, after malfunctions

Device connection



Caution

The RS232 interface is not electrically isolated. It is not intended for permanent connection to PC systems, nor as a control interface.

Use the connection only for parametrisation and diagnosis.

Control during operation



Warning

Danger of injury.

Errors in parametrisation can cause injury to people and damage to property when the controller is enabled.

• Enable the controller only if the axis system has been correctly installed and parametrised.



Caution

Note the manufacturer's specifications for the permitted operating conditions of the motors and drives used, e.g. in respect of the permitted positioning speeds.





Caution

Damage to components

Movement to the mechanical end positions is not permitted during operation. If movement is made to the end positions with a heavy load, jamming may occur in the end positions.

Note

Any functions implemented for the purposes of your EMERGENCY STOP procedures must be accommodated in the control programs.

Service and maintenance

The motor units do not require maintenance during their specified service life. Follow the maintenance instructions for the components used.

Chapter 6

Contents

| 6.1 | Diagnos | stics options | 6-3 |
|-----|---------|------------------------------------|------|
| 6.2 | LED sta | tus displays | 6-4 |
| 6.3 | Malfund | tion messages | 6-7 |
| | 6.3.1 | Overview | 6-7 |
| | 6.3.2 | Description of errors and warnings | 6-9 |
| 6.4 | Diagnos | stic memory | 6-12 |
| 6.5 | Diagnos | sis via PROFIBUS-DP | 6-14 |
| | 6.5.1 | Structure of the DP diagnosis | 6-14 |
| | 6.5.2 | Diagnosis via parameter channel | 6-18 |

6.1 Diagnostics options

The SFC-DC offers the following possibilities for diagnosis and error display:

| Diagnostics option | Brief description | Advantages/ Properties | Detailed description |
|--|--|---|--------------------------|
| LED display | LEDs indicate readiness to operate, positioning status, errors and bus status. | Fast "on-site" error detection. | Chapter 6.2 |
| Control panel with LC display on | Warnings, messages and errors are displayed directly on the LC display | Fast "on-site" error diagnosis. | Chapter 6.3 |
| SFC-DCH2-PB | Diagnostic data, operating mode, the current positioning set, target and actual positions, speed as well as information on bus communication can be accessed on the control panel. | Detailed diagnostic possibility "on-site". | Chapter 6.3 |
| Festo Configuration Tool With active device connection: Display of the current position set, target and actual positions as well as speed. Display of the operating mode, special outputs and operating states as well as error messages of the connected SFC-DC. Display of the device status. Display of the diagnostic memory. Display of the bus status. | | Detailed diagnosis during commissioning. | Help on PlugIn SFC-DC |
| PROFIBUS DP | Standard diagnosis Device-related diagnosis. Diagnosis via FHPP status bytes SCON and SPOS. | Simple diagnosis via the field bus. | Chapter 6.5 |
| PROFIBUS via – Extended access to diagnostic data, e.g. diagnostic memory. | | If necessary, detailed diagnosis via the field bus. | Chapter 6.5.2 |

Tab. 6/1: Summary of diagnostics options

6.2 LED status displays

- 1 LEDs
 - Power (green)
 - I/F (green/red)
 - Error (red)

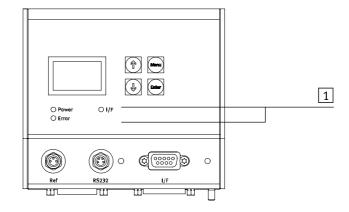


Fig. 6/1: LEDs of the SFC-DC-...-H2-PB

The visual display of the operating states is shown via 3 LEDs

- Operating voltage LED (POWER)
- Bus status, positioning status (I/F)
- Error LED (ERROR)

Operating and logic voltage

| Power | Status |
|-------|--|
| * | Logic and operating voltage present. |
| Green | |
| | Logic voltage is present. Operating voltage not present. Check voltage connection if necessary. |
| 0 | Logic voltage is not present. Check voltage connection if necessary. |
| Off | |

Tab. 6/2: LED "Power"

Error display

| Error | Status |
|---------|---|
| * | Error. The SFC-DC is not ready for operation. |
| Red | |
| *** | Warning. Check cause and rectify if necessary, see also chapter 6.3. |
| Flashes | chapter 6.5. |
| 0 | No internal error indicated. The SFC-DC is ready to operate. |
| Off | |

Tab. 6/3: LED "Error"

Bus status, positioning status and controller enable

| I/F ¹⁾ | | Status | | |
|---|---------|---|--|--|
| MC (gree | en) | | | |
| ** | ON OFF_ | Motion Complete ²⁾ - Positioning procedure is completed or stopped (Motion Complete). | | |
| Lights up | green | | | |
| 0 | ON OFF | No Motion Complete or fault/warning - Target position not yet reached (positioning procedure running) 2) | | |
| Off | | or – Error. | | |
| 1) Two-colour LED 2) If there is no fault, i.e. LED ERROR = out | | | | |

Tab. 6/4: LED "I/F" – Green Motion Complete LED

| I/F ¹⁾ | | Status |
|-------------------|------------------|---|
| PROFIBL | IS (red) | |
| 0 | ON OFF | Data exchange active - Normal operating status. |
| Off | | |
| *** | ON OFF | Address not parameterised — Invalid bus address set. |
| Flashes r | ed fast (5 Hz) | |
| *** | ON OFF | Waiting for connection |
| Flashes r | ed slowly (1 Hz) | |
| 1) Two-co | olour LED | |

Tab. 6/5: LED "I/F" – Red PROFIBUS LED

6.3 Malfunction messages

6.3.1 Overview

| Cate- gory | Name, display | Description | Device error ¹⁾ | Fault Number | Error LED | Status bytes ²⁾ |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------------------------|
| Error | POSITION ERROR | Following error | 0x0001 | 31 | ON | FAULT, DEV |
| Error (mes- sage) | MOTOR-STOP | Motor stop (Emergency stop) | 0x0002 | 106 | ON | FAULT |
| Error | HOMING ERROR | homing error | 0x0004 | 32 | ON | FAULT |
| Error | OVERHEATING | Overtemperature (ActTemp > 80) | 0x0008 | 101 | ON | FAULT |
| Error | LOAD-POWER- DOWN | Load voltage monitoring (undervoltage at the controller) | 0x0010 | 70 | ON | FAULT |
| Error | I ² t-ERROR | Current monitoring (I ² t monitoring) | 0x0020 | 100 | ON | FAULT |
| Error | HARDWARE ERROR | Hardware device error (user data destroyed, check sum) | 0x0040 | 52 | ON | FAULT |
| Error | TARGET POSITION OUT OF LIMIT | Target position cannot be reached | 0x0080 | 2 | ON | FAULT |
| War- ning | ILLEGAL RECORD | Invalid record number | 0x0100 | 3 | FLASHES | WARN |
| Error | PLEASE ENFORCE HOMING RUN | Reference travel required | 0x0200 | 1 | ON | FAULT |
| Error | POSITION PLAUS. ERROR | Position plausibility error (max. speed exceeded) | 0x0400 | 35 | ON | FAULT |

¹⁾ See PNU 205 / object 2FF1/00 2) FHPP status bytes, see chapter 5.5.2

| Cate- gory | Name, display | Description | Device error ¹⁾ | Fault Number | Error LED | Status bytes ²⁾ |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|--|-------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------------------------|
| Error | DIGITAL-POWER- DOWN | Logic voltage monitoring (undervoltage at the controller) | 0x0800 | 71 | ON | FAULT |
| War- ning | INDEX PULSE WARNING | Index Pulse Warning | 0x1000 | _ | FLASHES | WARN |
| Error | MOTOR ERROR | Motor error Phase failure (no motor current) | 0x2000 | 103 | ON | FAULT |
| War- ning | STANDSTILL | Standstill monitoringwarning | 0x4000 | 36 | FLASHES | WARN, STILL |
| Error | PROFIBUS-INIT- ERROR | PROFIBUS initialisation fault | 0x8000 | 51 | ON | FAULT |
| War- ning | HOT TEMPERATURE | Overheating | - | _ | FLASHES | WARN |
| War- ning | COLD TEMPERATURE | Under-temperature | - | _ | FLASHES | WARN |
| 1) See PNU 205 / object 2FF1/00 | | | | | | |

¹⁾ See PNU 205 / object 2FF1/00

Tab. 6/6: Errors and warnings with malfunction numbers and error bits

²⁾ FHPP status bytes, see chapter 5.5.2

6.3.2 Description of errors and warnings

Messages

The following message is displayed if a positioning procedure is aborted manually or cannot be carried out.

 Acknowledge the message on the control panel with «Enter» or start a new positioning procedure with the FCT or via the control interface.

| message | C | Cause |
|------------|-----|---|
| MOTOR-STOP | t t | A positioning procedure has been stopped with he <menu> button (EMERG. STOP [Menu]).</menu> |

Tab. 6/7: Messages

Warnings [WARNING MODE]

For states that do not prevent functioning, the SFC-DC displays a warning. If a positioning task is running, it is not interrupted. The error LED flashes, the output WARNING (FHPP status bits, SCON.B2) is set.

| Warning | Cause |
|------------------------|--|
| COLD TEMPERATURE | Operating temperature T < -10 °C. Increase ambient temperature if necessary. |
| HOT TEMPERATURE | Operating temperature T > 75 °C, check for possible overloading of the drive; check the mechanical system, e.g. for sluggishness; reduce ambient temperature. |
| ILLEGAL RECORD | Non-permitted record number. The transmitted record number is outside the permissible range. |
| INDEX PULSE WARNING | During homing: The reference switch signal is too close to the index pulse. Therefore it may be impossible to determine a reproducible reference position. • Shift the reference switch (a few tenths of a mm). |
| STANDSTILL | The axis has moved outside the standstill tolerance window. |

Tab. 6/8: Warnings

Error [ERROR-MODE]

If there is an error, the drive will be stopped. The error LED flashes, the FAULT output (FHPP status bits, SCON.B3) is set.

- Eliminate the cause of the error.
- Acknowledge the error message:
 - Using (Enter) on the control panel.
 - via a falling edge at the RESET input (FHPP control bits, CCON.B3),
 - via a falling edge at the ENABLE input (FHPP control bits, CCON.BO, the axis can move once the enable is switched off),
 - with the "Acknowledge error" button in the Festo Configuration Tool.

| Error | Possible cause | Remedy |
|------------------------|---|---|
| DIGITAL-POWER- DOWN | Voltage monitoring. Possible causes: Digital voltage supply too low. Voltage drops under load. | Check the power supply: - Power supply unit too weak? - Supply line too long? |
| HARDWARE ERROR | Device fault e.g. EEPROM defective. | Please contact your Festo Service. |
| HOMING ERROR | Error during the reference run. Possible causes: Reference switch defective. | If necessary, check the functioning of the reference switch. Make sure homing is repeated. |
| I ² t-ERROR | Current monitoring I ² t. Possible causes: The drive is blocked | Check the mechanical system of the drive. |
| LOAD-POWER-DOWN | Voltage monitoring. Possible causes: Load voltage supply lacking or too low. Voltage drops under load | Check the power supply: - Power supply unit too weak? - Supply line too long? |
| MOTOR ERROR | Motor not connected or cable fracture. | Check connection to motor, replace cable if necessary. |

| Error | Possible cause | Remedy |
|---------------------------------|---|---|
| OVERHEATING | Overheating (operating temperature > 80 °C). - Too high temperature in the power end stage. | Check: That the limits are complied with (motor characteristic curves). The mechanical parts e.g. for stiffness. If necessary, reduce the ambient temperature. |
| PLEASE ENFORCE HOMING RUN | When starting a positioning job: – After the power supply was switched on, no reference run was carried out or a reference run was stopped. | Carry out a homing run. |
| POSITION ERROR | Position fault (drag fault). Possible causes: - The drive is blocked. - sluggish mechanics or too much mass (acceleration). - The positioning speed is too high. | Check: The mechanics of the drive. The speed of the positioning job. |
| POSITION PLAUSIBILITY ERROR | Plausibility error. Possible causes: - Actual speed has exceeded the predefined limit value. | May be possible with vertical mounting and large moving mass. • Reduce: - The moving mass. - The acceleration. |
| PROFIBUS-INIT | PROFIBUS initialisation fault. – hardware error | Servicing required. |
| TARGET POSITION OUT OF LIMIT | Target position fault - The specified target position is outside the permitted positioning range. | Check the software end positions and the target position. |

Tab. 6/9: Error

6.4 Diagnostic memory

The diagnostic memory contains the codes of the last 16 diagnostic messages and is saved if possible when the power fails. If the diagnostic memory is full, the oldest element will be overwritten (FIFO principle).

| Structure of the diagnostic memory | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------|--------|
| Parameters 1) | 200 201 202 | | 202 |
| Format | uint8 | uint16 | uint32 |
| Significance | Diagnostic event Fault Number Time | | Time |
| Subindex 1 | Latest / current diagnostic message | | |
| Subindex 2 | Last diagnostic message | | |
| ••• | | | |
| Subindex 16 | Oldest diagnostic message | | |
| 1) (See appendix B.2.6) | | | |

Tab. 6/10: Structure of diagnostic memory

| Config | Configuration of the diagnostic memory with parameter 204 (see appendix B.2.6) | | | | |
|---------|--|---------|-----|-----|--|
| SI | Description | Default | Min | Max | |
| 1 | = 1: Record incoming and outgoing ¹⁾ faults = 2: Record only incoming faults | 1 | 1 | 2 | |
| 2 | = 1: Resolution time stamp 10 ms = 2: Resolution time stamp 1 ms | 1 | 1 | 2 | |
| 3 | Deleting the diagnostic memory - Writing with value = 1 deletes the diagnostic memory - Read will always be answered with value = 0. | 0 | 0 | 1 | |
| 4 | Number of valid entries in the diagnostic memory. | 0 | 0 | 16 | |
| 1) Outg | 1) Outgoing fault = time point when the fault was acknowledged. | | | | |

Tab. 6/11: Structure of diagnostic memory

The faults are divided into logical groups according to the fault numbers. There are both simple and serious faults within a group.

| Range | Name | Comment |
|---------|------------------------|--|
| 0 | - | No fault active |
| 1 19 | Execution error | Examples: No homing run, setpoint position outside software end positions, setpoint value calculation not possible. Although the system is OK, a user command cannot be processed. In most cases there is an error in operation. Source: sequence control, controller |
| 20 29 | Parameter fault | Example: Software end positions outside the working stroke. A parameter lies within the limit values so that it can be written by the user. During the new calculation of the controller, it was ascertained that it is not permitted in the context of the other parameters. Note: Non-permitted parameters are rejected by the parameter protocol and do not generate a fault in the controller |
| 30 49 | Controller | Examples: Positioning timeout, homing run not successful, drag error too large, The task could not be processed correctly. No hardware fault is recognised here. Source: controller |
| 50 69 | Initialisation | Fault in initialising the controller |
| 70 79 | Run time of controller | Error in controller run time: undervoltage, checksum |
| 80 89 | _ | Reserved |
| 90 99 | - | Reserved |
| 100 109 | Run time of motor | Run time of motor: undervoltage, overtemperature, etc. |
| 110 119 | _ | Reserved |

Tab. 6/12: Overview of fault numbers



A detailed description of the warnings and faults can be found in chapter 6.3.

6.5 Diagnosis via PROFIBUS-DP

The SFC-DC supports the following diagnostic possibilities via PROFIBUS-DP:

- FHPP status bytes (see chapter 5.5.2):
 - SCON.B2: WARN Warning
 - SCON.B3: FAULT Disturbance
 - SPOS.B5: DEV Following error
 - SPOS.B6: STILL Standstill monitoring.
- DP diagnosis (see chapter 6.5.1):
 PROFIBUS service "GetDiag" with device-related diagnosis (GbD) when activated.

The alarm model as per DPV1 is not supported.

6.5.1 Structure of the DP diagnosis

Structure of the DP diagnosis

The DP diagnosis of the SFC-DC reacts as per IEC 61158-6

type 3. 16 bytes are reserved in the SFC-DC for

DP diagnosis, see Tab. 6/13.

| Byte | Octet | Diagnostic address | Description |
|------|-------|-----------------------------------|--|
| 0 | 1 | Station status 1 | Gives an overview of the communication status |
| 1 | 2 | Station status 2 | and the general status of the SFC-DC. |
| 2 | 3 | Station status 3 | |
| 3 | 4 | Master PROFIBUS address | PROFIBUS address of the DP master via which the SFC-DC was parameterised and which has both read and write access. |
| 4 | 5 | ID number | Describes the type of the DP slave (here 0973 _H). |
| 5 | 6 | (for SFC-DC = 0973 _H) | |

| Byte | Octet | Diagnostic address | Description | |
|--------|---|---|--|--|
| 6 | 7 | Header (for the device-related diagnosis) | Specifies the length of the device-related diagnosis incl. header. ¹⁾ | |
| 7 | 8 | Status type | With the SFC-DC always 0xA0 (for "manufacturer-specific status"). | |
| 8 | 9 | Slot number | With the SFC-DC always 0x00 (slot is ignored). | |
| 9 | 10 | Specifier | With the SFC-DC always 0x00 (no specification of the fault). | |
| 10 | 11 | Device-related diagnosis 1: Firmware version number | Version number of the firmware of the SFC-DC: 2) | |
| 11 | 12 | - Firmware version number | Byte 11: Main version Byte 10: Subsidiary version | |
| 12 | 13 | Device-related diagnosis 2: Hardware version number | Version number of the hardware of the SFC-DC: 2) | |
| 13 | 14 | Hardware version number | Byte 13: Main version Byte 12: Subsidiary version | |
| 14 | 15 | Device-related diagnosis 3: | Fault number, see chapter 6.3, Tab. 6/9. | |
| 15 | 16 | Fault number | | |
| 1) Tho | 1) The SEC-DC enters the value "10" fixed in this actet | | | |

¹⁾ The SFC-DC enters the value "10" fixed in this octet.

Tab. 6/13: DP diagnosis



The method of requesting the slave diagnosis can be found in the manual for the DP master.

Diagnosis via general DP master



Note

The identifier-related or channel-related diagnosis listed in IEC 61158-6 type 3 is not supported.

²⁾ E.g. "0x02 0x01" ≙ V1.02

Station status 1

Bit 3 is especially of interest with station status 1. If this bit is set, it is sensible to evaluate the device-related diagnosis.

| Statio | Station status 1 | | | |
|--------|--|---|--|--|
| Bit | Significance | Explanation | | |
| 0 | Diag.Station_Non_Existent | SFC-DC no longer/not yet addressable. Possible causes: Operating voltage not applied Data cable interrupted Fault in data cable | | |
| 1 | Diag.Station_Not_Ready | SFC-DC not yet ready for data exchange | | |
| 2 | Diag.Cfg_Fault | The configuration data received from the master are not the same as those ascertained by the SFC-DC. | | |
| 3 | Diag.Ext_Diag | There is a device-related diagnosis. 1) | | |
| 4 | Diag.Not_Supported | 1 = The SFC-DC does not support the function requested. | | |
| 5 | Diag.Invalid_Slave_Response | Always 0 (always reset to 0 by the SFC-DC) ²⁾ | | |
| 6 | Diag.Prm_Fault | Last parameterising telegram faulty | | |
| 7 | Diag.Master_Lock | Access by a different master (set by the master) | | |
| | 1) Is set by the SFC-DC when a new fault occurs (new fault message). 2) Is set to 1 in the DP master when the reply sent by the slave cannot be interpreted. | | | |

Tab. 6/14: Structure of station status 1

Station status 2 (only SFC-DC related bits)

| Statio | Station status 2 | | |
|---------|--|--|--|
| Bit | Significance | Explanation | |
| 0 | Diag.Prm_Req | 1 = The master must configure the SFC-DC again | |
| 1 | Diag.Stat_Diag | 1 = The master must request diagnostic data until this bit is set to 0 | |
| 2 | - | Always 1 (set to logical 1 by the SFC-DC) | |
| 3 | Diag.WD_On | 1 = Response monitoring/watchdog activated | |
| 4 | Diag.Freeze_Mode | 1 = Freeze activated ¹⁾ | |
| 5 | Diag.Sync_Mode | 1 = Sync activated ¹⁾ | |
| 6 | - | Reserved | |
| 7 | Diag.Deactivated | Always 0 (always reset to 0 by the SFC-DC) | |
| 1) Only | 1) Only in conjunction with a diagnostic message | | |

Tab. 6/15: Diagnostic bits of station status 2

Station status 3

| Statio | Station status_3 | | |
|--------|------------------------|---|--|
| Bit | Significance | Explanation | |
| 0 6 | - | Reserved | |
| 7 | Diag.Ext_Diag_Overflow | Is always logical 0 (set by the SFC-DC) | |

Tab. 6/16: Diagnostic bits of station status 3

6.5.2 Diagnosis via parameter channel

The Festo parameter channel or the parameter channel as per PROFIdrive (see chapter 1.7.1) offers the following methods of access to diagnostic information (see PNU 201 to 206, appendix B.2.6):

- Current device fault (compare faults and warnings see chapter 6.3),
- diagnostic memory (PNU 200, PNU 201, PNU 202),
- PROFIBUS diagnosis (PNU 206).

Appendix A

Contents

| A.1 | Technical Data | A- 3 |
|-----|-------------------------------------|-------------|
| A.2 | Accessories | A-5 |
| A.3 | Converting the units of measurement | A-7 |

A.1 Technical Data

| General | | |
|---|--|--|
| Protection class as per EN 60529 (plug connector inserted or fitted with protective cap) | IP54 | |
| Relative air humidity | 0 to 95 %, non condensing | |
| Temperature range - Operation - Storage/transport | 0 °C +40 °C -25 °C +60 °C | |
| Protection against electric shock (protection against direct and indirect contact as per IEC/DIN EN 60204-1) | By means of PELV power circuit (Protected Extra-Low Voltage) | |
| CE symbol (declaration of conformity) → www.festo.com | In accordance with EU EMC Directive ¹⁾ | |
| Vibration | As per DIN/IEC68/EN 60068 part 2-6: 0.35 mm travel at 10 60 Hz 5 g acceleration at 60 150 Hz | |
| Shock | As per DIN/IEC68/EN 60068 part 2-27: ±30 g at 11 ms duration; 5 shocks per direction | |
| Temperature monitoring | Shut-down at temperature > 80 °C | |
| Displayresolution | 128 x 64 pixels | |
| Serial interface | RS232, 9600 baud | |
| Mounting | Wall or DIN H-rail mounting | |
| 1) The component is intended for use in industr | ial environments. | |

¹⁾ The component is intended for use in industrial environments. In residential areas, measures for radio interference suppression may have to be taken. The maximum permitted I/O signal cable length is 30 m (reference switch).

| Mechanical data | chanical data | |
|-----------------|---------------------------|--|
| Dimensions | Approx. 126 x 120 x 62 mm | |
| Product weight | approx. 0.6 kg | |

| Electrical data | |
|--|---|
| Load voltage supply (power connection, pins A1, A2) – Nominal voltage – Nominal current (motor) – Peak current | See chapter 3.2 24 VDC ± 10% 3 A 5 A |
| Logic voltage supply (power connection, pins 1, 2) – Nominal voltage – Nominal current – Peak current | See chapter 3.2 24 VDC ± 10% 0.1 A 0.8 A |
| Specifications for serial interface | See chapter 3.5 |
| Specifications for reference switch input | To DIN/EN 61131 part 2 (IEC 1131-2), see chapter 3.6 |

| PROFIBUS data | | |
|---|---|--|
| Protocol | PROFIBUS-DP (DPV0, DPV1) | |
| Baud raten | 9.6 kBd 12 MBd, Automatic baud rate recognition | |
| Interface - Plug - Design - Type of transmission - Integrated bus termination | D-Sub, 9-pin RS485, floating Serial asynchronous, half duplex None | |
| Cable type | Depends on length of cable and fieldbus baud rate, see controller manual | |

A.2 Accessories

| Connection | Cable/plug | Туре | Length [m] | |
|------------------------------------|--|--------------------|--------------|--|
| Power supply | Power supply cable | KPWR-MC-1-SUB-15HC | 2,5 / 5 / 10 | |
| Motor connection | Motor cable | KMTR-DC-SUB-15-M12 | 2,5 / 5 / 10 | |
| Reference switch | E.g. type SME-10/SMT-10 or extension cable type KM8-M8 | | | |
| Serial interface | Programming cable | KDI-MC-M8-SUB-9 | 2,5 | |
| Controller (PROFIBUS interface) | Fieldbus plug for open fieldbus cable end | FBS-SUB-9-GS-DP-B | - | |
| | Fieldbus plug for M12 adapter | FBA-2-M12-5POL-RK | _ | |

| Protective caps | Туре | Comment |
|--|--------|------------------|
| 1 protective cap for the serial interface | ISK-M8 | 10 items per bag |
| 1 protective cap for the connection "Reference switch," if not used | | |

| Wall mounting | Туре | Comment |
|---|-----------|-----------------|
| 2 sets of central supports (4 brackets) | MUP-18/25 | 2 items per bag |
| For wall mounting, additionally 4 suitable M3 screws with cylindrical head are required | | |

H-rail mounting

For H-rail mounting, you will require a DIN mounting rail EN 60715 - 35x7.5 or 35x15; width 35 mm, height 7.5 mm or 15 mm

| Manual in paper form | |
|----------------------|-------------------|
| German | P.BE-SFC-DC-PB-DE |
| English | P.BE-SFC-DC-PB-EN |
| French | P.BE-SFC-DC-PB-FR |
| Italian | P.BE-SFC-DC-PB-IT |
| Spanish | P.BE-SFC-DC-PB-ES |
| Swedish | P.BE-SFC-DC-PB-SV |

A.3 Converting the units of measurement

In the SFC-DC all parameters are always saved in increment specifications (inc, inc/s, inc/s²) and not converted until they are written or read. For the display, conversion from the internal basis system into the (pre)set measuring system takes place within the firmware; for representation on the PC monitor within the FCT software. In this way, the user does not need to carry out conversion when entering values or when reading on the control panel or in the FCT. The direct transfer of values via the field bus interface or the serial interface with CI commands always takes place in the basis system and it is assumed that conversion into increments has already taken place.

Conversion is carried out via the parameters:

- feed constant, depending on the drive,
- gear reduction,
- encoder resolution = physical measuring steps per motor revolution.

| Parameter | | SLTE-10 | SLTE-16 |
|------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| feed | Feed constant | SLTEBS5.0: 5000 [μm/rot] | SLTELS7.5: 7500 [μm/rot] |
| gear Gear reduction 1) | | SLTEG04 (57:13) | |
| enc | Encoder resolution ²⁾ | 512 x 4 = 2048 [incr/rot] | 1,000 x 4 = 4000 [incr/rot] |
| | | | |
| | | HGPLE-14 / GEH60 | HGPLE-25 / GEH61 |
| feed | Feed constant | HGPLE-14 / GEH60 31.416 [μm/rot] | HGPLE-25 / GEH61 62.832 [μm/rot] |
| feed | Feed constant Gear reduction 1) | • | , |
| | | 31.416 [µm/rot] | 62.832 [μm/rot] |

Tab. A/1: Basic parameters for the system of measurement units for linear drives

2) With the SFC-DC: Pulse quadruplication by digital interpolation

| Parameter | | DEF | |
|-----------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|
| feed | Feed constant | 100.000 | |
| gear | Gear reduction 1) | 100:1 | |
| enc | Encoder resolution ²⁾ | 500 x 4 = 2000 | |
| 1) Space | ification in two natural number | ors for numerator or denominator | of the fraction |

Basic parameter for the system of measurement units for rotary drives Tab. A/2:

Special conversion factors

| Unit of length | SLTE-10 | SLTE-16 | HGPLE-16/ GEH60 | HGPLE-25/ GEH61 |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Increments —> millimetres | Increments / 1,795.938 | Increments / 2,338.461 | Increments / 12,254.901 | Increments / 5,347.593 |
| Millimetre> increments | Millimetres * 1,795.938 | Millimetres * 2,338.461 | mm * 12,254.901 | mm * 5,347.593 |
| Increments> inch | Increments / 45,616.83 | Increments / 59,396.92 | Increments / 311,274.48 | Increments / 135,828.86 |
| Inch | Inch * 45,616.83 | Inch * 59,396.92 | Inch * 311,274.48 | Inch * 135,828.86 |

Tab. A/3: Conversion factors for the system of measurement units for linear drives

| Unit | DEF | |
|-------------------------|---|--|
| Increments degrees | Increments / 555.555556 (555.55556 = 200,000 / 360) | |
| Degrees> increments | Degree * 555.55556 (555.55556 = 200,000 / 360) | |
| Increments> revolutions | Increments / 200,000 | |
| Revolutions> increments | Revolutions * 200,000 | |

Conversion factors for system of measurement units for rotary drives Tab. A/4:

²⁾ With the SFC-DC: Pulse quadruplication by digital interpolation

A. Technical appendix

General conversion factors UF

$$1 [inch] = 25, 4 [mm]$$

$$1 [\mu inch] = 0,0254 [\mu m]$$

$$1 [o] = \frac{1}{360} [rot]$$

$$UF_{\mu m} \left[\frac{inc}{\mu m} \right] = \frac{enc \times gear}{feed_{\mu m}} \left[\frac{\frac{inc}{rot} \times \frac{rot}{rot}}{\frac{\mu m}{rot}} \right]$$

$$[\mu inch] \longrightarrow [inc]$$

$$UF_{\mu inch} \left[\frac{inc}{\mu inch} \right] = \frac{enc \times gear}{feed_{\mu inch}} \left[\frac{\frac{inc}{rot} \times \frac{rot}{rot}}{\frac{\mu inch}{rot}} \right]$$

$$= \frac{enc \times gear}{feed_{\mu m} \times \frac{1}{0,0254}} \left[\frac{\frac{inc}{rot} \times \frac{rot}{rot}}{\frac{\mu m}{rot} \times \frac{\mu m}{\mu inch}} \right]$$

$$= UF_{\mu m} \times 0,0254 \left[\frac{inc}{\mu m} \times \frac{\mu m}{\mu inch} \right]$$

$$[rot] \longrightarrow [inc]$$

$$UF_{rot} \left[\frac{inc}{rot} \right] = enc \times gear \left[\frac{inc}{rot} \times \frac{rot}{rot} \right]$$

A. Technical appendix

| Physical values Conversion into increments | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Position | POS [inc] | POS [inc] | | | | | | | | |
| Target positionReference point | [µm] → [inc] | $= POS_{\mu m} \times UF_{\mu m}$ | [µm] x [inc/µm] | | | | | | | |
| Project zero pointSoftware end position, positive | $[\mu inch] \longrightarrow [inc]$ | $= POS_{\mu inch} x (0.0254 x UF_{\mu m}) *$ $= POS_{\mu inch} x UF_{\mu inch}$ | [µinch] x [µm/µinch] x [inc/µm] [µinch] x [inc/µinch] | | | | | | | |
| Software end position, negative | [rot] → [inc] | = POS _{rot} x UF _{rot} | [rot] x [inc/rot) | | | | | | | |
| Speed | V[inc/s]= | | | | | | | | | |
| Positioning speed to target position | [µm] → [inc] | = V _{µm} x UF _{µm} | [µm/s] x [inc/µm] | | | | | | | |
| Search speed during reference travel Positioning speed to the | [μinch] → [inc] | = V _{µinch} x (0.0254* x UF _{µm)} * = V _{µinch} x UF _{µinch} | [μinch/s] x [μm/μinch] x [inc/μm] [μinch/s] x [inc/μinch] | | | | | | | |
| axis zero point during reference travel | [rot] → [inc] | = V _{rot} x UF _{rot} | [rot/s] x [inc/rot] | | | | | | | |
| Acceleration | a [inc/s ²] = | | | | | | | | | |
| Nominal acceleration | [µm] → [inc] | = a _{µm} x UF _{µm} | [μm/s ²] x [inc/μm] | | | | | | | |
| | $[\mu inch] \longrightarrow [inc]$ | $= a_{\mu inch} x (0.0254* x UF_{\mu m})*$ $= a_{\mu inch} x UF_{\mu inch}$ | [µm/s²] x [µm/µinch] x [inc/µm] [µinch/s²] x [inc/µinch] | | | | | | | |
| | [rot] → [inc] | = a _{rot} x UF _{rot} | [rot/s ²] x [inc/rot] | | | | | | | |
| * conversion [μm]> [μinch]: 1 | μinch = 0.0254 μm | | | | | | | | | |

Tab. A/5: General formulae for conversion

Reference: DeviceNet and FHPP

Appendix B

B. Reference: DeviceNet and FHPP

Contents

| B.1 | Festo Pa | arameter Channel (FPC) | B-3 |
|-----|----------|---|------|
| | B.1.1 | Structure of the cyclic I/O data (FHPP-FPC) | B-3 |
| | B.1.2 | Job identifiers, response identifiers and fault numbers | B-5 |
| | B.1.3 | Rules for request-response processing | B-8 |
| B.2 | Referen | ice parameters according to FHPP | B-12 |
| | B.2.1 | Parameter groups | B-12 |
| | B.2.2 | Object overview (Parameter number (PNU)) | B-13 |
| | B.2.3 | Representation of the parameter entries | B-17 |
| | B.2.4 | Device data – Standard parameters | B-18 |
| | B.2.5 | Device data – Extended parameters | B-19 |
| | B.2.6 | Diagnostics | B-22 |
| | B.2.7 | Process data | B-25 |
| | B.2.8 | Record list | B-26 |
| | B.2.9 | Project data – General | B-31 |
| | B.2.10 | Project data – Force mode | B-33 |
| | B.2.11 | Project data – Teaching | B-34 |
| | B.2.12 | Project data – Jog mode | B-35 |
| | B.2.13 | Project data – Direct mode (Positioning mode) | B-37 |
| | B.2.14 | Project data – Direct mode (Force mode) | B-38 |
| | B.2.15 | Axis parameter electric drive 1 – Mechanical | B-40 |
| | B.2.16 | Axis parameter electric drive 1 – Homing | B-46 |
| | B.2.17 | Axis parameters electric drives 1 – Controller | B-48 |
| | B.2.18 | Axis parameters electric drive 1 – Electronics Name plate | B-54 |
| | B.2.19 | Axis parameters electric drive 1 – Standstill monitoring | B-56 |

B.1 Festo Parameter Channel (FPC)

B.1.1 Structure of the cyclic I/O data (FHPP-FPC)

The parameter channel is used for transmitting parameters. The parameter channel comprises the following:

| Components | Description |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Parameter identifier (ParID) | Component of the parameter channel, which contains the request or response identifier (ResID) and the parameter number (PNU). The parameter number serves for identifying or addressing the individual parameter. The request or response identifier (ResID) describes the job or the reply in the form of an identifier number. |
| Subindex (IND) | Addresses an element of an array parameter (sub-parameter number) |
| Parameter value (PV) | Value of the parameter. If a parameter processing task cannot be carried out, a fault number will be shown instead of the value in the reply telegram. The error number describes the cause of the error. |

Tab. B/1: Components of the parameter channel (PKW)

The parameter channel consists of 8 octets. The following table shows the structure of the parameter channel.



For PROFIBUS networks, 16-bit data (WORD) or 32-bit data (DWORD) are transmitted on the bus in "big endian" sequence, i.e. the highest-order byte (MSB) first.

| FPC | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|-----------------------------|---|--------------------------------|--------|
| | Byte 1 | Byte 2 | Byte 3 | Byte 4 | Byte 5 | Byte 6 | Byte 7 | Byte 8 |
| MSB/LSB | _ | - | MSB | LSB | MSB | | | LSB |
| Format | Byte | Byte | WO | RD | | DWO | RD ¹⁾ | |
| O data | 0 | IND | Pa | rID | | Value (PV) | | |
| I data | 0 | IND | Pa | rID | | Value | e (PV) | |
| MSB: LSB: IND: ParID: | | icant byte for addressir | ng an array eleonsisting of Re | | ¹⁾ Value (PV) | Parameter \ - With doub - With word - With byte | ole word: Byt I: bytes 7, 8 | es 5 8 |

Tab. B/2: Structure of parameter channel

Parameter identifier (ParID)

The parameter identifier contains the request (ReqID) or response identifier (ResID) and the parameter number (PNU). Spontaneous messages via bit 11 are not supported by the SFC-DC.

| ParID | ParID | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------|--|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|---|-------|---|---|---|---|
| | Byt | Byte 3 | | | | | | | | Byte 4 | | | | | | |
| Bit | 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Request | Req | ID | | | res. | Para | metei | numl | oer (Pl | NU) | | | | | | |
| Res- ponse | Resi | D | | | res. | Para | metei | numl | er (Pl | NU) | | | | | | |
| ReqID ResID Value (PNU |) | Reques Respon Parame parame the type | se iden ter Nur ter (see | tifier – nber – : e apper | answer serves ndix B.1 | identif to ident). The i | ier (tra tify or a request | nsfer va address or resp | alue, fa the res oonse i | ult,) spective | | ifies | | | | |

Tab. B/3: Structure of parameter identifier (ParID)

B.1.2 Job identifiers, response identifiers and fault numbers

The job identifiers are shown in the following table:

| ReqID | Description | Respons | Response identifier | | | |
|-------|---|----------|---------------------|--|--|--|
| | | Positive | Negative | | | |
| 0 | No request | 0 | - | | | |
| 1 | Request parameter ¹⁾ | 1, 2 | 7 | | | |
| 2 | Modify parameter value (word) 1) | 1 | 7 | | | |
| 3 | Modify parameter value (double word) 1) | 2 | 7 | | | |
| (4) | – (Reserved – request describing element) ²⁾ | - | _ | | | |
| (5) | – (Reserved – modify describing element) ²⁾ | - | _ | | | |
| 6 | Request parameter (array) | 4, 5 | 7 | | | |
| 7 | Modify parameter value (array, word) | 4 | 7 | | | |
| 8 | Modify parameter value (array, double word) | 5 | 7 | | | |
| (9) | – (Reserved – request number of array elements) ²⁾ | - | _ | | | |
| (10) | – (Reserved) ²⁾ | - | _ | | | |
| 11 | Modify parameter value (byte) 1) | 11 | 7 | | | |
| 12 | Modify parameter value (array, byte) | 12 | 7 | | | |
| (13) | – (Reserved – request lower limit value) ²⁾ | - | _ | | | |
| (14) | – (Reserved – request upper limit value) ²⁾ | - | _ | | | |
| (15) | Reserved ²⁾ | - | _ | | | |

When access is made with order numbers for simple variables to parameters which are implemented as arrays, the subindex will be ignored or set to 0. This means that it is always the first element of an array which is addressed.

Tab. B/4: Order and response identifiers

²⁾ Requests with non-supported request numbers (ReqID) will be answered with response identifier 7 and error number 22.

If the request cannot be carried out, response identifier 7 as well as the appropriate error number will be transmitted (negative reply).

The following table shows the reply identifiers:

| ResID | Description |
|-------|---|
| 0 | No reply |
| 1 | Parameter transferred (word) |
| 2 | Parameter transferred (double word) |
| (3) | – (Reserved – describing element transferred) 1) |
| 4 | Parameter value transferred (array, word) |
| 5 | Parameter value transferred (array, double word) |
| 6 | Number of array elements transferred |
| 7 | Request cannot be carried out (with fault number) ²⁾ |
| (8) | – (Reserved – no higher order controller for PKW interface) ¹⁾ |
| (9) | – (Reserved – spontaneous message – word) 1) |
| (10) | – (Reserved – spontaneous message – double word) ¹⁾ |
| 11 | Parameter value transferred (byte) |
| 12 | Parameter value transferred (array, byte) |
| (13) | - (Reserved – lower limit value transferred) 1) |
| (14) | – (Reserved – upper limit value transferred) ¹⁾ |
| (15) | – (Reserved) ¹⁾ |
| , | sed with the SFC-DC numbers see following table |

Tab. B/5: Order and response identifiers

If the job of the parameter processing cannot be carried out, an appropriate error number will be transmitted in the response telegram (octets 7 and 8 of the FPC range). The following table shows the possible error numbers:

| Error numbers | | Description | | | | | | | |
|---------------|-----------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 0 | 0x00 | Impermissible PNU. The parameter does not exist. | | | | | | | |
| 1 0x01 | | Parameter value cannot be modified (read only) | | | | | | | |
| (2) | 0x02 | – (Reserved – lower or upper limit value exceeded) 1) | | | | | | | |
| 3 | 0x03 | Faulty subindex | | | | | | | |
| 4 | 0x04 | No array | | | | | | | |
| 5 | 0x05 | Incorrect data type | | | | | | | |
| (6) | 0x06 | – (Reserved – setting not permitted – can only be reset) 1) | | | | | | | |
| (7) | 0x07 | – (Reserved – describing element cannot be modified) ¹⁾ | | | | | | | |
| (8) | 0x08 | – (Reserved – PPO-Write requested in IR does not exist) 1) | | | | | | | |
| 9 | 0x09 | Description data do not exist | | | | | | | |
| (10) | 0x10 | – (Reserved – access group incorrect) 1) | | | | | | | |
| 11 | 0x0A | No control sovereignty | | | | | | | |
| (12) | 0x0B | – (Reserved – password incorrect) ¹⁾ | | | | | | | |
| 13 | 0x0C | Text not legible in cyclic exchange | | | | | | | |
| (14) | 0x0D | – (Reserved – name not legible in cyclic exchange) 1) | | | | | | | |
| (15) | 0x0E | – (Reserved – text array does not exist) 1) | | | | | | | |
| (16) | 0x10 | – (Reserved – PPO-Write missing) ¹⁾ | | | | | | | |
| (17) | 0x11 | – (Reserved – order cannot be processed because of operating status) 1) | | | | | | | |
| (18) | 0x12 | – (Reserved – other faults) 1) | | | | | | | |
| (19) | 0x13 | – (Reserved – date not legible in cyclic exchange) ¹⁾ | | | | | | | |
| (20) | 0x14 | – (Reserved – non-permitted value) 1) | | | | | | | |
| (21) | 0x15 | – (Reserved – reply too long) ¹⁾ | | | | | | | |
| 22 | 0x16 | Impermissible: attributes, number of elements, PNU or IND | | | | | | | |
| (23) | 0x17 | – (Reserved – Write request: impermissible format) 1) | | | | | | | |
| 24 | 0x18 | Write request: number of values not permitted | | | | | | | |
| (99) | 0x64 | - (Reserved - PROFIBUS) | | | | | | | |
| 100 | 0x65 | – (Reserved – Festo: ReqID is not supported) 1) | | | | | | | |
| (255) | 0xFF | – (Reserved – Festo) | | | | | | | |
| 1) These | error num | bers are not used | | | | | | | |

B.1.3 Rules for request-response processing

| Rules | Description |
|-------|---|
| 1 | If the master sends the identifier for "No request", the SFC-DC replies with the response identifier for "No reply". |
| 2 | A request or response telegram always refers to a single parameter. |
| 3 | The master must continue to send a job until it receives the appropriate response from the SFC-DC. |
| 4 | The master recognises the response to the request placed: - By evaluating the response identifier. - by evaluating the parameter number (PNU). - If applicable, by evaluating the subindex (IND). - If applicable, by evaluating the parameter value. |
| 5 | The SFC-DC provides the response until the master sends a new request. |
| 6 | a) A write request, even with cyclic repetition of the same request, will only be carried out once by the SFC-DC. b) Between two consecutive requests with the same request identifier (ReqID), parameter number (PNU) and subindex (IND), the request identifier 0 (no request) must be sent and the response identifier 0 (no response) must be awaited. This ensures that an "old" response is not interpreted as a "new" response. |

Tab. B/6: Rules for request-response processing

Sequence of parameter processing



Caution

Observe the following when modifying parameters: An FHPP control signal, which is to refer to a modified parameter, may only follow when the response identifier "Parameter value transferred" is received for the relevant parameter and if applicable for the index.

If, for example, a position value in a position register is to be modified and if movement is then to be made to this position, the positioning command must not be given until the SFC-DC has completed and confirmed the modification of the position register.



Caution

In order to be sure that an "old" response cannot be interpreted as a "new" response, the request identifier 0 (no job) must be sent and the response identifier 0 (no response) must be awaited between two consecutive requests with the same request identifier (ReqID), parameter number (PNU) and subindex (IND).

Evaluating errors

In the case of jobs which cannot be carried out, the slave replies as follows:

- Output of response identifier = 7
- Output a fault number in bytes 7 and 8 of the parameter channel (FPC).

Example of parameterising via DPV0

The following tables show an example of parametrising a positioning task in the positioning record table via (FPC – Festo Parameter Channel).

Step 1

Output status of the 8 bytes of FPC data:

| | Byte 1 | Byte 2 | Byte 3 | Byte 4 | Byte 5 | Byte 6 | Byte 7 | Byte 8 |
|--------|----------|----------|-------------------|--------|-----------------|--------|--------|--------|
| | Reserved | Subindex | ReqID/ResID + PNU | | Parameter value | | | |
| O data | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x 0 0 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 |
| I data | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x 0 0 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 |

Step 2

Write record number 1 with absolute positioning: PNU 401, subindex 2 – Modify parameter value, array, byte: ReqID 12 (0xC) with value 0x00.

| | Byte 1 | Byte 2 | Byte 3 | Byte 4 | Byte 5 | Byte 6 | Byte 7 | Byte 8 |
|--------|----------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|-----------------|--------|--------|--------------|
| | Reserved | Subindex | ReqID/ResID + PNU | | Parameter value | | | |
| O data | 0x00 | 0x 02 | 0x C1 | 0x 91 | unused | unused | unused | 0x 00 |
| I data | 0x00 | 0x 02 | 0x C1 | 0x 91 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x 00 |

Step 3

After receiving the I data with ResID 0xC, send O data with ReqID = 0xO and wait for I data with ResID = 0xO:

| | Byte 1 | Byte 2 | Byte 3 | Byte 4 | Byte 5 | Byte 6 | Byte 7 | Byte 8 |
|--------|----------|----------|-------------------|--------|-----------------|--------|--------|--------|
| | Reserved | Subindex | ReqID/ResID + PNU | | Parameter value | | | |
| O data | 0x00 | 0x02 | 0x 0 1 | 0x91 | unused | unused | unused | 0x00 |
| I data | 0x00 | 0x02 | 0x 0 1 | 0x91 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 |

Step 4

Write record number 1 with target position 0x1234 (decimal 4660 increments):

PNU 404, subindex 2 – Modify parameter value, array, double word: RegID 8 (0x8) with value 0x00001234.

| | Byte 1 | Byte 2 | Byte 3 | Byte 4 | Byte 5 | Byte 6 | Byte 7 | Byte 8 |
|--------|----------|----------|-------------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Reserved | Subindex | ReqID/ResID + PNU | | Parameter value | | | |
| O data | 0x00 | 0x02 | 0x 81 | 0x 94 | 0x 00 | 0x 00 | 0x 12 | 0x 34 |
| I data | 0x00 | 0x02 | 0x 81 | 0x 94 | 0x 00 | 0x 00 | 0x 12 | 0x 34 |

Step 5

After receiving the I data with ResID 0x8 send O data with ReqID = 0x0 and wait for L data with ResID = 0x0:

| | Byte 1 | Byte 2 | Byte 3 | Byte 4 | Byte 5 | Byte 6 | Byte 7 | Byte 8 |
|--------|----------|----------|-------------------|--------|-----------------|--------|--------|--------|
| | Reserved | Subindex | ReqID/ResID + PNU | | Parameter value | | | |
| O data | 0x00 | 0x02 | 0x 0 1 | 0x94 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x12 | 0x34 |
| I data | 0x00 | 0x02 | 0x 0 1 | 0x94 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x12 | 0x34 |

Step 6

Write record number 1 with speed 0x7743 (decimal 30531 increments/s):

PNU 406, subindex 2 – Modify parameter value, array, double word: RegID 8 (0x8) with value 0x00007743.

| | Byte 1 | Byte 2 | Byte 3 | Byte 4 | Byte 5 | Byte 6 | Byte 7 | Byte 8 |
|--------|----------|----------|-------------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Reserved | Subindex | ReqID/ResID + PNU | | Parameter value | | | |
| O data | 0x00 | 0x02 | 0x 81 | 0x 96 | 0x 00 | 0x 00 | 0x 77 | 0x 43 |
| I data | 0x00 | 0x02 | 0x 81 | 0x 96 | 0x 00 | 0x 00 | 0x 77 | 0x 43 |

Step 7

After receiving the I data with ResID 0x8 send O data with ReqID = 0x0 and wait for I data with ResID = 0x0:

| | Byte 1 | Byte 2 | Byte 3 | Byte 4 | Byte 5 | Byte 6 | Byte 7 | Byte 8 |
|--------|----------|----------|-------------------|--------|-----------------|--------|--------|--------|
| | Reserved | Subindex | ReqID/ResID + PNU | | Parameter value | | | |
| O data | 0x00 | 0x02 | 0x 0 1 | 0x94 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x77 | 0x43 |
| I data | 0x00 | 0x02 | 0x 0 1 | 0x94 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x77 | 0x43 |

B.2 Reference parameters according to FHPP

B.2.1 Parameter groups

| Group | PNU 1) | Description |
|--|------------|--|
| Device data | 100 | Device identification and device-specific settings, version numbers, passwords, etc. |
| Diagnostics | 200 | Memory for diagnostic events: error numbers, fault time, incoming/outgoing event; management of the diagnostic memory |
| Process data | 300 | Current nominal and actual values, local I/Os, status data, operating panel queries etc. |
| Record list | 400 | A record contains all the nominal value parameters required for a positioning procedure |
| Project data - Force mode - Teach - Jog mode - Direct mode | 500 | Basic project settings. Maximum speed and acceleration, offset project zero point etc. —> Parameters are the basis for the record list. |
| Factor group | 600 | Reserved |
| Axis data electric drives 1 - Mechanics - Homing - Name plate - Standstill monitoring | 1000 | All axis-specific parameters for electric drives. Gear factor, feed constant, reference parameter, etc. |
| 1) Parameter number as p | er FHPP-FF | PC |

Tab. B/7: Parameter groups (FHPP)

B.2.2 Object overview (Parameter number (PNU))

The following overview shows all defined parameters of the FHPP, with the parameter number PNU for parametrisation as per FHPP-FPC (I/O Messaging).

The parameters are described in appendix B.2.4 to B.2.19.



You will find an overview of the available CI objects in appendix C.2.1.

| Name | FHPP | |
|---|------|---------|
| | PNU | Subind. |
| B.2.4 Device data – Standard parameters | | |
| Manufacturer Hardware Version | 100 | - |
| Manufacturer Firmware Version | 101 | - |
| Version FHPP | 102 | - |
| Controller Serial Number | 114 | 1 12 |
| B.2.5 Device data – Extended parameters | | |
| Manufacturer Device Name | 120 | 1 25 |
| User Device Name | 121 | 1 25 |
| Drive Manufacturer | 122 | 1 30 |
| HTTP Drive Catalog Address | 123 | 1 30 |
| Festo Order Number | 124 | 1 30 |
| Device Control | 125 | - |
| HMI parameters | 126 | 1 4 |
| Data Memory Control | 127 | 1, 2 |
| B.2.6 Diagnostics | | |
| Diagnostic Event | 200 | 1 16 |
| Error Number | 201 | 1 16 |
| Time Stamp | 202 | 1 16 |
| Diagnosis Memory Parameter | 204 | 1 4 |
| Device Errors | 205 | - |
| Fieldbus Diagnosis | 206 | 16 |

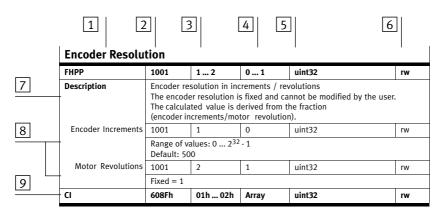
| Name | FHPP | | |
|---|----------|---------|--|
| | PNU | Subind. | |
| B.2.7 Process data | | | |
| Local digital inputs | 303 | - | |
| Local Digital Outputs | 304 | 1, 2 | |
| Cycle Number | 305 | - | |
| B.2.8 Record list | <u>"</u> | | |
| Record Number | 400 | - | |
| Record Control Byte 1 | 401 | 1 32 | |
| Record target position | 404 | 1 32 | |
| Record speed | 406 | 1 32 | |
| Record Acceleration | 407 | 1 32 | |
| Record Deceleration | 408 | 1 32 | |
| B.2.9 Project data – General project data | <u>"</u> | | |
| Project Zero Point | 500 | - | |
| Software End Positions | 501 | 1, 2 | |
| Max. speed | 502 | - | |
| Max. Acceleration | 503 | - | |
| B.2.10 Project data – Force mode | | | |
| Stroke Limit | 510 | - | |
| Min. Torque/Force | 511 | - | |
| Max Torque/Force | 512 | - | |
| B.2.11 Project data – Teach | | | |
| Teach Target | 520 | - | |
| B.2.12 Project data – Jog mode | | | |
| Jog Mode Velocity Phase 2 | 531 | - | |
| Jog Mode Acceleration | 532 | _ | |
| Jog Mode Deceleration | 533 | _ | |
| Jog Mode Time Phase 1 | 534 | _ | |
| B.2.13 Project data – Direct positioning task | | | |
| Direct Mode Acceleration | 541 | - | |
| Direct Mode Deceleration | 542 | - | |

| Name | FHPP | FHPP | | |
|--|------|-----------|--|--|
| | PNU | Subind. | | |
| B.2.14 Project data – Direct task | | | | |
| Force Target Window | 552 | - | | |
| Force Target Window Time | 553 | - | | |
| Force Mode Speed Limit | 554 | - | | |
| B.2.15 Axis data electric drives 1 – Mechanical | | | | |
| Polarity | 1000 | - | | |
| Encoder Resolution | 1001 | 1, 2 | | |
| Gear Ratio | 1002 | 1, 2 | | |
| Feed Constant | 1003 | 1, 2 | | |
| Position Factor | 1004 | 1, 2 | | |
| Axis Parameter | 1005 | 1 5 | | |
| B.2.16 Axis data electric drives 1 – Homing | | | | |
| Offset Axis Zero Point | 1010 | - | | |
| Homing Method | 1011 | - | | |
| Homing Velocities | 1012 | 1, 2 | | |
| Homing Required | 1014 | - | | |
| Homing Max Torque | 1015 | - | | |
| B.2.17 Axis data electric drives 1 – Control parameters | | | | |
| Halt Option Code | 1020 | - | | |
| Fault Reaction Option Code | 1021 | - | | |
| Target Position Window | 1022 | - | | |
| Position Window Time | 1023 | - | | |
| Position control parameter set | 1024 | 18 23, 32 | | |
| Motor Data | 1025 | 1, 3 | | |
| Drive Data | 1026 | 18 | | |
| B.2.18 Axis data electric drives 1 – Electronic type plate | ! | | | |
| Motor Type | 1030 | - | | |
| Max Current | 1034 | - | | |
| Motor Rated Current | 1035 | - | | |
| Motor Rated Torque | 1036 | _ | | |

| Name | FHPP | |
|--|------|---------|
| | PNU | Subind. |
| B.2.19 Axis data electric drives 1 – Standstill monitoring | | |
| Position Target Value | 1040 | - |
| Position Actual Value | 1041 | _ |
| Standstill Position Window | 1042 | _ |
| Standstill Window Time | 1043 | _ |

Tab. B/8: Overview of FHPP parameters

B.2.3 Representation of the parameter entries



- 1 Name of the parameter in English
- 2 Parameter number (PNU)
- 3 Subindices of the parameter for FHPP with DPV0
 - -: The object has no subindex (simple variable)
 - 1 ... 30: The object has subindices from 1 ... 30
- 4 Subindices of the parameter for FHPP with DPV1
- 5 File type of the element.
- 6 Read/write permission: ro = read only,

wo = write only,

rw = read and write

- 7 Description of the parameter
- 8 If applicable: Explanation of the subindices
- 9 Corresponding CI object

Fig. B/1: Representation of the parameter entries

B.2.4 Device data – Standard parameters

| Manufacturer Hardware Version | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------|--|-----|--------|----|--|--|--|--|
| FHPP | 100 | _ | - | uint16 | ro | | | | |
| Description | | Coding of the hardware version, specification in BCD: xxyy (xx = main version, yy = secondary version) | | | | | | | |
| CI | 2069h | 00h | Var | uint16 | ro | | | | |

| Manufacturer Firmware Version | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|-----|-----|--------|----|--|--|--|
| FHPP | 101 | - | _ | uint16 | ro | | | |
| Description | Firmware version, specified in BCD (binary coded decimal): xxyy (xx = main version, yy = secondary version) | | | | | | | |
| CI | 206Ah | 00h | Var | uint16 | ro | | | |

| Version FHPP | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|---|-----|-----|--------|----|--|--|--|--|
| FHPP | 102 | - | - | uint16 | ro | | | | |
| Description | Version number of FHPP, specified in BCD (binary coded decimal): xxyy (xx = main version, yy = secondary version) | | | | | | | | |
| CI | 2066h | 00h | Var | uint16 | ro | | | | |

| Controller Serial Number | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------|-------------------|-----------------|---------------------|----|--|--|--|
| FHPP | 114 | 1 12 | 0 11 | char | ro | | | |
| Description | 12-digit code | e for identifying | the controller. | e.g. "081007PN0636" | | | | |
| CI | 2072h | 00h | Var | V-string | ro | | | |

B.2.5 Device data – Extended parameters

| Manufacturer Device Name | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------|--|------|----------|----|--|--|--|
| FHPP | 120 | 1 25 | 0 24 | char | ro | | | |
| Description | Drive design | Drive designation, e.g.: "SFC-DC-VC-3-E-H2-PB" | | | | | | |
| CI | 1008h | 00h | Var | V-string | ro | | | |

| User Device Name | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|-------|--|------|----------|----|--|--|--|
| FHPP | 121 | 1 25 | 0 24 | char | ro | | | |
| Description | | Designation of the drive by the user, max. 24 characters (ASCII, 7-bit). Default: "motor001" | | | | | | |
| CI | 20FDh | 00h | Var | V-string | rw | | | |

| Drive Manufacturer | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|--------------|---|------|----------|----|--|--|--|
| FHPP | 122 | 1 30 | 0 29 | char | ro | | | |
| Description | Name of driv | Name of drive manufacturer: "Festo SE & Co. KG" | | | | | | |
| CI | 6504h | 00h | Var | V-string | ro | | | |

| HTTP Drive Catalog Address | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|----|--|--|--|
| FHPP | 123 | 1 30 | 0 29 | char | ro | | | |
| Description | Internet add | ress of the man | ufacturer: "www | v.festo.com" | | | | |
| CI | 6505h | 00h | Var | V-string | ro | | | |

| Festo Order Number | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|---|------|------|----------|----|--|--|
| FHPP | 124 | 1 30 | 0 29 | char | ro | | |
| Description | Festo order number, e.g. "540366" or "540367" | | | | | | |
| CI | 6503h | 00h | Var | V-string | ro | | |

| Device Control | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--|---------|
| FHPP | 125 | - | - | uint8 | rw |
| Description | Corresponds 0 (0x00): Co vi | s to "HMI contro ontrol via contro a HMI (control p | ol interface deac panel) and FCT a | ol panel and "FCT/HMI" on t tivated (fieldbus), | he FCT. |
| CI | 207Dh | 00h | Var | uint8 | rw |

| HMI parameters | | | | | | | |
|----------------|--------------|---|-----------------|--|--------|--|--|
| FHPP | 126 | 1 4 | 03 | uint8 | ro | | |
| Description | Parametrisa | tion of the HMI | functions (only | with SFC-DCH2) | | | |
| LCD Current | 126 | 1 | 0 | uint8 | CI: rw | | |
| | Range of val | ues: 1 5 (0x0 | 1 0x05). Defa | ult: 5 | | | |
| LCD Contrast | 126 | 2 | 1 | uint8 | CI: rw | | |
| | Range of val | ues: 0 63 (0x | 00 0x3F). Def | ault: 10 | | | |
| Measure | 126 | 3 | 2 | uint8 | CI: rw | | |
| | | σ, | | display. See object 20D0h. m, mm/s, mm/s² | | | |
| Scaling Factor | 126 | 4 | 3 | uint8 | CI: rw | | |
| | , | Number of post-decimal positions Fixed: 2 (0x02): 2 post-decimal positions | | | | | |
| CI | 20FFh | 01h 04h | Array | uint8 | rw | | |

| Data Memory Control | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------|---|-----------------|---------------|------------------|--|--|--|
| FHPP | 127 | 1, 2 | 0, 1 | uint8 | rw ¹⁾ | | | |
| Description | Commands f | or the EEPROM | (non-volatile d | ata storage). | | | | |
| Delete EEPROM | 127 | 1 | 0 | uint8 | rw | | | |
| | deleted. Ple | When the object is written and after Power Off/On the data in EEPROM is deleted. Please note also the following instructions. Fixed: 16 (0x10): Restore factory settings (delete data in EEPROM) | | | | | | |
| Save Data | 127 | 2 | 1 | uint8 | rw | | | |
| The data in EEPROM will be overwritten with the current user-specifi Fix 1 (0x01): Save data | | | | | ettings. | | | |
| CI | 20F1h | 01h, 02h | Array | uint8 | rw ¹⁾ | | | |
| 1) When reading the | reply "0" alw | ays occurs | | | | | | |



Note

All user-specific settings will be lost on deletion (except for cycle number). The status after deletion corresponds to the standard factory setting.

The gear factor is set to the standard factory setting for the SLTE.

- To set the gear factor: Consult Festo Service.
- Always carry out a first commissioning after deleting the EEPROM.
- When the EEPROM is deleted, the fieldbus parameters are also reset.

B.2.6 Diagnostics



Description of the method of operation of the diagnostic memory, see chapter 6.4.

| Diagnostic Event | Diagnostic Event | | | | | | | |
|------------------|--|--|-------|-------|----|--|--|--|
| FHPP | 200 | 1 16 | 0 15 | uint8 | ro | | | |
| Description | Displays who Value Ty O (0x00) N 1 (0x01) Ir | 0 (0x00) No fault (or fault message deleted) 1 (0x01) Incoming fault | | | | | | |
| | 3 (0x03) R | eserved verrun time sta | mp | | | | | |
| Event 1 | 200 | 1 | 0 | uint8 | ro | | | |
| | Active diagn | ostic event | | | | | | |
| Event 2 | 200 | 2 | 1 | uint8 | ro | | | |
| | Previous dia | gnostic event | | | | | | |
| Event | 200 | ••• | ••• | uint8 | ro | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Event 16 | 200 | 16 | 15 | uint8 | ro | | | |
| | Oldest saved | d diagnostic eve | nt | | | | | |
| CI | 20C8h | 01h 10h | Array | uint8 | ro | | | |

| Error Number | | | | | | | |
|--------------|-------|---|-------|--------|----|--|--|
| FHPP | 201 | 1 16 | 0 15 | uint16 | ro | | |
| Description | | Error number saved in the diagnostic memory, serves to identify the malfunction. See chapter 6.3 for error numbers. | | | | | |
| Event | 201 | | ••• | uint16 | ro | | |
| See PNU 200 | | | | | | | |
| CI | 20C9h | 01h 10h | Array | uint16 | ro | | |

| Time Stamp | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|---------------|---|-------|--------|----|--|--|--|
| FHPP | 202 | 1 16 | 0 15 | uint32 | ro | | | |
| Description | on. In the ev | Time of the diagnostic event in the unit after PNU 204/2 since being switched on. In the event of an overrun the time stamp jumps from 0xFFFFFFFF to 0, an entry: "Overrun time stamp" is created in the diagnostic memory. | | | | | | |
| Event | 202 | ••• | ••• | uint32 | ro | | | |
| | See PNU 200 | See PNU 200 | | | | | | |
| CI | 20CAh | 01h 10h | Array | uint32 | ro | | | |

| Diagnosis Memory Parameter | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|---|------------------|-------------|-------|-------|--|
| FHPP | 204 | 1 4 | 03 | uint8 | rw/ro | |
| Description | Configuratio | n of the diagnos | stic memory | | | |
| Fault Type | 204 | 1 | 0 | uint8 | rw | |
| | Incoming and outgoing malfunctions. 1 (0x01): Log incoming and outgoing*) malfunctions (default) 2 (0x02) Log only incoming malfunctions *) Outgoing malfunction = time when the fault was acknowledged. | | | | | |
| Resolution | 204 | 2 | 1 | uint8 | rw | |
| | 1 (0x01): Resolution time stamp 10 ms (default) 2 (0x02): Resolution time stamp 1 ms | | | | | |
| Clear Memory | 204 | 3 | 2 | uint8 | rw | |
| | Clear diagnostic memory by writing value = 1 Read is always answered with value = 0. | | | | | |
| Number of Entries | 204 | 4 | 3 | uint8 | ro | |
| | Number of entries in the diagnostic memory. Range of values: 0 15 (0x00 0x0F) | | | | | |
| CI | 20CCh | 01h 04h | Array | uint8 | rw/ro | |

| Device Errors | | | | | | | |
|---------------|---|-----|-----|--------|----|--|--|
| FHPP | 205 | - | - | uint16 | rw | | |
| Description | Reading or deleting the active device malfunction. Read [Bit 0 15]: See chapter 6.3, Tab. 6/6. Write 0 (0x0000): Delete all device malfunctions | | | | | | |
| CI | 2FF1h | 00h | Var | uint16 | rw | | |

| Fieldbus Diagnos | is | | | | | | |
|------------------|--|--|--------------|-------|----|--|--|
| FHPP | 206 | 16 | 0 5 | uint8 | ro | | |
| Description | Read out the | PROFIBUS dia | gnostic data | | | | |
| Connection State | 206 | 1 | 0 | | | | |
| | 0 (0x00): V 16 (0x10): V | Current connection state. 0 (0x00): Waiting for parameterising 16 (0x10): Waiting for configuration 32 (0x20): Data exchange | | | | | |
| Baudrate | 206 | 2 | 1 | | | | |
| | Current baud 0 (0x00): 1 1 (0x01): 6 2 (0x02): 3 3 (0x03): 1 4 (0x04): 5 5 (0x05): 1 | 75 kBaud 45 kBaud 2 kBaud kBaud 0xFF): No baud rate (defaul Baud rate search act | | | | | |
| Master Address | 206 | 3 | 2 | | | | |
| | Range of val | Master address. Range of values: 0 125 (0x00 0x7D) Default: 255 (0xFF) | | | | | |
| Slave Address | 206 | 4 | 3 | | | | |
| | | ss ("this station ues: 0 125 (0 (0xFF) | | | | | |
| Configuration | 206 | 5 | 4 | | | | |
| | 0 (0x00): II 1 (0x01): F | Current configuration. 0 (0x00): Invalid configuration 1 (0x01): Festo FHPP standard (8 bytes I/O) 2 (0x02): Festo FHPP standard + FPC (2 x 8 bytes I/O) | | | | | |
| Settings | 206 | 6 | 5 | | | | |
| | Connection settings 0 (0x00): Device-related diagnosis ON (GbD ON, default) 1 (0x01): Device-related diagnosis OFF (GbD OFF) | | | | | | |
| CI | 2FF2h | 01h 06h | Array | uint8 | ro | | |

B.2.7 Process data

| Local digital inputs | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|---|---|--|---|----|--|--|
| FHPP | 303 | - | - | uint32 | ro | | |
| Description | Map of the d Bit 0, 1: Bit 2: Bit 3 15: Bit 16 20: Bit 21: Bit 22: Bit 23: Bit 24 31: | Reserved (= Reference sv Reserved (= Current reco STOP (CCON ENABLE (CCO | 0) witch (1 = refere 0) rd number (com .B1) or internal DN.B0) or internal 6.B1) or internal | us of special inputs. ence input supplies 0-signal npare to control byte 3) status "Stop" al status "Drive enabled" I status "Job started" |) | | |
| CI | 60FDh | 00h | Var | uint32 | ro | | |

| Local Digital Outputs | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|--|--|-------|--------|----|--|--|--|
| FHPP | 304 | 1, 2 | 0, 1 | uint32 | rw | | | |
| Description | Map of the d | igital outputs. | | | | | | |
| Digital Outputs | 304 | 04 1 0 uint32 rw | | | | | | |
| | Status of spe Bit 0 15: Bit 16: Bit 17: Bit 18: Bit 19: Bit 20 31: | Bit 16: MC (SPOS.B2) or internal status "Motion Complete" Bit 17: ENABLED (SCON.B0) or internal status "Ready for operation" Bit 18: ACK (SPOS.B1) or internal status "Start signal accepted" Bit 19: FAULT (SCON.B3) or internal status "Fault" | | | | | | |
| Mask | 304 | 2 | 1 | uint32 | rw | | | |
| | Fixed = 0 (w | Fixed = 0 (written values are not adopted). | | | | | | |
| CI | 60FEh | 01h, 02h | Array | uint32 | rw | | | |

| Cycle Number | | | | | | | |
|--------------|---|-----|-----|--------|----|--|--|
| FHPP | 305 | - | - | uint32 | ro | | |
| Description | Number of positioning records executed, homing runs etc. Range of values: $0 \dots + (2^{32} - 1)$ | | | | | | |
| CI | 2FFFh | 00h | Var | uint32 | ro | | |

B.2.8 Record list

| | Record no. | RCB1 | Setpoint position | Speed | Acc. Move- ment to | Acc. Brake |
|----------|---------------|---|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| FHPP PNU | 400 | 401 | 404 | 406 | 407 | 408 |
| Туре | uint8 | uint8 | int32 | uint32 | uint32 | uint32 |
| Data | Record no. 0 | Homing | | | | |
| | Record no. 1 | Record control byte for record 1 | Setpoint value for record 1 | Setpoint value for record 1 | Setpoint value for record 1 | Setpoint value for record 1 |
| | | | Setpoint value for record 2 | Setpoint value for record 2 | Setpoint value for record 2 | Setpoint value for record 2 |
| | | | | | | |
| | Record no. 31 | Record control byte for record 31 | Setpoint value for record 31 | Setpoint value for record 31 | Setpoint value for record 31 | Setpoint value for record 31 |
| | 32 | Reserved (data | for Jog mode) | | | • |
| | 33 | Reserved (data | for Direct mod | le) | | |

Tab. B/9: Structure of FHPP record list

FHPP

In FHPP, record selection for reading and writing is made via

the subindex of the PNUs 401 ... 408

The record to be executed is selected via the record number in PDO1. PNU 400 is needed only for teaching records in

| direct operation. |
|-------------------|
| |
| |

| Record Number | | | | | | | |
|---------------|---|---|-----|-------|----|--|--|
| FHPP | 400 | - | - | uint8 | rw | | |
| Description | The active / selected record. It is also valid when the drive is not in Record Select mode (e. g. during teaching). In Record selection mode this parameter is transferred in the cyclic I/O data. Range of values: 0 31 (0x00 0x1F) | | | | | | |
| CI | 2033h | - | Var | uint8 | rw | | |

| Record Control B | yte 1 | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---|---|-------|-------|----|--|
| FHPP | 401 | 1 32 | 0 31 | uint8 | rw | |
| Description | in Record se The record c Bit 0: Bit 1 7: Values: | trol byte 1 (RCB1) controls important settings for the positioning job election mode. control byte is bit-orientated: Setpoint value absolute/relative Reserved (=0) Nominal value is absolute (default) Setpoint value is relative to the last setpoint value/ switch further value | | | | |
| Record 0 | 401 | 1 | 0 | uint8 | rw | |
| | Do not use (homing) | | | | | |
| Record | 401 | ••• | | uint8 | rw | |
| | Record control byte for positioning records 1 30 | | | | | |
| Record 31 | 401 | 32 | 31 | uint8 | rw | |
| (positioning record 31) | Record conti | Record control byte for positioning record 31 | | | | |
| CI | 20EAh | 01h 20h | Array | uint8 | rw | |

| Record target position | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---------------|--|---------------|-------|----|--|--|
| FHPP | 404 | 1 32 | 0 31 | int32 | rw | | |
| Description | Absolute or i | Target positions of the positioning record table. Absolute or relative in increments as per PNU 401 / RCB1. Range of values: -2 ³¹ +(2 ³¹ - 1) Default: 0 | | | | | |
| Record 0 | 404 | 1 | 0 | int32 | rw | | |
| | Do not use (l | noming) | | | | | |
| Record | 404 | ••• | ••• | int32 | rw | | |
| | Target positi | on of positionin | g records 1 3 | 0 | | | |
| Record 31 | 404 | 32 | 31 | int32 | rw | | |
| | Target positi | Target position of positioning record 31 | | | | | |
| CI | 20ECh | 01h 20h | Array | int32 | rw | | |

| Record speed | | | | _ | | |
|----------------------|--|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|----|--|
| FHPP | 406 | 1 32 | 0 31 | uint32 | rw | |
| Description | Setpoint speed value in increments/s Range of values: ¹) Axis type Values SLTE-10: 0 305309 (♠ 0 170 mm/s) SLTE-16: 0 491076 (♠ 0 210 mm/s) HGPLE-14/GEH60: 0 674019 (♠ 0 55 mm/s) HGPLE-25/GEH61: 0 347593 (♠ 0 65 mm/s) DEF: 0 216000 (♠ 0 388.8 °/s) For user-defined axis length: 0 Max. speed (PNU 502) Default: dependent on the axis type | | | | | |
| Record 0 | 406 | 1 | 0 | uint32 | rw | |
| | Do not use (homing) | | | | | |
| Record | 406 | ••• | | uint32 | rw | |
| | Speed of pos | Speed of positioning record 1 30 | | | | |
| Record 31 | 406 | 32 | 31 | uint32 | rw | |
| | Speed of pos | sitioning record | 31 | | | |
| CI | 20EDh | 01h 20h | Array | uint32 | rw | |
| | Additional su | ubindex of obje | ct 20EDh see PN | IU 531 | | |
| 1) Range of values d | ependent on t | he axis type (Pl | NU 1005/4) and | axis length (PNU 1005/5) | | |

| FHPP | 407 | 1 32 | 0 31 | uint32 | rw | |
|-----------------------|--|--|--|---|--------|--|
| Description | ' | ues: ¹⁾ | | crements/s ² ositioning mode. | | |
| | HGPLE-25/G DEF: For user-defi Default: SLTE: HGPLE/GEH: DEF: | 116923 EH60: 122549 EH61: 534759 200000 ned axis length 500 mm 100 mm 360 °/s | 00 12254901 0 5347593 0 5000000 : 0 Max. acce n/s ² n/s ² | , , , | 05/4). | |
| Record 0 | 407 | 1 | 0 | uint32 | rw | |
| | Do not use (homing) | | | | | |
| Record | 407 | ••• | | uint32 | rw | |
| | Acceleration for positioning records 1 30 | | | | | |
| Record 31 | 407 | 32 | 31 | uint32 | rw | |
| | Acceleration | for positioning | record 31 | | | |
| CI | 20EEh | 01h 20h | Array | uint32 | rw | |
| | Additional s | ubindices of obj | ect 20EEh see F | PNU 532 and 541 | | |
| 1) Danier afterless d | | l (D) | UL 1005 / () and | axis length (PNU 1005/5) | | |

| Record Deceleration | | | | | | |
|----------------------|---|-----------------|--------------|--------|----|--|
| FHPP | 408 | 1 32 | 0 31 | uint32 | rw | |
| Description | Setpoint for braking (deceleration) in increments/s ² The deceleration can only be specified for Positioning mode. Value is automatically entered when an axis type is selected (PNU 1005/4). Value range and default: See PNU 407 | | | | | |
| Record 0 | 408 | 1 | 0 | uint32 | rw | |
| | Do not use (l | homing) | | | | |
| Record | 408 | ••• | ••• | uint32 | rw | |
| | Deceleration | for positioning | records 1 30 | | | |
| Record 31 | 408 | 32 | 31 | uint32 | rw | |
| | Deceleration | for positioning | record 31 | | | |
| CI | 20EFh | 01h 20h | Array | uint32 | rw | |
| | Additional subindices of object 20EFh see PNU 533 and 542 | | | | | |
| 1) Depends on axis t | ype, see PNU | 1005/04 | | | | |

B.2.9 Project data – General

| Project Zero Point | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|-------------|---|-----|-------|----|--|--|
| FHPP | 500 | - | - | int32 | rw | | |
| Description | Reference p | Offset of axis zero point to project zero point in increments. Reference point for position values in the application (see PNU 404). Range of values: -2 ³¹ +(2 ³¹ · 1) Default: 0 | | | | | |
| CI | 21F4h | 00h | Var | int32 | rw | | |

| Software End Position | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|---|--|-------|--------|--|--|
| FHPP | 501 | 1, 2 | 0, 1 | int32 | rw | | |
| Description | The offset to positions are An entry of 0 Plausibility r | Software end positions in increments. The offset to the axis zero point is entered. Target positions outside the end positions are not permitted and will lead to a fault. An entry of 0 for both end positions deactivates the software end positions. Plausibility rule: Min. limit \leq Max. limit Range of values: $-2^{31} \dots + (2^{31} \cdot 1)$ | | | | | |
| Lower Limit | 501 | 1 | 0 | int32 | rw | | |
| | Default: SLTE-10: SLTE-16: HGPLE-14/G HGPLE-25/G DEF: | EH60: -50511 EH61: -21123 0 | (≙ 0 mm) (≙ 0 mm) (≙ -29,5 mm 0 (≙ -39,5 mm (≙ 0°) | - | 05/4). | | |
| Upper Limit | 501 | 2 | 1 | int32 | rw | | |
| | Software end position, positive Default: SLTE-10: 89797 (≙ 50 mm) SLTE-16: 116922 (≙ 50 mm) HGPLE-14/GEH60: 6127 (≙ 0.5 mm) HGPLE-25/GEH61: 2674 (≙ 0.5 mm) DEF: 200000 (≙ 360 °) Value is automatically entered when an axis type is selected (PNU 1005/4). | | | | | | |
| CI | 607Bh | 01h, 02h | Array | int32 | rw | | |

| Max. speed | | | | | |
|-------------|--|--|---|---------|------------------|
| FHPP | 502 | - | - | uint32 | rw |
| Description | and in the re Dependent (The value entered. (For user-c SLTE-10: SLTE-16: HGPLE-14/G HGPLE-25/G DEF: | cord table refer on the axis type is are permanen Other values are lefined axis leng 305309 491076 EH60: 674019 EH61: 347593 216000 | to this value. (PNU 1005/4) at tly set by select not allowed. The select of the selec | s)) | 5): matically |
| CI | 21F6h | 00h | Var | uint32 | rw |

| Max. Acceleration | | | | | | |
|-------------------|--|--|---|--|------------------|--|
| FHPP | 503 | _ | _ | uint32 | rw | |
| Description | and in the re Dependent (The value entered. (For user-c SLTE-10: SLTE-16: HGPLE-14/G HGPLE-25/G DEF: | cord table refer on the axis type is are permanen Other values are lefined axis leng 448984 584615 EH60: 122549 EH61: 534759 500000 | to this value. (PNU 1005/4) at tly set by select enot allowed. The think the values $45 (\triangle 2500 \text{ mm}) = 400 (\triangle 1000 \text{ mm}) = 400 (\triangle 1000 \text{ mm}) = 4000 (\triangle 1000$ | m/s ²) m/s ²) m/s ²) | 5): natically | |
| CI | 21F7h | 00h | Var | uint32 | rw | |

B.2.10 Project data – Force mode

| Stroke Limit | | | | | |
|--------------|--|--|---|--|--------------------------------------|
| FHPP | 510 | - | - | uint32 | rw |
| Description | With active f not change by you can ensure Force mode taken into active in the Monitoring of Range of val Default: SLTE-10: SLTE-16: HGPLE-14/G HGPLE-25/G DEF: | force control, the py more than the axis is activated by recount in all constatus "Operation be deactivated ues: 0 + (2 ³² - 17959 23384 EH60: 112246 EH61: 53475 20000 | e amount specific will not perform instake (e.g. mistrol modes in will not perform on enabled". ed when bit RCE 1) (\(\text{\text{\$\text{\$}}} 10 \text{ mm} \) | n relative to the start position ied in this parameter. In this n an uncontrolled movemen ssing workpiece). This para hich the position controller | s way ut if meter is is not |
| CI | 60F6h | 01h | | uint32 | rw |

| Min. Torque/Force | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|---|-----|---|--------|----|--|--|
| FHPP | 511 | - | - | uint16 | rw | | |
| Description | The lowest permissible torque (force) of the motor. Specified in 1/1000 of the rated torque (PNU 1036 / Object 6076h) Range of values: 0 1000 (0x03E8) Default: 0 | | | | | | |
| CI | 60F6h | 05h | | uint16 | rw | | |

| Max Torque/Force | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|---------------------------|--|-----|--------|----|--|--|--|
| FHPP | 512 | - | - | uint16 | rw | | | |
| Description | Specified in Range of val | The highest permissible torque (force) of the motor. Specified in 1/1000 of the rated torque (PNU 1036 / 6076h) Range of values: 0 1000 (0x03E8) Default: 1000 | | | | | | |
| CI | 6072h | 00h | Var | uint16 | rw | | | |

B.2.11 Project data - Teaching

| Teach Target | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|--|---|-----|-------|----|--|--|--|--|
| FHPP | 520 | - | - | uint8 | rw | | | | |
| Description | Teach comm Values: 1 (0x01): S - 2 (0x02): A 3 (0x03): P | 1 (0x01): Setpoint position in positioning record (default). - With Record selection: positioning record as per FHPP control bytes - With Direct mode: Positioning record as per PNU 400 2 (0x02): Axis zero point 3 (0x03): Project zero point 4 (0x04): Lower software end position | | | | | | | |
| CI | 21FCh | 00h | Var | uint8 | rw | | | | |

B.2.12 Project data – Jog mode

| FHPP | 531 | _ | - | uint32 | rw | | | |
|-------------|---|--------------------|------------------|------------------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| Description | Range of val | ues: ¹⁾ | 2 in increments/ | s. | | | | |
| | Axis type | | | | | | | |
| | SLTE-10: | 0 30 | 5309 (≙01 | 170 mm/s) | | | | |
| | SLTE-16: | 0 49 | 1076 (≙02 | 210 mm/s) | | | | |
| | HGPLE-14/G | EH60: 0 67 | 4019 (≙05 | 55 mm/s) | | | | |
| | HGPLE-25/G | EH61: 0 34 | 7593 (≙0€ | 65 mm/s) | | | | |
| | DEF: | 0 210 | 6000 (≙03 | 388.8 °/s) | | | | |
| | For user-defined axis length: 0 Max. speed (PNU 502) | | | | | | | |
| | Default: | · · | • | | | | | |
| | SLTE-10: | 30530 | (≙ 17 mm/ | s) | | | | |
| | SLTE-16: | 49107 | (≙ 21 mm/ | s) | | | | |
| | | | (≙ 7.3 mm) | • | | | | |
| | | | (≙ 7.3 mm | · • | | | | |
| | DEF: | 21666 | | , -, | | | | |
| | Value is auto | omatically ente | , , , | s type is selected (PN | IU 1005/4). | | | |
| CI | 20EDh | 21h | Array | uint32 | rw | | | |
| | For additional subindices of object 20EDh see PNU 406 | | | | | | | |

| Jog Mode Acceleration | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|--|--|---|---|-------|--|--|--|--|
| FHPP | 532 | - | - | uint32 | rw | | | | |
| Description | Range of val Axis type SLTE-10: SLTE-16: HGPLE-14/G HGPLE-25/G DEF: For user-def Default: SLTE: HGPLE/GEH DEF: | Values 897969 116923 EH60: 122549 EH61: 534759 200000 ined axis length 500 mm 100 mm 360 °/s | 0 4489845 30 5846154 30 12254901 3 5347593 3 5000000 3 6000000 3 6000000 3 6000000 5 6000000 6 60000000 6 600000000000000000000000000000000 | (≙ 500 2500 mm/s²) (≙ 500 2500 mm/s²) (≙ 100 1000 mm/s²) (≙ 100 1000 mm/s²) (≙ 360 9,000 °/s²) deration (PNU 503) | 5/4). | | | | |
| CI | 20EEh | 21h | Array | uint32 | rw | | | | |
| | Additional s | Additional subindices of object 20EEh see PNU 407 and 541 | | | | | | | |
| 1) Range of value | s dependent on | the axis type (Pi | NU 1005/4) and | axis length (PNU 1005/5) | | | | | |

| Jog Mode Deceleration | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------|---|-----------------|-----------------|----|--|--|--|--|
| FHPP | 533 | - | - | uint32 | rw | | | | |
| Description | | Deceleration in increments/s². Value range and default: See PNU 532 | | | | | | | |
| CI | 20EFh | 21h | Array | uint32 | rw | | | | |
| | Additional s | ubindices of obj | ect 20EFh see F | PNU 408 and 542 | | | | | |

| Jog Mode Time Phase 1 | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------|--|-------|--------|----|--|--|--|--|
| FHPP | 534 | - | - | uint32 | rw | | | | |
| Description | Range of val | Time period of phase 1 (T1) in ms Range of values: 0 +(2 ³² - 1) Default: 2000 (0x000007D0) | | | | | | | |
| CI | 20E9h | 21h | Array | uint32 | rw | | | | |

B.2.13 Project data – Direct mode (Positioning mode)

| Direct Mode Acceleration | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|--|--|---|--|-------|--|--|--|
| FHPP | 541 | - | - | uint32 | rw | | | |
| Description | Range of val Axis type SLTE-10: SLTE-16: HGPLE-14/G HGPLE-25/G DEF: For user-defi Default: SLTE: HGPLE/GEH: DEF: | Values: 1) Values 897969 116923 EH60: 122549 EH61: 534759 200000 ined axis length 500 mm : 100 mm 360 °/s | 00 12254901 0 5347593 0 5000000 0 Max. accel n/s ² n/s ² | (≙ 500 2500 mm/s²) (≙ 500 2500 mm/s²) (≙ 100 1000 mm/s²) | 5/4). | | | |
| CI | 20EEh | 22h | Array | uint32 | rw | | | |
| | Additional s | Additional subindices of object 20EEh see PNU 407 and 532 | | | | | | |
| 1) Range of values | s dependent on t | the axis type (Pi | NU 1005/4) and | axis length (PNU 1005/5) | | | | |

| Direct Mode Deceleration | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------|--|-----------------|----------------|----|--|--|--|--|
| FHPP | 542 | - | - | uint32 | rw | | | | |
| Description | | Deceleration in direct mode in increments/s². Value range and default: See PNU 541 | | | | | | | |
| CI | 20EFh | 22h | Array 1) | uint32 | rw | | | | |
| | Additional s | ubindices of obj | ect 20EFh see P | NU 408 and 533 | | | | | |

B.2.14 Project data – Direct mode (Force mode)

| Force Target Window | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|---|--|--|--|--------------------|--|--|--|
| FHPP | 552 | - | - | uint16 | rw | | | |
| Description | setpoint force target windo target positi The value is | ee (setpoint tord w. The width of on in the centre specified in 1/1 ues: 0 65535 | que), in order to the window is t of the window. | e (actual torque) may differ be interpreted as still being wice the value transferred, d torque (6076h / PNU 1036 | in the with the | | | |
| CI | 60F6h | 03h | - | uint16 | rw | | | |

| Force Target Window Time | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|--|-------------------|---|----|--|--|--|--|
| FHPP | 553 | - | - | uint16 | rw | | | | |
| Description | window this word (Motio | amount of time n Complete). ues: 0 30000 | , the "Target rea | tual torque) has been in the ached" bit will be set in the | | | | | |
| CI | 60F6h | 04h | - | uint16 | rw | | | | |

| Force Mode Speed Limit | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---|---|---|-----------------------------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| FHPP | 554 | _ | _ | uint32 | rw | | | | | |
| | In this way y acceleration by mistake (control mod "Operation of Range of val Axis type | Maximum permitted speed with active Force mode, in increments/s. In this way you can ensure that the axis will not undergo uncontrolled acceleration and move at high speed against a stop if force control is activated by mistake (e.g. workpiece missing). This parameter is taken into account in all control modes in which the position controller is not active in the status "Operation enabled". Range of values: ¹¹ Axis type Values SLTE-10: 0 305309 (♠ 0 170 mm/s) | | | | | | | | |
| | SLTE-16: HGPLE-14/G | 0 493 EH60: 2 428 | 1076 (≙ 0 2 3921 (≙ 0 3 | 210 mm/s) 35 mm/s) | | | | | | |
| | DEF: | 0 Ma | 7379 (≙ 0 5 x. permitted spe :: 0 Max. spee | eed (PNÚ 502, object 21F6h | n) | | | | | |
| | Default: SLTE-10: 17959 (≜ 10 mm/s) SLTE-16: 23384 (≜ 10 mm/s) HGPLE-14/GEH60: 122549 (≜ 10 mm/s) HGPLE-25/GEH61: 53475 (≜ 10 mm/s) DEF: 20000 (≜ 36°/s) | | | | | | | | | |
| | Value is auto | matically enter | ed when an axis | s type is selected (PNU 100 | 5/4). | | | | | |
| CI | 60F6h | 02h | _ | uint32 | rw | | | | | |

¹⁾ Range of values dependent on the axis type (PNU 1005/4) and axis length (PNU 1005/5). The force control is not approved for the mini slides and rotary modules; this can only be activated for user-defined axes via object 6502.

B.2.15 Axis parameter electric drive 1 – Mechanical

| Polarity | | | | | |
|-------------|---|---|---|--|-----------------|
| FHPP | 1000 | - | - | uint8 | rw |
| Description | assigned to A new homin Values: 0 (0x00) | the direction of ng is then requir = Factory settin ("+" correspond = Reverse direc | rotation of the red. g ds to rotational tion | me position values (vectors) motor shaft (see chapter 1.0 movement in a clockwise di movement in an anti-clockw | s). rection) |
| CI | 607Eh | 00h | Var | uint8 | rw |

| Encoder Resolution | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|---|----------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------|--|--|--|--|
| FHPP | 1001 | 1, 2 | 0, 1 | uint32 | rw | | | | |
| Description | Encoder reso | olution calculate | ed from [encode | er increments / motor revolu | ıtions] | | | | |
| Encoder Increments | 1001 | 1 | 0 | uint32 | rw | | | | |
| | SLTE-10: SLTE-16: HGPLE/GEH: DEF: Value is auto | SLTE-16: 1000 HGPLE/GEH: 1000 | | | | | | | |
| Motor Revolutions | 1001 | 2 | 1 | uint32 | rw | | | | |
| | Fixed = 1 | | | | | | | | |
| CI | 608Fh | 01h, 02h | Array | uint32 | rw | | | | |

| Gear Ratio | | | | | | |
|-------------------|--|----------|------------------|----------|----|--|
| FHPP | 1002 | 1, 2 | 0, 1 | uint32 | rw | |
| Description | Ratio of the internal motor revolutions to the external revolutions of the drive shaft of the motor. Gear ratio = motor revolutions / spindle revolutions. Dependent on the axis type (PNU 1005/4) and axis length (PNU 1005/5): The values are permanently set by selection of the axis type or automatically entered. Other values are not allowed. For user-defined axis lengths, the values can be freely written. | | | | | |
| Motor Revolutions | 1002 | 1 | 0 | uint32 | rw | |
| | Internal mot SLTE: HGPLE-14/G HGPLE-25/G DEF: | | gear ratio – nun | nerator) | | |
| Shaft Revolutions | 1002 | 2 | 1 | uint32 | rw | |
| | ft (gear ratio – denominator |) | | | | |
| CI | 6091h | 01h, 02h | Array | uint32 | rw | |

| Feed Constant | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|---|----------|-------|--------|----|--|--|
| FHPP | 1003 | 1, 2 | 0, 1 | uint32 | rw | | |
| Description | The feed constant specifies the path (= feed) that the slide traverses when the drive shaft of the linear axis makes one revolution (feed constant = feed / shaft revolution). Dependent on the axis type (PNU 1005/4) and axis length (PNU 1005/5): The values are permanently set by selection of the axis type or automatically entered. Other values are not allowed. For user-defined axis lengths, the values can be freely written. | | | | | | |
| Feed | 1003 | 1 | 0 | uint32 | rw | | |
| | Specification of feed (feed constant - numerator) in [µm] SLTE-10: 5000 SLTE-16: 7500 HGPLE-14/GEH60: 31416 HGPLE-25/GEH61: 62832 DEF60: 100000 Value is automatically entered when an axis type is selected (PNU 1005/4). | | | | | | |
| Shaft Revolutions | 1003 | 2 | 1 | uint32 | rw | | |
| | Feed constant - denominator. Fixed: 1 (0x00000001) | | | | | | |
| CI | 6092h | 01h, 02h | Array | uint32 | rw | | |

| Position Factor | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---|--|--------------------------------------|--------|-------|--|--|
| FHPP | 1004 | 1, 2 | 0, 1 | uint32 | rw/ro | | |
| Description | Reading the conversion factor: Number of sensor increments per 1 measure unit of feed at the shaft. | | | | | | |
| | Position fakt | or – — | der resolution ' eed constant lin | | | | |
| Numerator | 1004 | 1 | 0 | uint32 | rw | | |
| | SLTE-10: SLTE-16: HGPLE-14/G HGPLE-25/G DEF: | Position factor – numerator SLTE-10: 1795938 SLTE-16: 2338461 HGPLE-14/GEH60: 11224615 HGPLE-25/GEH61: 5347593 | | | | | |
| Denominator | 1004 | 2 | 1 | uint32 | ro | | |
| | Position factor – denominator Fixed: 1000000 | | | | | | |
| CI | 6093h | 01h, 02h | Array | uint32 | rw | | |

| Axis Parameter | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|---|---|-----------------|----------------------|-------|--|--|--|
| FHPP | 1005 | 15 | 0 4 | uint32 | rw/ro | | | |
| Description | Specifying a | nd reading the a | axis parameters | , e.g. for diagnosis | | | | |
| Axis Length | 1005 | 1 | 0 | uint32 | rw | | | |
| | for the speci entered by w Range of val Default: 897 After changi | Axis length in increments (can be set as desired for user-defined axis lengths, for the specified drives – see subindex 4 – specifications for the axis lengths are entered by writing to subindex 05). Range of values: -2^{31} $+(2^{31} - 1)$ Default: $89796 \triangleq 50 \text{ mm}$ for SLTE-10) After changing the axis size (PNU $1005/5$) the correct axis length is automatically entered according to the axis type (PNU $1005/4$). | | | | | | |
| Gear Numerator | 1005 | 2 | 1 | uint32 | ro | | | |
| | Gear ratio – numerator Fixed: 1 | | | | | | | |
| Gear Denominator | 1005 | 3 | 2 | uint32 | ro | | | |
| | Gear ratio – o Fixed: 1 | Gear ratio – denominator | | | | | | |

| Axis Parameter | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Axis Type | 1005 | 4 | 3 | uint32 | rw | | | | | |
| | Axis or gripper type Values: 0 (0x00): SLTE-10 (default) 1 (0x01): SLTE-16 | | | | | | | | | |
| | ` ′ | 16 (0x10): GEH61 | | | | | | | | |
| | | 17 (0x11): DEF 18 (0x12): GEH60 | | | | | | | | |
| | 32 (0x20): r | | | | | | | | | |
| | 33 (0x21): H | | | | | | | | | |
| | 34 (0x22): H | HGPLE-14 | | | | | | | | |
| | | ,, | | llowing parameters: | | | | | | |
| | | | | nge of the following p | | | | | | |
| | 407 408 | | | leration (object 20EE | | | | | | |
| | 501 | | | leration (object 20EFI (Object 607Bh) | 1) | | | | | |
| | 531 | | | 2 (Object 20ED/21h) | | | | | | |
| | 532 | . • | | object 20EE/21h) | | | | | | |
| | 533 | | | object 20EF/21h) | | | | | | |
| | 541 | | | | | | | | | |
| | Direct mode deceleration (object 20EF/22h) | | | | | | | | | |
| | Homing methode (Object 6098h) | | | | | | | | | |
| | – (No PNU) Supported drive functions (Object 6502h)– Modifies the values of the following parameters: | | | | | | | | | |
| | - Modifies the values of the following parameters: 502 Max. permitted speed (Object 21F6h) | | | | | | | | | |
| | 503 | | | ation (Object 21F7h) | | | | | | |
| | 510 | | nitation (Objec | | | | | | | |
| | 511 | Minimum | permissible fo | orce/torque (Object 6 | 0F6/05h) | | | | | |
| | 512 | | | orce/torque (Object 6 | 6072h) | | | | | |
| | 554 | | nitation (Objec | | | | | | | |
| | 1001 | | esolution (Obj | | | | | | | |
| | 1002 1003 | | atio (Object 60 Stant (Object 6 | | | | | | | |
| | 1003 | | ng factor (Obje | | | | | | | |
| | 1010 | | s zero point (C | | | | | | | |
| | 1024/18. | 23 Paramete | , . | oning controller | | | | | | |
| | 1026/03 | | | minal current (object o | 6510/03/40h) | | | | | |
| | 1026/08 | Axis para | | error message windo | | | | | | |
| | 1035 | | tor current (Ol | oject 6075h) | | | | | | |
| | 1036 | | tor torque (Ob | , | | | | | | |
| | Modifies p | | | ollowing parameters: | | | | | | |
| | 406 | | • | d (object 20EDh) | | | | | | |
| | 1012 | Homing s | peed (Object 6 | 6099h) | | | | | | |

| | 17 (0x11): (18 (0x12): I | 3 (0x03): SLTE150: 150 mm stroke 16 (0x10): GEH6140: Stroke per gripper jaw 40, total stroke 80 mm 17 (0x11): GEH6180: Stroke per gripper jaw 80, total stroke 160 mm 18 (0x12): DEF60: Stroke 360° or unlimited | | | | | | | |
|----|---|---|---|---|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| | 20 (0x14): (32 (0x20): I | 19 (0x13): GEH6030: Stroke per gripper jaw 30, total stroke 60 mm 20 (0x14): GEH6060: Stroke per gripper jaw 60, total stroke 120 mm 32 (0x20): Reserved 33 (0x21): HGPLE-25-40: Stroke per gripper jaw 40, total stroke 80 mm | | | | | | | |
| | 34 (0x22): I 35 (0x23): I 36 (0x24): I 255 (0xFF): I | HGPLE-25-80: S HGPLE-14-30: S HGPLE-14-60: S Jser-defined (ar | troke per grippe troke per grippe troke per grippe ny value in subir | er jaw 80, total stroke 160 m er jaw 30, total stroke 60 mr er jaw 60, total stroke 120 m | nm n nm | | | | |
| CI | subindex 05 20E2h | 01h 05h | Record | uint32 | r(w) | | | | |

B.2.16 Axis parameter electric drive 1 – Homing

| Offset Axis Zero Point | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---|---|---|--|--------|--|--|--|
| FHPP | 1010 | - | _ | int32 | rw | | | |
| Description | See chapter Range of val Default: 179 The followin (PNU 1005/- SLTE-10: SLTE-16: HGPLE-14/G HGPLE-25/G DEF: After every of the axis zero The value fo | 1.6 for an explaues: -2 ³¹ +(2 ³ 6 (axis type SLI g values are aut 4): 1796 2338 EH60: -6127 EH61: -2674 0 hange of the re | mation. $^{31} \cdot 1$) TE-10; referencing tomatically entermined (\$\triangle 1\$ mm) (\$\triangle -0.5\$ mm) (\$\tr | ce from reference point). In g method "Block Negative red when the axis type is check the control of the contr | nanged | | | |
| CI | 607Ch | 00h | Var | int32 | rw | | | |

| Homing Meth | od | | | | |
|-------------|---|--|--|--|------------|
| FHPP | 1011 | - | - | int8 | rw |
| Description | Values -17 (0xEF): -18 (0xEE): 7 (07h): 11 (0x0B): Change of ho | Function Search for stop Search for refer | in positive dire rence switch in rence switch in | ection (default with SLTE) ection (default with HGPLE positive direction with ind negative direction with in ollowing parameters: meters: | lex search |
| CI | 6098h | 00h | Var | int8 | rw |

| Homing Velocities | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|----------------|---------------------------|----|--|--|--|
| FHPP | 1012 | 1, 2 | 0, 1 | uint32 | rw | | | |
| Description | Speeds duri | ng homing, in in | c/s | | | | | |
| Search REF | 1012 | 1 | 0 | uint32 | rw | | | |
| | Range of val Axis type SLTE-10: SLTE-16: HGPLE-14/G HGPLE-25/G DEF: | Speed when searching for the reference point REF Range of values: ¹¹ Axis type Values SLTE-10: 1 17959 (△ 0 10 mm/s) SLTE-16: 1 23384 (△ 0 10 mm/s) HGPLE-14/GEH60: 1 122549 (△ 0 10 mm/s) HGPLE-25/GEH61: 1 53475 (△ 0 10 mm/s) DEF: 1 20000 (△ 0 60 °/s) Range of values for user-defined axis length: 0 +(2³² - 1) | | | | | | |
| Search AZ | 1012 | 2 | 1 | uint32 | rw | | | |
| Speed of travel to the axis zero point AZ. Range of values: as with "Search REF" Default: 17959 | | | | | | | | |
| CI | 6099h | 01h, 02h | Array | uint32 | rw | | | |
| 1) Range of values of | dependent on | the axis type (P | NU 1005/4) and | d axis length (PNU 1005/5 |) | | | |

| Homing Required | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|--|--|-----------------|-------|----|--|--|--|
| FHPP | 1014 | - | - | uint8 | rw | | | |
| Description | to carry out p See also PNI In the case of See also the Values: 0 (0x00): R | positioning task J 1024 / object of SFC-DC, homi fault PLEASE E eserved (no hor | s. 60FB/20h. | ary) | | | | |
| CI | 23F6h | 00h | Var | uint8 | rw | | | |

| Homing Max Torque | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|---|--|---|--|----------|--|--|--|
| FHPP | 1015 | _ | - | uint8 | rw | | | |
| Description | Specified as (see PNU 10 The maximu If this value i axis zero poi | a multiple of th 35 / object 607 m permitted tor is reached, the of int (correspondences: 0 255 (0 | que (via current drive will recogr s to 1/10 of PNL | in % : limiting) during homing. nize the stop (REF) and move | e to the | | | |
| CI | 23F7h | 00h | Var | uint8 | rw | | | |

B.2.17 Axis parameters electric drives 1 - Controller



Note

The control parameters of the SFC-DC are preset. Modification is only permitted for servicing purposes. If necessary, consult Festo.

| Halt Option Code | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|------------------------|------------------|-----|--------|----|--|--|--|--|
| FHPP | 1020 | - | - | uint16 | rw | | | | |
| Description | Values: 0 (0x00): R | rake with stop r | | | | | | | |
| CI | 605Dh | 00h | Var | uint16 | rw | | | | |

| Fault Reaction Option Code | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------|----|--|--|--|--|
| FHPP | 1021 | - | - | uint16 | rw | | | | |
| Description | Values: 0 (0x00): R 1 (0x01): R | eserved rake with emer | malfunction. gency stop ramp | o (fixed) | | | | | |
| CI | 605Eh | 00h | Var | uint16 | rw | | | | |

| Target Position Window | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---|--|--|---|----------|--|--|--|
| FHPP | 1022 | - | - | uint32 | rw | | | |
| Description | Amount by w in order that The width of in the centre Range of val | it may still be re the window is t of the window. ues: 0 +(2 ³² - (approx. SLTE- SLTE- | t position may of egarded as being wice the value to the control of the control o | deviate from the target posing within the target window. Transferred, with the target HGPLE-14/GEH60: 0.06 mm | oosition | | | |
| CI | 6067h | 00h | Var | uint32 | rw | | | |

| Position Window Time | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|--|-----|-----|--------|----|--|--|--|
| FHPP | 1023 | - | - | uint16 | rw | | | |
| Description | Adjustment time in milliseconds. If the actual position has been in the target position window this amount of time, the "Target reached" bit will be set in the status word. Range of values: 1 30000 (Write only for service purposes) Default: 100 (0x64 ≜ 0.1 s) | | | | | | | |
| CI | 6068h | 00h | Var | uint16 | rw | | | |

| FHPP | 1024 | 18 23, 32 | 17 22, 31 | uint16 | rw | | |
|---------------------|--|--|---|---------------------|------------|--|--|
| Description | Ţ, | Modification is only | Technical control parameters. Modification is only permitted for servicing purposes. If necessary, consult Festo. | | | | |
| Gain Position | 1024 | 18 (Cl: 12h) | 17 | uint16 | rw | | |
| | Gain position Range of val | n controller ues: 1 1000. | | | | | |
| Gain Velocity | 1024 | 19 (Cl: 13h) | 18 | uint16 | rw | | |
| | Gain speed of Range of val | controller ues: 1 1000. | | | | | |
| I-Fraction Velocity | 1024 | 20 (CI: 14h) | 19 | uint16 | rw | | |
| | | of speed controller ues: 1 2000. | | | | | |
| Gain Current | 1024 | 21 (Cl: 15h) | 20 | uint16 | rw | | |
| | Gain current controller Range of values: 1 800. | | | | | | |
| I-Fraction | 1024 | 22 (Cl: 16h) | 21 | uint16 | rw | | |
| | I-proportion current controller Range of values: 0 1000. | | | | | | |
| Gain Velocity | 1024 | 23 (Cl: 17h) | 22 | uint16 | rw | | |
| Trajectory | Gain speed controller – path generator Range of values: 1 50. | | | | | | |
| Save Position | 1024 | 32 (CI: 20h) | 31 | uint16 | rw | | |
| | technical rea not evaluate Values: 15 (0x000F) | of SFC-DC, the position asons! Parameter is id. = Reserved (current) = Current position | only included fo | or compatibility re | easons and | | |
| CI | 60FBh | 12h 17h, 20h | Array | uint16 | rw | | |

| Motor Data | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|--|--|--------|--------|----|--|--|--|
| FHPP | 1025 | 1, 3 | 0, 2 | uint32 | rw | | | |
| Description | Motor-speci | fic data | | | | | | |
| Serial Number | 1025 | 1 | 0 | uint32 | rw | | | |
| | Reserved (Serial numb | Reserved (Serial number of the motor, written values are not adopted) | | | | | | |
| Time Max Current | 1025 | 3 | 2 | uint32 | rw | | | |
| | I^2 t-time in 20 ms (device-specific for SFC-DC). When the I^2 t time elapses, the current is limited automatically to the motor rated current in order to protect the motor (Motor Rated Current, PNU 1035 / Object 6075h). Range of values: 1 32767 Default: 100 (\triangleq 2 s) | | | | | | | |
| CI | 6410h | 01h, 03h | Record | uint32 | rw | | | |



Note

The duration of the maximum motor current has been adjusted to the supported drives.

Values that are too high can damage the motor.

| FHPP | 1026 | 18 | 07 | uint32 | ro/rw | | |
|---------------------|---|--|-----------------|-----------------------------|-------|--|--|
| Description | General mot | or data | 1 | | | | |
| Output Stage Temp | 1026 | 1 | 0 | uint32 | ro | | |
| | | of the output s ues: 0 85 (0x0 | | | | | |
| Output stage | 1026 | 2 | 1 | uint32 | ro | | |
| Max. Temp | Maximum te Fixed: 80 (0x | mperature of th (0050) | e output stage | in °C | | | |
| Motor Rated | 1026 | 3 | 2 | uint32 | ro | | |
| Current | SLTE-10: SLTE-16: HGPLE-14/G HGPLE-25/G DEF: | EH61: 2250 704 | ed when an axi: | s type is selected (PNU 100 | 5/4). | | |
| Current Limit | 1026 | 4 | 3 | uint32 | ro | | |
| | Maximum motor current, identical to PNU 1034 | | | | | | |
| Lower Current Limit | 1026 | 5 | 4 | uint32 | ro | | |
| | Lower current limit value in 1/1000 of the rated motor current | | | | | | |
| I/O Control | 1026 | 6 | 5 | uint32 | rw | | |
| | Selection of the interface (see also PNU 125 / object 207Dh) 0: Control via HMI (control panel) or FCT, no control via fieldbus 1: Control via fieldbus – control interface (default) | | | | | | |
| Controller Serial | 1026 | 7 | 6 | uint32 | ro | | |
| Number | Serial number TT (day): M (month): YY (year): SSS (serial n | 4 Bit: 0x 8 Bit: 0x | к01 0x1F | DDMYYSSS: | | | |
| Following Error | 1026 | 8 | 7 | uint32 | rw | | |
| Window | 0: Following | ndow for followi error monitorin): permitted foll | g switched off | _ | • | | |

| 6510h | 01h | Record | | ro/rw | | |
|---|--|--|--|---|--|--|
| 6510h | 01h 08h | | uint32 | ro/rw | | |
| 6510h | 31h, 32h, 40h, 41h, 42h, 43h, A0h, 22h | | uint16, uint16, uint32, uint16, int16, uint16, uint32, uint32 int 16 | ro, ro ro, ro ro, rw ro, ro | | |
| Actual value of the current. Note: Not available via FHPP. | | | | | | |
| 6510h | A1h | | uint32 | ro | | |
| Firmware version, specified in BCD (binary coded decimal): xxyy (xx = main version, yy = secondary version) Note: Identical to FHPP object PNU 101 (CI 206Ah) | | | | | | |
| | 6510h 6510h Actual value Note: Not at 6510h Firmware ve (xx = main v | 6510h 01h 08h 6510h 31h, 32h, 40h, 41h, 42h, 43h, A0h, 22h 6510h 45h Actual value of the current. Note: Not available via FHPF 6510h A1h Firmware version, specified (xx = main version, yy = seconds) | 6510h 01h 08h 6510h 31h, 32h, 40h, 41h, 42h, 43h, A0h, 22h 6510h 45h Actual value of the current. Note: Not available via FHPP. 6510h A1h Firmware version, specified in BCD (binary (xx = main version, yy = secondary version) | 6510h 01h 08h uint32 6510h 31h, 32h, uint16, uint32, uint16, uint32, uint16, uint32, uint16, uint32, uint16, uint32, uint16, uint32, uint32, uint32 6510h 45h int 16 Actual value of the current. Note: Not available via FHPP. 6510h A1h uint32 Firmware version, specified in BCD (binary coded decimal): xxyy (xx = main version, yy = secondary version) | | |

¹⁾ Description similar to FHPP 1026/1 ... 8.
Subindices 31h ... A0h are not available via FHPP

B.2.18 Axis parameters electric drive 1 – Electronics Name plate

| Motor Type | | | | | | | |
|-------------|--|-----|-----|--------|---|--|--|
| FHPP | 1030 | - | - | uint16 | r | | |
| Description | Classification of the motor Fixed: 0x0000 | | | | | | |
| CI | 6402h | 00h | Var | uint16 | r | | |

| Max Current | | | | | |
|-------------|---|---|---|--|----------------|
| FHPP | 1034 | - | - | uint16 | rw |
| Description | current (PNL In homing (re Limits the m protects the Note Observe tha that (higher) | J 1035 / object eference travel) otor force durin stops during ho t the current lim nominal speed ues: 1 3000 | 6075h). mode: Setpoin g homing to sto oming to a referentiation also limi | /1000 of the specified nom t value for the current regul- ps and, in the event of an er ence switch. its the maximum possible sp fore be achieved. | ator. rror, |
| CI | 6073h | 00h | Var | uint16 | rw |

| Motor Rated Current | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|---|--|-----|--------|----|--|--|--|--|
| FHPP | 1035 | - | - | uint32 | rw | | | | |
| Description | Values (fixed SLTE-10: SLTE-16: HGPLE-14/G HGPLE-25/G DEF: | Rated current of the motor in mA. Values (fixed, read-only): SLTE-10: 336 SLTE-16: 1440 HGPLE-14/GEH60: 1270 HGPLE-25/GEH61: 2250 DEF: 704 Value is automatically entered when an axis type is selected (PNU 1005/4). | | | | | | | |
| CI | 6075h | 00h | Var | uint32 | rw | | | | |

| Motor Rated Torque | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|---|---|------------------|---------------------------------------|-------|--|--|--|
| FHPP | 1036 | - | - | uint32 | rw | | | |
| Description | Information, Values (fixed SLTE-10: SLTE-16: HGPLE-14/G HGPLE-25/G DEF: | I, read-only): 13000 70000 EH60: 120000 EH61: 120000 50000 | control with SFC | C-DC. s type is selected (PNU 100) | 5/4). | | | |
| CI | 6076h | 00h | Var | uint32 | rw | | | |

B.2.19 Axis parameters electric drive 1 – Standstill monitoring

| Position Target Value | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|-----|-----|-------|----|--|--|
| FHPP | 1040 | - | - | int32 | ro | | |
| Description | Target position of the last positioning job, in increments Range of values: -2^{31} $+(2^{31}-1)$ | | | | | | |
| CI | 6062h | 00h | Var | int32 | ro | | |

| Position Actual Value | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|--|-----|-----|-------|----|--|--|
| FHPP | 1041 | - | - | int32 | ro | | |
| Description | Actual position of the drive in increments Range of values: -2^{31} $+(2^{31}-1)$ | | | | | | |
| CI | 6064h | 00h | Var | int32 | ro | | |

| Standstill Position Window | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|------------------------------|--|-----|--------|----|--|--|--|
| FHPP | 1042 | - | - | uint32 | rw | | | |
| Description | after MC, un Range of val | Standstill position window in increments: Amount by which the drive may move after MC, until the standstill monitoring responds. Range of values: 0 +(2 ³² - 1) Default: 750 (approx. SLTE-10: 0.42 mm HGPLE-14/GEH60: 0.06 mm SLTE-16: 0.32 mm HGPLE-25/GEH61: 0.14 mm DEF: 1,35°) | | | | | | |
| CI | 2040h | 00h | Var | uint32 | rw | | | |

| Standstill Window Time | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|--|-----|-----|--------|----|--|--|--|--|
| FHPP | 1043 – – uint16 rw | | | | | | | | |
| Description | Standstill monitoring time in [ms]: Time during which the drive must be outside the standstill position window before the standstill monitoring responds. Range of values: 0 30000 (≙ 0 30 s) Default: 200 (≙ 0.2 s) | | | | | | | | |
| CI | 2041h | 00h | Var | uint16 | rw | | | | |

Appendice C

Contents

| C.1 | Data tr | ansmission | C-3 |
|-----|---------|--|------|
| | C.1.1 | Procedure | C-3 |
| | C.1.2 | Composition of the CI commands | C-5 |
| | C.1.3 | Checking the data | C-9 |
| C.2 | CI obje | ects | C-11 |
| | C.2.1 | Object overview (Index, Subindex) | C-11 |
| | C.2.2 | Representation of the parameter entries | C-16 |
| | C.2.3 | Communication Profile Area (1xxxh) | C-17 |
| | C.2.4 | Manufacturer Specific Profile Area (2xxxh) | C-18 |
| | C.2.5 | Standardised Device Profile Area (6xxxh) | C-22 |

C.1 Data transmission

C.1.1 Procedure



Caution

In special application cases, access with CI commands enables parametrisation and commissioning of the SFC-DC directly via the RS232 interface, though it is not suitable for real-time capable communication, such as for control. Control of the SFC-DC via RS232 also requires:

- A risk estimation by the user
- ambient conditions free of interference,
- reliability of data transmission e.g. via the control program of the host.
- Use preferably the control panel or the FCT for commissioning and parametrisation.
- Note that control of the SFC-DC via the RS232 does not comply with designated use.



Warning

Injury to people and damage to property.

Full access to the internal variables of the controller is possible via CI commands. Incorrect operation can cause the controller to react unexpectedly and the motor may start in an uncontrolled manner.

- Use the CI commands only if you already have experience of Service Data Objects.
- Inform yourself about using the Objects in the CiA Draft Standard 402 before you use the CI commands of the Command Interpreter of the SFC-DC.



For data transmission you will require a commercially-available terminal program or the CI terminal of the SFC-DC plug-in in the Festo Configuration Tool.

Carry out the following steps:

- Connect the SFC-DC to your PC via the RS232 interface.
 Observe here the instructions in chapter 3.5.
- If necessary, adapt the PC interface to the following transmission protocol.

| Transmission protocol | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Transmission speed (baud rate) | 9600 Baud | | | | | |
| Data format | Asynchronous character frame: - 1 start bit - 8 data bits - No parity bit - 1 stop bit | | | | | |

Tab. C/1: Specifications of the transmission protocol

Initialise the data transmission with the following command:

| Command 310D h | Response 31310D h |
|----------------|-------------------|
| 1 <cr></cr> | 11 <cr></cr> |

- Select the commands in accordance with the object list in appendix C.2.1, Tab. C/7.
- Use CI commands only if you already know their effects and if they are permitted for your SFC-DC.
- For the syntax of the commands, follow the information in appendix C.1.2.

C.1.2 Composition of the CI commands

The contents of the commands implemented in the Command Interpreter of the SFC-DC are based on the objects standardised by CANopen (CiA Draft Standard 402):

Group 1xxx Device description
Group 2xxx Festo commands

Group 6xxx Commands as per CANopen

The total of all parametrisation and control possibilities is referred to as the object directory. Every object is assigned a unique number (Index, Subindex) used for accessing the object.



Caution

Loss of data.

The Command Interpreter (CI) contains commands which reorganise or delete parts of the memory. Existing data is thereby destroyed:

- It is preferable to use the FCT or the control panel for commissioning and parametrisation.
- Use the CI commands only in special cases which require direct access to the controller.
- Use CI commands only if you already know their effects and if they are permitted for your SFC-DC.

Access procedure

The higher-order controller sends the controller either a write command (WRITE) to modify a parameter in the object directory, or a read command (READ) to read out a parameter.

For each command the higher-order controller receives a response which either contains the value read or, in the case of a write command, serves as an acknowledgement. The transmitted value (1, 2 or 4 data bytes) depends on the data type of the object to be read or written.

WRITE (W)

Write commands (W) transfer a value in the specified format to the SFC-DC. As a reply, Write commands will be reflected exactly character by character from the SFC-DC controller. A checksum (PS) is inserted in front of the (CR).

READ (R)

Read commands (R) transfer a value from the SFC-DC. The reply from the SFC-DC controller contains the downloaded value. A checksum <PS> is inserted in front of the <CR>.



All commands are entered as a character sequence without any empty spaces. A hex character is a Char character in hex format.

| Acc 1) | Command | Response |
|----------------------|---|-----------------------|
| W W ²⁾ | =IIIISS: <value><cr> =IIIISS:<value><PS*CR></value></cr></value> | =IIIISS:‹Value×PS×CR› |
| R R ²⁾ | ?IIIISS <cr> ?IIIISS<ps>CR></ps></cr> | =IIIISS:‹Value×PS×CR› |

¹⁾ Access: W = write, R = read

Tab. C/2: Syntax of a CI command/reply

With activated checksum comparison at the SFC-DC, see appendix C.1.3

| Syntax | Explanation |
|-------------|--|
| "=", "?" | Initial character for write or read commands |
| Ш | Index in 4 hexadecimal digits |
| SS | Subindex in 2 hexadecimal digits If the addressed object does not have indexed parameters, subindex <00> is specified. |
| ": " | Separator |
| ⟨Value⟩ | Data in a format depending on data type |
| <ps></ps> | Check sum in 2 hexadecimal digits (see appendix C.1.3) |
| ⟨CR⟩ | End character (Carriage Return) (\$0D) |

Tab. C/3: Elements of syntax of a CI command/reply

Data type

The transmitted value (1, 2 or 4 data bytes as hex number) depends on the data type of the object to be read or written. The following data types are supported:

| Туре | Hex | Format | |
|----------|--------|----------------------------|---|
| UINT8 | 2H | 8 bits without sign: 0 255 | |
| INT8 | | 8 bits with sign: | -128 127 |
| UINT16 | 4H | 16 bits without sign: | 0 65535 |
| INT16 | | 16 bits with sign: | -32768 32767 |
| UINT32 | 8H | 32 bits without sign: | 0 (2 ³² - 1) |
| INT32 | | 32 bits without sign: | -2 ³¹ +(2 ³¹ - 1) |
| V-string | Corres | ponds to the preset string | S |

Tab. C/4: Data types



Note

Direct transfer of values via the serial interface with CI commands always takes place in the basis system and requires conversion into increments.

All parameters are always saved in increments in the controller and are not converted into the relevant measuring system until they are written or downloaded. All physical variables (position, speed and acceleration) must be converted into increment values before they can be transferred.

Further information on converting can be found in appendix A.3

All values are transferred in hexadecimal figures; one character represents 4 bits; and is known as a tetrad <Tn>. The first tetrad transferred contains the higher-value bits of the value.

General information: Tetrad $\langle Tn \rangle$ contains the bits $b_n \dots b_{n+3}$

Example: UINT8 (2H)

| Dec | 26 | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Hex | 1 | 1 A | | | | | | |
| Bin | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| | b ₇ | b ₆ | b ₅ | b ₄ | b ₃ | b ₂ | b ₁ | b ₀ |
| | Tetrad T ₄ | | | Tetrad T ₀ | | | | |

C.1.3 Checking the data

Invalid values

Transferred parameters and values are checked by the SFC-DC before being accepted. In the case of invalid parameters or values, an error message will not appear in the response; rather, the transferred value will always be returned.



Note

The following applies when writing the objects:

- Discrete values (values from a value list):
 An invalid value will not be accepted, the previously valid value will be retained.
- Continuous values (values from a continuous interval):
 An invalid value will be limited up to the next permitted minimum or maximum value.



Recommendation

Check that values and parameters have been written correctly by downloading the current contents of the parameter or value with one of the following Read commands.

Transmission

In the case of a transmission error between the higher-level controller and the SFC-DC, instead of the usual response, the value <0x00FF> will be transferred (see Object 2FFO).

Possible causes:

- Incorrect initial character, separating character or empty character.
- Incorrect hex digit.
- Incorrect value type.

Check sum (CS)

The higher level controller must compare the sent command with the "Echo" from the SFC-DC and check the check sum. Additional check sum comparison at the SFC-DC for received commands can be optionally activated (CI Object 20F3h). The higher-level controller must then insert a check sum before the termination character (CR = Carriage return).

If the SFC-DC detects a deviation in the check sum then, instead of the usual response, the value <0xFFFF> will be transferred (see Object 2FFOh).

The check sum is calculated based on the case (upper/lower case) of the **command**; the check sum of the **response** is always based on upper case.

| Check sum <ps></ps> | W/R | Command | Response |
|-----------------------|-----|--------------------------------|--|
| Default | W | =IIIISS:‹value›‹CR› | =IIIISS:‹Value› PS ›‹CR› |
| (Cl object 20F300:00) | R | ?IIIISS <cr></cr> | =IIIISS: <value>PS><cr></cr></value> |
| Optional | w | =IIIISS:‹Value× PS ×CR› | =IIIISS:‹Value›‹ PS ›‹CR› |
| (CI object 20F300:01) | R | ?IIIISS× PS ×CR> | =IIIISS:‹Value› PS ›‹CR› |
| W = write R = read | | | |

Tab. C/5: Command/Response syntax (optionally with check sum comparison by the SFC-DC)

| Check sum < | Check sum (PS) | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Calculation Sum of all ASCII characters sent, reduced to 1 by W: | | | | | |
| | Example Command =IIIISS: <value×cr> =20F300:00 ASCII-> = 2 0 F 3 0 0 : 0 0 HEX 3D+32+30+46+33+30+30+3A+30+30 Sum 212h Mod 256 212h mod 100h = 12h Response =20F300:0012</value×cr> | | | | |
| Format | 2 Hexadecimal numbers, UINT8 | | | | |

Tab. C/6: Check sum

C.2 CI objects

C.2.1 Object overview (Index, Subindex)

The following overview shows all CI objects, where appropriate with the corresponding FHPP parameter numbers.



Note

The following table contains an overview of the CI objects. Some of the objects may be used only for certain product variants or only with limitations (e.g. writing only for service purposes). Note the detailed descriptions of the object.

You will find the descriptions of the CI objects in the following sections (see "See" column):

- Descriptions of the CI objects with the corresponding PNUs as per FHPP in appendix B.2.4 to B.2.19
- Descriptions of the additional CI objects beginning at appendix C.2.3.

| Name | CI | CI | | See |
|-------------------------------|--------|-----|-----|-------|
| | Object | SI | PNU | |
| Group 1xxx | | | | |
| Device Type | 1000h | 00h | _ | C.2.3 |
| Manufacturer Device Name | 1008h | 00h | 120 | B.2.5 |
| Manufacturer Hardware Version | | 00h | _ | C.2.3 |
| Manufacturer software version | 100Ah | 00h | _ | C.2.3 |

| Name | CI | Lau | FHPP | See |
|-------------------------------|--------|-----------|------|--------|
| | Object | SI | PNU | |
| Group 2xxx | | | | |
| Record Number | 2032h | 01h | _ | C.2.4 |
| Record Number | 2033h | 00h | 400 | B.2.8 |
| Standstill Position Window | 2040h | 00h | 1042 | B.2.19 |
| Standstill Window Time | 2041h | 00h | 1043 | B.2.19 |
| Version FHPP | 2066h | 00h | 102 | B.2.4 |
| Version FCT PlugIn Min | 2067h | 00h | _ | C.2.4 |
| Version FCT PlugIn Opt | 2068h | 00h | _ | C.2.4 |
| Manufacturer Hardware Version | 2069h | 00h | 100 | B.2.4 |
| Manufacturer Firmware Version | 206Ah | 00h | 101 | B.2.4 |
| Controller Serial Number | 2072h | 00h | 114 | B.2.4 |
| Device Control | 207Dh | 00h | 125 | B.2.5 |
| Diagnostic Event | 20C8h | 01h 10h | 200 | B.2.6 |
| Error Number | 20C9h | 01h 10h | 201 | B.2.6 |
| Time Stamp | 20CAh | 01h 10h | 202 | B.2.6 |
| Diagnosis Memory Parameter | 20CCh | 01h 04h | 204 | B.2.6 |
| Scaling | 20D0h | 01h, 02h | _ | C.2.4 |
| Record Table Element | 20E0h | 01h 05h | _ | C.2.4 |
| Axis Parameter | 20E2h | 01h 05h | 1005 | B.2.15 |
| Controller Type | 20E3h | 00h | - | C.2.4 |
| Jog Mode Time Phase 1 | 20E9h | 00h / 21h | 534 | B.2.12 |
| Record Control Byte 1 | 20EAh | 01h 20h | 401 | B.2.8 |
| Record target position | 20ECh | 01h 20h | 404 | B.2.8 |
| Velocity (speed) | 20EDh | 01h 20h | 406 | B.2.8 |
| | | 21h | 531 | B.2.12 |
| Acceleration | 20EEh | 01h 20h | 407 | B.2.8 |
| | | 21h | 532 | B.2.12 |
| | | 22h | 541 | B.2.13 |

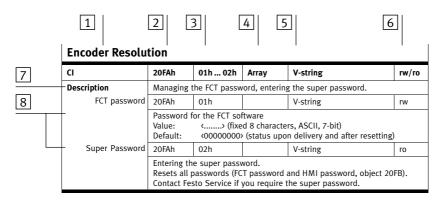
| Name | CI Object | SI | FHPP PNU | See |
|----------------------------|--------------|----------|-------------|--------|
| Deceleration | 20EFh | 01h 20h | 408 | B.2.8 |
| | | 21h | 533 | B.2.12 |
| | | 22h | 542 | B.2.13 |
| Data Memory Control | 20F1h | 01h, 02h | 127 | B.2.5 |
| CI_ReceiveChecksumActive | 20F3h | 00h | _ | C.2.4 |
| Password | 20FAh | 01h, 02h | _ | C.2.4 |
| Local Password | 20FBh | 00h | _ | C.2.4 |
| User Device Name | 20FDh | 00h | 121 | B.2.5 |
| HMI parameters | 20FFh | 01h 04h | 126 | B.2.5 |
| Project Zero Point | 21F4h | 00h | 500 | B.2.9 |
| Max. speed | 21F6h | 00h | 502 | B.2.9 |
| Max. Acceleration | 21F7h | 00h | 503 | B.2.9 |
| Teach Target | 21FCh | 00h | 520 | B.2.11 |
| Homing Required | 23F6h | 00h | 1014 | B.2.16 |
| Homing Max Torque | 23F7h | 00h | 1015 | B.2.16 |
| Communication Error | 2FF0h | 00h | _ | C.2.4 |
| Device Errors | 2FF1h | 00h | 205 | B.2.6 |
| Fieldbus Diagnosis | 2FF2h | 01h 06h | 206 | B.2.6 |
| Fieldbus Address | 2FF3h | 00h | _ | C.2.4 |
| Cycle Number | 2FFFh | 00h | 305 | B.2.7 |
| Group 6xxx | | | | |
| Control Word | 6040h | 00h | _ | C.2.5 |
| Status Word | 6041h | 00h | _ | C.2.5 |
| Halt Option Code | 605Dh | 00h | 1020 | B.2.17 |
| Fault Reaction Option Code | 605Eh | 00h | 1021 | B.2.17 |
| Operation Mode | 6060h | 00h | _ | C.2.5 |
| Operation Mode Display | 6061h | 00h | _ | C.2.5 |
| Position Target Value | 6062h | 00h | 1040 | B.2.19 |
| Position Actual Value* | 6063h | 00h | _ | C.2.5 |
| Position Actual Value | 6064h | 00h | 1041 | B.2.19 |
| Target Position Window | 6067h | 00h | 1022 | B.2.17 |

| Name | CI Object | SI | FHPP PNU | See |
|-----------------------------|--------------|----------|-------------|--------|
| Position Window Time | 6068h | 00h | 1023 | B.2.17 |
| Velocity Demand Value | 606Bh | 00h | _ | C.2.5 |
| Velocity Actual Value | 606Ch | 00h | - | C.2.5 |
| Target Torque/Force | 6071h | 00h | - | C.2.5 |
| Max Torque/Force | 6072h | 00h | 512 | B.2.10 |
| Max Current | 6073h | 00h | 1034 | B.2.18 |
| Motor Rated Current | 6075h | 00h | 1035 | B.2.18 |
| Motor Rated Torque | 6076h | 00h | 1036 | B.2.18 |
| Torque Actual Value | 6077h | 00h | - | C.2.5 |
| Current Actual Value | 6078h | 00h | _ | C.2.5 |
| Target Position | 607Ah | 00h | - | C.2.5 |
| Software End Position | 607Bh | 01h, 02h | 501 | B.2.9 |
| Home Offset | 607Ch | 00h | 1010 | B.2.16 |
| Polarity | 607Eh | 00h | 1000 | B.2.15 |
| Profile Velocity | 6081h | 00h | _ | C.2.5 |
| Profile Acceleration | 6083h | 00h | _ | C.2.5 |
| Profile Deceleration | 6084h | 00h | _ | C.2.5 |
| Motion Profile Type | 6086h | 00h | _ | C.2.5 |
| Torque Slope | 6087h | 00h | _ | C.2.5 |
| Torque Profile Type | 6088h | 00h | _ | C.2.5 |
| Position Encoder Resolution | 608Fh | 01h, 02h | 1001 | B.2.15 |
| Gear Ratio | 6091h | 01h, 02h | 1002 | B.2.15 |
| Feed Constant | 6092h | 01h, 02h | 1003 | B.2.15 |
| Position Factor | 6093h | 01h, 02h | 1004 | B.2.15 |
| Homing Method | 6098h | 00h | 1011 | B.2.16 |
| Homing Velocities | 6099h | 01h, 02h | 1012 | B.2.16 |
| Stroke Limit | 60F6h | 01h | 510 | B.2.10 |
| Force Mode Speed Limit | 60F6h | 02h | 554 | B.2.14 |
| Force Target Window | 60F6h | 03h | 552 | B.2.14 |
| Force Target Window Time | 60F6h | 04h | 553 | B.2.14 |
| Min. Torque/Force | 60F6h | 05h | 511 | B.2.10 |

| Name | CI Object | SI | FHPP PNU | See |
|--------------------------------|--------------|--|-------------|--------|
| Position Control Parameter Set | 60FBh | 12h 17h, 20h | 1024 | B.2.17 |
| Local digital inputs | 60FDh | 00h | 303 | B.2.7 |
| Local Digital Outputs | 60FEh | 01h, 02h | 304 | B.2.7 |
| Motor Type | 6402h | 00h | 1030 | B.2.18 |
| Motor Data | 6410h | 01h, 03h | 1025 | B.2.17 |
| Supported Drive Modes | 6502h | 00h | _ | C.2.5 |
| Drive Catalog Number | 6503h | 00h | 124 | B.2.5 |
| Drive Manufacturer | 6504h | 00h | 122 | B.2.5 |
| HTTP Drive Catalog Address | 6505h | 00h | 123 | B.2.5 |
| Drive Data | 6510h | 31h (01h), 32h (02h), 40h (03h), 41h (04h), 42h (05h), 43h (06h), A0h (07h), 22h (08h), 44h, 45h | 1026 | B.2.17 |

Tab. C/7: Overview of CI objects

C.2.2 Representation of the parameter entries



- 1 Name of the parameter in English
- 2 Object number
- 3 Subindices of the parameter
- 4 Element class
- 5 Element variable type.
- 6 Read/Write permission: ro = read only

wo = write only

rw = read and write

- 7 Description of the parameter
- 8 Name and description of subindices, if present

Fig. C/1: Representation of the parameter entries

C.2.3 Communication Profile Area (1xxxh)

| Device Type | | | | | |
|-------------|--|-----------------------------------|--|--------|----|
| CI | 1000h | -/ 00h | Var | uint32 | ro |
| Description | Bit: 31 16 Additional in Value: 0 (0x6 | 6 Iformation 0000) – not us | e type and the 15 0 Device profile sed (0x0000) – no | number | |

| Manufacturer Hardware Version | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------|--------|-----|----------|----|--|--|--|--|
| CI | 1009h | -/ 00h | Var | V-string | ro | | | | |
| Description Coding of the hardware version (xx = main version, yy = secondary version). Format = "Vxx.yy" | | | | | | | | | |
| Compare PNU 100 / | object 2069h | | | | | | | | |

| Manufacturer Software Version | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------------|--------|-----|----------|----|--|--|--|--|
| CI | 100Ah | -/ 00h | Var | V-string | ro | | | | |
| Description Coding of the firmware version (xx = main version, yy = secondary version). Format = "Vxx.yy" | | | | | | | | | |
| Compare PNU 101 / | Compare PNU 101 / object 206Ah | | | | | | | | |

C.2.4 Manufacturer Specific Profile Area (2xxxh)

| Record Number | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|--|--|--|--|----|--|--|--|--|--|
| CI | 2032h | 01h | Array 1) | uint8 | rw | | | | | |
| | 1) Pseudo-a | rray for compa | tibility | 1 | | | | | | |
| Description | The record r following Ol – Object 20 – Or object | Selection of a positioning record via the record number. The record number is saved as the target for write and read operations on the following Objects: Object 20E0/01h 05h: Record Table Element Or objects 607Ah, 6081h, 6083h, 6084h There is a direct correlation with object 2033h (PNU 401). | | | | | | | | |
| Record Number | 2032h | 01h | | uint8 | rw | | | | | |
| number | Values: 0 (0x00): 1 (0x00): 2 (0x02): 3 (0x03): 4 (0x04): | | n record, rese on record (FCT tion record 0) rd 1 (default) rd 2 rd | erved, do not use record), reserved, do not use | | | | | | |

| Version FCT PlugIn Min | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|---|--------|--|--|--|--|
| CI | 2067h | -/ 00h | Var | V-string | r | | | | |
| Description | with the firm | ware version | being used. | required for commissioning the = secondary version) | SFC-DC | | | | |

| Version FCT PlugIn Opt | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|---|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| CI | 2068h | -/ 00h | Var | V-string | r | | | | |
| Description | with the firm | ware version | being used. | suited for commissioning = secondary version) | of the SFC-DC | | | | |

| Scaling | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|---|---|----------------|---------------------------------|----|--|--|--|
| CI | 20D0h | 01h, 02h | Array | uint8 | ro | | | |
| Description | Units of mea | surement and | decimal place | es on the control panel display | | | | |
| Measuring Unit | 20D0h | 01h | | uint8 | ro | | | |
| | The setting f All paramete converted in downloaded | Definition of unit of measurement. The setting for the system of measurement only affects the display. All parameters are always saved in increments in the controller and are not converted into the relevant measuring system until they are written or downloaded. Fixed = 1: Metric measuring units e.g. mm, mm/s, mm/s² | | | | | | |
| Scaling Factor | 20D0h | 02h | | uint8 | ro | | | |
| | Number of p Fixed = 2 | laces after the | e decimal poin | t | | | | |

| Record Table Element | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|---|---|--------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|------|--|
| CI | 20E0h | 01h 0 | 5h Re | cord | uint16, in | t32 | | rw | |
| Description | 1. Select line | Editing the entries in the positioning record table: 1. Select line (= position number) with object 2032h. 2. Select column under subindex 20E0h: 01 05 | | | | | | | |
| | | | 20E0/01 | 20E0/02 | 20E0/03 | 20E0/04 | 20E0/05 | | |
| | | Record Number | Pos-set Mode | Target Position | Profile Velocity | Profile Acc. | Profile Dec. | | |
| | 2032h → | 02 | (1) | () | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | This command no movemer Via object 20 correspondi 20EFh. Diffe reading. | nt takes pl DEO acces ng objects | ace. s is effec s 607Ah, | ted in par 6081h, 6 | t to the sai 083h, 6084 | me paran ih or obje | neters as ects 20EA | n to | |
| Positioning Mode | 20E0h | 01h | | | uint16 | | | rw | |
| | Positioning 0 (0x0000): 1 (0x0001): | 6 (| | | | | | | |
| Target Position | 20E0h | 02h | | | int32 | | | rw | |
| | Target positi Range of val | | | • | - | | | | |

| Record Table Element | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|--------------------|---|--|-------|----|--|--|--|--|
| Velocity | 20E0h | 20E0h 03h int32 rw | | | | | | | |
| | | Positioning speed in increments (compare Profile Velocity, object 6081). Range of values and default values like PNU 406, object 20EDh | | | | | | | |
| Acceleration | 20E0h | 04h | | int32 | rw | | | | |
| | | Acceleration in increments/s² (compare Profile acceleration, object 6083). Range of values and default values like PNU 407, object 20EEh | | | | | | | |
| Deceleration | 20E0h 05h int32 rw | | | | | | | | |
| | | Deceleration in increments/s ² (compare Profile deceleration, object 6084). Range of values and default values like PNU 408, object 20EFh | | | | | | | |

| Controller Type | | | | | |
|-----------------|-------------|------------------------------------|----------------|--|---|
| CI | 20E3h | - | Var | uint8 | r |
| Description | 1 (0x01): C | Controller with Controller with | out display/ke | oard (typeH2) eyboard (typeH0) uture extensions) | |

| CI_ReceiveChecksumActive | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|--|--------------------------|------|--------------------------------|----|--|--|--|--|--|
| CI | 20F3h | -/ 00h | Var | uint8 | rw | | | | | |
| Description | Tab. C/6. Values: 0 (0x00): D 1 (0x01): E | isabled (defai nabled | ult) | I telegrams, see appendix C.1. | 3, | | | | | |

| Password | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|---------------|---|--------------|---|-------|--|--|--|
| CI | 20FAh | 01h, 02h | Array | V-string | rw/ro | | | |
| Description | Managing th | Managing the FCT password, entering the super password. | | | | | | |
| FCT password | 20FAh | 01h | | V-string | rw | | | |
| | Value: <. | (| | | | | | |
| Super Password | 20FAh | 02h | | V-string | ro | | | |
| | Resets all pa | | password and | d HMI password, object 20F super password. | В). | | | |

| Local Password | | | | | |
|----------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--------------|----|
| CI | 20FBh | -/ 00h | Var | V-string | rw |
| Description | which are ca Value: <. O | rried out via t > (fixed 8 nly the first 3 | he control par characters, As characters are | SCII, 7-bit) | |

| Communication Error | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|-------|--------|-----|------------------------------------|--------|--|--|
| CI | 2FF0h | -/ 00h | Var | uint16 | ro | | |
| Description | | | | ralue <0xFF> will be transferred i | nstead | | |

| Fieldbus Address | | | | | | | |
|------------------|-----------|---|-------|-------|----|--|--|
| CI | 2FF3h | -/ 00h | Var | uint8 | rw | | |
| Description | Values: 0 | ddress of the 125 (0x00 55 (0xFF, inval | 0x7D) | | | | |

C.2.5 Standardised Device Profile Area (6xxxh)

| Control Word DS 402 | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|--|--|--|--|---------|--|--|--|
| CI | 6040h | -/ 00h | Var | uint16 | rw | | | |
| Description | As status m modification Status Word may a furth finite state | Modify the current controller status or trigger an activity. As status modifications require a certain amount of time, all status modifications triggered via the Control Word must be read back via the Status Word. Only when the requested status can be read in the status word may a further command be written via the control word. For a description of the finite state machine see chapter 5.7. Values see Tab. C/8. | | | | | | |
| | Specific fea | Specific features when accessing via CI: | | | | | | |
| | Reset Fault (Bit 7) as per DS 402 processing with positive edge, but via CI level evaluated. | | | | | | | |
| | Start bit (Bit 4) when Homing and positioning according to DS 402, edge triggered for CI but level evaluated. 0-set interpreted as stop. | | | | | | | |
| | - HMI access locked (bit 14) only accessible via fieldbus. | | | | | | | |
| | Switch to "Operation enable" may simultaneously contain action-triggering bits (Start, Jog,). | | | | | | | |
| | Operate State Golden Disable all st Operate | OPERATION E READY TO SV e voltage co ates -> READ tion enable c | or Switch on ENABLE -> RE /ITCH ON -> S mmand (bit 1 Y TO SWITCH ommand (al | command (same codin EADY TO SWITCH ON. SWITCHED ON. 1 = 0, rest irrelevant) H ON. Il states) -> OPERATION I commands -> READY TO | ENABLE. | | | |

| Bit | Value | Description | |
|-----|--------|---|--|
| 0 | 0x0001 | Switch on | Control of state transitions. |
| 1 | 0x0002 | Enable Voltage | These bits are evaluated together. |
| 2 | 0x0004 | Quick stop – low-active | |
| 3 | 0x0008 | Enable Operation | |
| 4 | 0x0010 | | de (object 6060h): Homing Operation Start (start reference travel) New Setpoint (move to position) |
| 5 | 0x0020 | | de (object 6060h): Reserved (set to 0) Reserved (change_set_immediately not supported in record select and direct mode) |
| 6 | 0x0040 | Depends on operating mo - Profile Position Mode: - Homing Mode: | |
| 7 | 0x0080 | Reset fault | |
| 8 | 0x0100 | Hold as per Hold option co | ode – object 605Dh |
| 9 | 0x0200 | Reserved (= 0) | |
| 10 | 0x0400 | Reserved (= 0) | |
| 11 | 0x0800 | Jog positive: Run as long a | s set |
| 12 | 0x1000 | Jog negative: Run as long a | as set |
| 13 | 0x2000 | Teach: Apply current value | |
| 14 | 0x4000 | HMI Access locked | |
| 15 | 0x8000 | Reserved (= 0) | |

Tab. C/8: Description of control word

| Status Word | | | | | | | |
|-------------|--|---|-----|--------|----|--|--|
| CI | 6041h | -/ 00h | Var | uint16 | ro | | |
| Description | For a descrip | Reading the current controller or regulator status. For a description of the finite state machine see chapter 5.7. Values see Tab. C/9. | | | | | |
| | Bit 4 in CIIn the Fau | reversed pol lt state, whe | | | | | |

| Bit | Value | Description | | | | | | |
|-----|--------|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| 0 | 0x0001 | Ready to switch on | Bits 0 3, 5 and 6 shows (x irrelevant for this | ow the status of the device | | | | |
| 1 | 0x0002 | Switched on | Value (binary) | Status | | | | |
| 2 | 0x0004 | Operation enabled | xxxx xxxx x0xx 0000 | Not ready to switch on Switch on disabled | | | | |
| 3 | 0x0008 | Fault | xxxx xxxx x1xx 0000 xxxx xxxx x01x 0001 | Ready to switch on | | | | |
| 4 | 0x0010 | Voltage enabled | xxxx xxxx x01x 0011 xxxx xxxx x01x 0111 | Switched on Operation enabled | | | | |
| 5 | 0x0020 | Quick Stop | xxxx xxxx x00x 0111 | Quick stop active Fault reaction active | | | | |
| 6 | 0x0040 | Switch on disabled | xxxx xxxx x0xx 1000 | Fault | | | | |
| 7 | 0x0080 | Warning (simple fault that | does not require an emer | gency stop) | | | | |
| 8 | 0x0100 | Drive moves (≙ bit 4 of SP | OS in FHPP) | | | | | |
| 9 | 0x0200 | Control sovereignty (= dev | vice controller) (≙ Bit 5 of | SCON with FHPP) | | | | |
| 10 | 0x0400 | Target position reached (s | ee also PNU 1022 and 10 | 23) | | | | |
| 11 | 0x0800 | Internal Limit active (I ² t ac | ctive) | | | | | |
| 12 | 0x1000 | Profile position mode: S | Depends on operating mode (object 6060): - Profile position mode: Setpoint acknowledge | | | | | |
| 13 | 0x2000 | Depends on operating mode (object 6060): - Profile position mode: Following error - Homing mode: Homing error | | | | | | |
| 14 | 0x4000 | Confirmation of successfu | Confirmation of successful teachine (≙ Bit 3 of SPOS with FHPP) | | | | | |
| 15 | 0x8000 | Drive is referenced (≙ bit 7 | of SPOS in FHPP) | | | | | |

Tab. C/9: Description of status word

| Operation Mode | | | | | | | |
|----------------|--|---------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----|--|--|
| CI | 6060h | -/ 00h | Var | int8 | rw | | |
| Description | Values: -2 (0xFE): D 1 (0x01): P p 3 (0x03): R 4 (0x04): To | ositioning mo | xed sequence) mode (defaul de) |) lt, position controller with | | | |

| Operation Mode Display | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|--|--------|-----|------|----|--|--|
| CI | 6061h | -/ 00h | Var | int8 | ro | | |
| Description | Read current controller operating mode. Values see object 6060h. | | | | | | |

| Position Actual Value* | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---|--------|-----|-------|----|--|--|
| CI | 6063h | -/ 00h | Var | int32 | ro | | |
| Description | Current position of the drive in increments (encoder increments) Range of values: $-2^{31} \dots + (2^{31} - 1)$ | | | | | | |
| *: Normalised value | ! | | | | | | |

| Velocity Demand Value | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|----------------|--|--|
| CI | 606Bh | -/ 00h | Var | int32 | ro | | |
| Description | Setpoint spe trajectory ge regulator car curve genera Mode, its co | eed for the cur enerator. With n be read. It is ators. Becaus | rrent positioni this object the acted upon be the position d is also added | regulator in increments/s ng operation calculated by the e current setpoint speed of the y the setpoint value of the ram controller is active in Profile Po d in. | speed p and | | |

| Velocity Actual Value | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------|---|-----|-------|----|--|--|
| CI | 606Ch | -/ 00h | Var | int32 | ro | | |
| Description | | Current actual velocity value of speed regulator in increments/s Range of values: -2 ³¹ +(2 ³¹ - 1) | | | | | |

| Target torque/force | | | | | | |
|---------------------|---|--------|-----|-------|----|--|
| CI | 6071h | -/ 00h | Var | int32 | ro | |
| Description | Setpoint value for force mode. Specified in 1/1000 of the nominal value (object 6076h). | | | | | |

| Torque Actual Value | | | | | | |
|---------------------|--|--------|-----|-------|----|--|
| CI | 6077h | -/ 00h | Var | int32 | ro | |
| Description | Actual value in force mode. Specified in 1/1000 of the nominal value (object 6076h). | | | | | |

| Target Position | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|--|--------|--|--|----|--|--|
| CI | 607Ah | -/ 00h | Var | int32 | rw | | |
| Description | Writing the of The target plat the line as | | ot yet trigger n ed in the posit bject 2032h o | novement. tion table in the column provide r specified by the direct mode. | | | |

| Profile Velocity | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|--|---|---|--|----|--|--|--|
| CI | 6081h | -/ 00h | Var | uint32 | rw | | | |
| Description | The speed is line address does not yet | stored in the ed by object 2 trigger move | position recor 2032h or speci ment. | in increment/s rd table in the column provided fied by the direct job. Writing t eed (Object 21F6h) | * | | | |

| Profile Acceleration | | | | | | |
|--|-------|--------|-----|--------|----|--|
| CI | 6083h | -/ 00h | Var | uint32 | rw | |
| Description See object 20E0:04. | | | | | | |

| Profile Deceleration | | | | | | |
|--|-------|--------|-----|--------|----|--|
| CI | 6084h | -/ 00h | Var | uint32 | rw | |
| Description See object 20E0:05. | | | | | | |

| Motion Profile Type | | | | | | |
|---------------------|---|--------|-----|-------|----|--|
| CI | 6086h | -/ 00h | Var | int16 | rw | |
| Description | Type of acceleration ramp (linear, sin ² etc.). Fixed = -1 (0xFFFF): Linear ramp | | | | | |

| Torque Slope | | | | | | | |
|--------------|-------|----------------|------------------------------------|--------|---|--|--|
| CI | 6087h | 00h | Var | uint32 | r | | |
| Description | | of rated torqu | que (or of force le (6076h) per | | | | |

| Motion Profile Type | | | | | | |
|---------------------|--|-----|-----|-------|---|--|
| CI | 6088h | 00h | Var | int16 | r | |
| Description | Type of profile with which a torque modification is undertaken. Fixed: 0 (0x0000) – linear ramp | | | | | |

| Supported Drive Modes | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|--|---|---|-----------------------|----|--|--|
| CI | 6502h | -/ 00h | Var | uint32 | ro | | |
| Description | Classification SLTE: HGPLE/GEH Bit 0: Bit 1: Bit 2: Bit 2: Bit 3: Bit 4: | on of the drive 33 (0x. /DEF: 41 (0x. Profile Positi Reserved (Ve Reserved (Pr Profile torqu Reserved | functions. 21) = Without 29) = With for ion Mode elocity mode) rofile velocity e mode | force mode ce mode | | | |
| | Bit 5: Bit 6: | Homing mode Reserved (Interpolated positioning mode) | | | | | |
| | Bit 7 31: | Reserved | | · · · | | | |

Index

Appendix D

| D | l'n | Ч | еχ |
|----|-----|---|----|
| ., | | (| PХ |

| _ | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| C | റ | n | t | ρ | n | T | ς |
| | | | | | | | |

| D. | Index | D-1 |
|----|-------|-----|
|----|-------|-----|

Α Axis parameter 4-10 Axis zero point XVI, 1-14, 5-16, B-46 В Basic modules 1-13 Baud rate 3-17 BCD XIX Bus segment XIX (CDIR 5-44 CIC-3 Commissioning With control panel5-8 with the Festo Configuration Tool (FCT) 5-24

| Components |
|---|
| Connecting, Fieldbus 3-16 |
| Connection |
| Consistency XIX |
| Control 3-4, 3-15 |
| Control panel 1-4, 4-4 Access the main menu 4-6 Key function 4-5 Menu system 4-6, 4-7 |
| Controller XVI , 1-8 Dimensions 2-3 |
| CPOS 5-43 |
| D |
| Demo mode 5-21 |
| Device control |
| Diagnostic |
| Diagnostic memory 6-12 |
| Diagnostics LED |
| 5 |
| Dimension reference system 1-14, 1-15 |
| - |
| Dimension reference system 1-14, 1-15 |

| E |
|---|
| Earth terminal |
| Earthing |
| Effective stroke 1-15 |
| Electric axis XVI |
| EMC XVI |
| Encoder |
| Error numbers B-6 |
| ESD |
| |
| F |
| Fault numbers 6-13 |
| Festo Configuration Tool (FCT) XVI, 1-4 Installing 5-23 Starting 5-24 |
| Festo Parameter Channel (FHPP-FPC) B-3 |
| Festo Parameter Channel (FPC) XVI |
| FHPP |
| FHPP standard 5-38 |
| Fieldbus baud rate 3-17 |
| Fieldbus cable |
| Fieldbus length |
| Fieldbus plug 1-8, 3-18 |
| Force mode 5-37, 5-58, 5-74 |

| G |
|---|
| GSD file |
| Н |
| H-rail mounting2-5 |
| HGPLE XVII |
| HMI (see device control) XVII |
| HMI control |
| HMIAccess 4-8 |
| Homing XVII Executing 4-14, 5-15 Homing method XVII, 5-10 Fixed stop 1-19, 1-20 Reference switch 1-21, 1-22 Parameter 5-10 Reference point XVIII Reference switch XVIII, 1-8 Setting parameters 4-21 Starting 5-15 Homing mode 1-10 Homing param 4-21 |
| I |
| I/O data 5-38 |
| Icon files 5-27 |
| Important user instructions XII |
| Increments |
| Inputs/outputs 4-11 |

| J |
|--|
| Job identifier (AK)XIX, B-5 |
| Jog mode XVII |
| К |
| Key function Menu selection |
| L |
| LED 6-4 |
| Line 3-16 Fieldbus 3-16 Motor 1-8 Power supply 1-8 Programming 1-8 LSB XIX |
| M12 adapter |
| Menu system 4-6, 4-7 |
| Motor |
| Motor cable |
| Motor connection |
| Mounting 2-6 H-rail mounting 2-5 Wall mounting 2-4 MSB XIX |
| |

| N |
|---|
| Nominal stroke |
| 0 |
| Object Directory C-11 CI C-11 FHPP B-12 |
| Octet XIX |
| Operating mode |
| Operating principle1-9 |
| Operating range 1-14 |
| Operational safety 1-11 |
| P |
| Parameter Axis type |
| Parameter channel |
| Parameter channel (PKW)XIX, B-3 |
| Parameter identifier (ParID) B-3, B-4 |
| Parameter identifier (PKE) XIX |
| Parameter number (PNU) XIX |
| Parameter value (PV) |
| Parametrisation |

| Password 4-24, 5-86 Entry 4-24 Modification/deactivation 4-25 Setup, 4-24, 4-25 |
|---|
| PB parameters 4-25 |
| Pictograms XII |
| PKE XIX |
| PKW, XIX |
| PLCXVI |
| Plug 3-5 Fieldbus 1-8 |
| PNU XIX, B-13 |
| Position record table Creation |
| Positioning Direct mode |
| Positioning mode XVII, 5-37 |
| Positioning record |
| Power supply 3-4, 3-6 |
| Power supply line |
| Power supply unit |
| PROFIBUS XX |
| PROFIBUS address |
| PROFIBUS diagnosis 4-12 |
| PROFIBUS DP Diagnosis via parameter channel |
| PROFIBUS interface |
| Profile Position Mode XVI |
| |

| Profile Position mode (see positioning mode) 1-10 |
|---|
| Profile Torque mode (see Force mode) XVII, 1-10 |
| Programming cable1-8 |
| Project zero point XVIII, 1-14, B-14, C-13 |
| Protection class |
| |
| R |
| Record selection 1-5, 1-25, 5-36, 5-40 |
| Reference point |
| Reference switch |
| Relative |
| Repeater XX |
| Reply telegram XX |
| Response identifier (AK) XX, B-6 |
| Response monitoring 5-35 |
| Reverse Key 3-20 |
| |
| S |
| Safety instructions X |
| SCON 5-45 |
| Scope of deliveryXI |
| SDIR 5-47 |
| Segment length |
| Serial interface |
| ServiceXI |
| Set station number 5-22 |
| SLTE XVIII |

| Software |
|--|
| Festo Configuration Tool (FCT) 1-4 |
| Festo Configuration Tool, installing |
| Starting the Festo Configuration Tool 5-24 |
| Software end position \dots XVIII, 1-14, 1-15, 5-16, B-31 |
| Negative (lower) XVIII |
| Positive (upper)XVIII |
| SPOS 5-46 |
| Strain relief |
| Subindex (IND) XX, B-3 |
| System data, Display 4-9 |
| System parameters 4-11 |
| |
| |
| Т |
| |
| Target groupXI |
| |
| Target group XI Target position, teaching 5-19 Task telegram XX |
| Target group |
| Target group XI Target position, teaching 5-19 Task telegram XX Teach mode XVIII, 4-20, 4-22, 5-16 Technical data A-3 |
| Target group XI Target position, teaching 5-19 Task telegram XX Teach mode XVIII, 4-20, 4-22, 5-16 Technical data A-3 Terminating resistor XX, 3-22 |
| Target group XI Target position, teaching 5-19 Task telegram XX Teach mode XVIII, 4-20, 4-22, 5-16 Technical data A-3 Terminating resistor XX, 3-22 Text markings XIII |
| Target group XI Target position, teaching 5-19 Task telegram XX Teach mode XVIII, 4-20, 4-22, 5-16 Technical data A-3 Terminating resistor XX, 3-22 |

| U |
|---------------------------|
| Units of measurement1-6 |
| Units of measurements A-7 |
| User data XX |
| V Version |
| W |
| Wall mounting 2-4 |